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FRANK'S CONDITION STEADILY IMPROVING; GOOD CHANCE TO RECOVER, SAY DOCTORS

CITY WATER SUPPLY CUT OFF FOR HOURS WHEN 36-INCH MAIN ON 14TH ST. SPLITS

From 9 O'Clock at Night Until Shortly After Midnight People in Downtown Atlanta Had to Be Content With Lithia Water and Soft Drinks.

CITY IN GREAT DANGER IN CASE OF BIG BLAZE, SAYS FIRE CHIEF CODY

Water Pressure Today Will Not Be Sufficient if Fire Starts in Tall Building. Independent Light Plants Are Put Out of Business for Time.

For hours last night Atlanta's water supply was cut off and the city fire department helpless in the event of a big blaze, when an entire 12-foot section of pipe split in the 36-inch main on Fourteenth street between Kontz and Francis streets, one-half mile distant from the Hemphill avenue pumping station, which supplies Atlanta with water pressure. If a fire should break out today the firemen would have great trouble in fighting it.

The water supply was cut off at 9 o'clock, and the pumps were not started again until 10:30 o'clock. On account of the fact, however, that the pressure was not sufficient, water could not be obtained at many downtown points until after midnight. The pressure is normal at 110 pounds, while shortly after midnight the register showed 93. Under normal conditions, in cases of fire, the pressure is increased to 125, and then increased upon demand of the chief.

FIGHTING BLAZE.

At the time the water pressure went "dead," firemen were busy fighting a blaze at a residence, 151 Capitol avenue. The flames were under control, and a few minutes more would have been extinguished. Then the water came to an end.

Realizing that an entire block of business stores and residences was threatened by this fire, Chief Cody issued hurry-up orders for chemicals.

All the chemical wagons at the nearby fire stations were rushed to the scene to aid those already on hand. With hand and wagon chemicals the fire was extinguished by 9:30 o'clock without spreading beyond the roof of the house in which it originated.

Chief Cody then hastened to headquarters, and within five minutes one of his men, who had been sent out in search of officials of the waterworks, located W. M. Rapp, superintendent of construction.

ZODE SMITH ARRIVES.

W. Zode Smith, general manager of the waterworks, reached the scene of

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The Season of Change

People shake themselves out of fixed habits in the summer months. They move about more.

They devote less time to work and more to recreation.

It seems natural that they should be particularly open to changes in their buying routine and that warm weather would be a good time to advertise.

To the strangers passing through the city your message in the advertising columns of The Constitution would be a new one.

They would be attracted by it.

And our own people, during the changeful season, are more in the mood for shopping round.

The Constitution brings a high percentage of returns because it reaches people who have money to spend.

RUSSIAN LINE IS BROKEN BY THE FIERCE ASSAULTS OF THE TEUTONIC ARMIES

Gains Claimed by Austrians and Germans Along Battle Front That Stretches From the Baltic, on the North, to Bessarabia, on the South.

WARSAW IS THREATENED BY THE TEUTON ADVANCE

The Russians, However, View the Situation Calmly, Holding That the Further the Invaders Penetrate Into Russia the Worse Off They Will Be.

London, July 18.—The Austrians and Germans, who are hurling themselves at the 1,000-mile Russian line, stretching from the Baltic on the north to the Bessarabia on the south, have broken through in places, Berlin's official report claims.

In the Baltic provinces, General von Buelow, with large cavalry forces, has crossed the Windau river and is moving on Riga. In the Prasanysz district Field Marshal von Hindenburg, in his fourth attempt to reach Warsaw, has twice broken the Russian defense and compelled the Russians to retire toward the Narew river.

In southern Poland Field Marshal von Mackensen again is on the move, and claims to have captured Russian advanced positions which stood between him and his objective, the Lublin-Cholm railway.

Simultaneously with these attacks, which are the main ones, the Austro-German armies are on the offensive west of the Vistula river, in central Poland, and along the Dniester river, in Galicia. As was the case in the drive through western Galicia, the Russians are fighting stubbornly. But whether they can hold their lines is problematical.

WARSAW MENACED BY GERMAN DRIVE.

The probability of the Russians having to evacuate Warsaw, threatened by von Hindenburg and von Mackensen, is being discussed seriously. The possibility of a further retreat, however, is considered calmly in Russia, where the old theory that the further the enemy is drawn into the country the worse it is for him, buoys up their hopes of final victory.

For the present Berlin is the only capital celebrating, and again Field Marshal von Hindenburg, whose success in the Prasnysz district is the cause of it, is lauded.

With the enormous number of Germans being used in the east, the greatest movement of the kind ever undertaken in the history of war, military critics do not look for important events in the west for some time. Today's official reports show that thus far no important move has been undertaken by either side. There have been artillery engagements and a few infantry attacks, but they were infinitely small in comparison with operations in the east.

Unofficial reports continue to refer to the fighting on the Gallipoli peninsula, but the latter are not confirmed by the headquarters concerned. News from that district is awaited anxiously, as the efforts to clear the peninsula of Turks is about due.

GERMANS STORMING RUSSIAN POSITIONS.

Berlin, July 18.—(Via London.)—The following official communication was issued by the war office today:

"A French attack against the church yard and hill at Souchez was repulsed.

"In the Argonne the captured lines have been reformed by some minor successes.

"Fighting continued on the heights near Les Eparges.

"In Lorraine enemy attacks near Embermenil, east of Luneville and in the region of Ban-de-Sapt were repulsed.

"Eastern front: Portions of the army of General von Buelow have defeated the Russian forces near Auts, where 3,620 men and six guns and three machine guns were captured. They are pursuing the enemy in an easterly direction.

"Other portions of this army are fighting to the northeast of Kurshany. East of that town an enemy advance position has been stormed.

"Between the Pissa and Vistula rivers the Russian troops are retreating and the troops of Generals von Schaltz and von Gallwitz are close behind them. The enemy was attacked and driven back, where he offers resistance in prepared positions.

"Reserve troops and a levy of troops of General von Schaltz have stormed the towns of Poremky and Wykplosk, and regiments of General von Gallwitz have broken through the intended positions of Mlodzi, Nome and Kanewo. The number of prisoners was considerably increased and four guns were captured.

"From the north of the Vistula to the Pilica the Russians also have begun to retreat. Our troops, in a short engagement and during the pursuit, made 620 prisoners.

"On the southeastern front the offensive was taken by the army under General von Woyrich, which made successful progress under the heavy fire of the enemy.

"Our troops on Saturday morning took a narrow point in the wire entanglements of a strongly fortified enemy main position and through this opening stormed an enemy trench on a

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TEUTON ULTIMATUM READY FOR RUMANIA

Large Bodies of Teutonic Troops Being Massed on Rumanian Frontier to Give Emphasis to Ultimatum.

London, July 19.—(2:26 a. m.)—An Austro-German ultimatum to Rumania is being prepared, says The Moscow Russkoye Slovoe, quoted in dispatches received here. It is added that large bodies of the Teutonic troops are massing on the Rumanian frontier to give emphasis to the ultimatum, which, it is declared, will demand unimpeded transit for war munitions.

TEUTON PROPOSALS MADE TO RUMANIA.

Berlin, July 18.—(Via London, July 19, 1:10 a. m.)—German officials decline to discuss Austro-Hungarian proposals to Rumania, which have as their object assurance of Rumania's friendly nuetrality, and perhaps even participation in the war against the entente powers.

That such proposals have been made is not denied. It is an open secret that one phase of the negotiations has to do with shipments of munitions to Turkey passing through Rumania.

Negotiations between Turkey and Bulgaria have not been concluded. Turkey is willing to make certain territorial concessions, but a point escaping general attention is the fact that Turkey demands in return not merely passive neutrality as heretofore, but participation in the war.

VENIZELOS ATTACKS GREEK GOVERNMENT.

London, July 18.—(12:05 a. m.)—An Athens dispatch to the Central News says:

"At a meeting today 186 members of the chamber of deputies requested Eleutherios Venizelos to resume the leadership of the liberal party. The ex-premier, accepting, said it was his duty to obey the call of the people as 'the wavering foreign policy of the present government constitutes a grave national danger.'

"M. Venizelos attacked the government for remaining in power against the wishes of the people, and expressed the opinion that with the recovery of King Constantine affairs would resume their normal state.

"The reopening of the Greek parliament has been postponed until August 10."

POSSIBLE THAT SWEDEN MAY ENTER THE WAR.

London, July 19.—(2:40 a. m.)—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Copenhagen says:

"That it is not impossible that Sweden will enter the war was indicated by a speech of the Swedish premier, Dr. Hammarskjold, in replying to a deputation representing the peace congress recently held in Varberg.

"The premier said:

"'The Swedish government sincerely desires to remain neutral, but it does not necessarily follow that peace can be maintained. It is as dangerous to believe Sweden favors war as to believe that she favors peace at any price.'"

FRENCHMAN AT FRONT MARRIED BY PROXY

Paris, July 18.—Gaston Pine, a cavalry quartermaster now at the front, was married by proxy today to Eugenie Viellard. The ceremony was held at Corbel and was performed by the mayor. Paul Grizel acted as proxy for the absent bridegroom.

The minister of justice has decided that the proxy marriage law of April does not apply to Frenchmen who are held prisoners of war in other countries.

Candles Light Terminal Station When Water Supply Is Cut Off; Night Mail Delayed by Darkness

With its corners shrouded in deepest gloom and so many candles strung around over vestibules and lobby that it resembled "A House of a Thousand Candles," the Terminal Station presented a most unusual spectacle to arrivals in the city Sunday night from 9 o'clock until an early hour Monday morning.

The bursting of a water main on Fourteenth street early in the evening forced the city waterworks department to shut off all the city water supply, and as the Terminal Station power plant only had a small suply of the fluid in its boilers, the engineer was bound to make that amount last as long as possible.

As soon as Night Station Master B. H. Peak found out from the water company that his engines could get no more water, he ordered that each employee of the station be furnished with a big supply of candles.

As the power grew weaker the workers would light those candles and place them at the different ticket windows and gate entrances.

A few of the lights were allowed to burn until the last night train had left the depot at 12:01 o'clock, although Mr. Peak had instructed his men to line up with candles beside each train and assist passengers to get on and off, had the lights gone entirely out.

O. B. Cartwright, railway mail clerk, stated that practically none of the night mail would get off on trains as scheduled on account of the clerks' inability to sort and tie out the packages.

As the last train left the depot without an accident having happened to a single passenger or employee, Station Master Peak gave a sigh of relief and his sigh was just in time to see all the lights go out as the water supply became exhausted.

Shortly after midnight the water reached the Terminal Station and the power plant again resumed operations.

Atlanta Is Ready For Celebration At World's Fair

Yaarab Temple, Local Elks, Governor's Horse Guard and Others From This City in San Francisco for Big Day.

By Fred Houser.

San Francisco, July 18.—(Special.)—Tomorrow is Atlanta day at the Panama exposition. Almost every train is bringing in various delegations to participate in the exercises in the Court of the Universe during the afternoon.

Yaarab Temple, headed by Forrest Adair, with a party of 140, arrived from Seattle this morning.

The Atlanta delegation of Elks, led by Al Dunn, arrived on a special car from Los Angeles Saturday, bringing forty Georgians.

The Governor's Horse Guard, under Captain O. D. Rudisal, are expected to arrive today. With these various delegations Atlanta will make a mammoth parade that will come second to none yet held. The demonstration will take place within the exposition grounds, where we have the co-operation of the various officials. Commissioner Heinen has gone into every detail with representatives in advance. Ex-Governor and Mrs. Slaton are expected to arrive in time to participate in the celebration.

The Atlanta Chamber of Commerce will be represented by H. G. Hastings, vice president; Albert S. Adams will represent the Atlanta Rotary club, and President Ivan E. Allen the Atlanta Convention bureau. These gentlemen will take a prominent part in the proceedings, as Atlanta's civic associations have done much to make the day a success.

Headquarters of the Atlanta Convention bureau have been a busy place for the past few days, the various delegations having arrived and arrangements are being made to make Atlanta day one of the best of the exposition.

The exercises will begin at 2 o'clock, immediately following the parade, which leaves from the Tower of Jewels at high noon and will be participated in by several hundred loyal Atlantans after the parade.

Forrest Adair will receive a handsomely engraved bronze medal from President Moore, of the exposition, and respond in behalf of Atlanta.

Judge Walter B. Lamar, representing President Woodrow Wilson, will give a luncheon on Tuesday to Forrest Adair and party of friends at the Fairmont hotel.

San Francisco is alive with conventions this week. Quite elaborate entertainments are arranged for the Shriners who are here from Seattle and the Elks from Los Angeles. The National Christian Endeavor convention is in session, and the sixth annual meeting of the international convention of Rotary clubs is also in session. President Moore delivered the opening address to a great multitude at the Young Men's Christian association this afternoon. The Atlanta club is represented by Ivan Allen, A. S. Adams, H. G. Hastings and your correspondent.

ROMANCE OF HOTEL REVEALED BY CALL OF YOUTHFUL PAGE

"Call for Mrs. Griffith!"

Billy Powers, the red-haired, pugnosed and freckled-faced page in the Hotel Ansley, mischievously planted himself in front of the cashier's cage occupied by his mother, who was Mrs. Edith Powers, in the Ansley rathskeller and called out over the assemblage of diners.

The pretty little woman behind the network turned a profuse red and tried to assume unconcern.

"Call for Mrs. Griffith."

The page continued impishly, until finally the mother was forced to drive him away, thereby revealing the hotel romance that culminated one night last week when she was married in Decatur to Jack Griffith, manager of the Ansley bar. For two years Mr. and Mrs. Griffith have been employed at the Ansley. Billy Powers, the mischievous page, who turned the joke on his mother, has also been attached to the hotel for a similar length of time.

Burglars Prepare For Sunday Meals By Daring Thefts

Many Residences Looted Saturday Night, But in Majority of Cases Only Groceries Are Taken.

City detectives were busy Sunday on six burglaries and several other robberies, thieves working overtime Saturday night, looting a number of residences and stores.

E. W. Wallace, driver of a Ford truck for Zakas bakery shop, 86 Garnett street, reported that a thief had stolen his truck from in front of the Hurt building Saturday night, and that the truck was loaded with many fancy cakes, dozens of rolls and other baker's delicacies.

Clinton Worthan, aged 13, a messenger service boy, who lives at 81 Oakland avenue, was knocked off his wheel Sunday by a negro directly in front of police station, who then mounted the wheel and rode off.

Negro Thief Escapes.

Worthan, who has not yet finished paying for his wheel, ran screaming with pain into police barracks to report the robbery. The negro thief escaped.

C. P. Litford, of 24 East Eighth street, reported that thieves burglarized his residence Saturday night, and that they had stolen a 10-pound bucket of lard, 2 pounds of butter and two boxes of breakfast bacon.

From the refrigerator of Mrs. E. G. Baker, 194 Washington street, thieves stole three dressed chickens, which were to have been a part of Mrs. Baker's Sunday dinner.

Burglars looted a cigar store at 1300 DeKalb avenue, stealing a large quantity of cigars and tobacco. Entrance was gained by breaking out the front plateglass window.

Residence Burglarized.

Some time Saturday night the residence of J. L. Tuner, 522 Greenwood avenue, was burglarized and $10 worth of sugar stolen, a large quantity of eggs and butter, a smoking jacket, white felt hat and a pearl-handle umbrella.

The Red Seal Shoe company, 101 Yonge street, was entered by thieves, who stole a case containing twelve tan shoes. Entrance was gained by prizing open a rear window.

The most daring robbery of the night was at the Bauknight Furniture company, 143 Whitehall street, where thieves took out the plateglass front window and stole a large refrigerator which was in the show window. A wagon or auto truck evidently was used in hauling away the refrigerator, which was a large one.

A number of other smaller robberies were reported.

BILL WILL PROVIDE FOR LOCAL OPTION

Understood That Measure Will Be Introduced in the Lower House Probably on Tuesday Morning.

The most interesting thing in prospect for the coming week in the general assembly is the introduction of a local option bill. Rumors of a prospective local option prohibition bill have been afloat ever since the convening of the legislature, but with the mass of prohibition legislation which has been introduced, none so far has put in its appearance.

It was reported last night upon good authority, however, that such a bill will be introduced in the lower house early in the week, probably Tuesday. The names of the representatives who will introduce the bill have not yet been disclosed.

The big question in the senate on Monday will be the Western and Atlantic matters, which include settling whether the entire senate will go to Chattanooga on Tuesday or only the senate Western and Atlantic committee, along with the house committee. The senate committee is so large that hardly a quorum will be left in the senate on Tuesday, anyway.

In the house only routine matters are expected during the early part of the week.

THREE STATES SWEPT BY A TERRIFIC STORM

Kansas City, July 18.—Two hours after the Missouri and Kansas rivers ceased rising today in the wake of heavy rains of a week, a terrific storm swept eastern Kansas, western Missouri and southern Nebraska, and renewed fears of a disastrous flood. Weather bureau officials immediately warned residents and business firms in the east and west bottoms of Kansas City that another serious rise in the rivers might be expected.

The rain fell in torrents and the wind blew 54 miles an hour, but no serious damage has been reported.

Free Tea To Constitution Want Ad Readers

Turn to Page 7 Today and read how you may receive a half-pound package of Heekin's Iced Tea, absolutely FREE

Keep your eye on The Constitution Want Ads.

William Creen Declares That He Alone Plotted Famous Prisoner's Death

Frank's Family Physician Says That Prompt Attention of Prison Doctors Saved Patient's Life. Thinks Frank Will Get Well—Two Trained Nurses on Duty.

"I'M GOING TO LIVE. I MUST LIVE. I MUST VINDICATE MYSELF," DECLARES FRANK TO DOCTOR

Creen Had No Quarrel With His Victim and Read No Anti-Frank Literature — Admits Talking About Case to Fellow-Convicts, But Shoulders All Blame—Creen Is Chained to Concrete Post.

Milledgeville, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Leo Frank, with his throat cut almost halfway round, is resting easily late tonight in the hospital ward of the prison farm here, and the indications are that he will recover. With normal pulse and a temperature of 99 he is in no immediate danger, according to the prison surgeon, Dr. Guy Compton, but it will be several days before chances of a relapse have passed.

Frank, who has been conscious since he was attacked, is optimistic and displays considerable fortitude. "I am going to live. I must live. I must vindicate myself," he declared. His wife is constantly at his bedside and this afternoon he was visited by her brother, M. Marcus, and Dr. H. J. Rosenberg, the family physician.

CREEN TAKES ALL BLAME FOR ATTACK ON FRANK.

William Creen, the life-term convict who admits cutting Frank's throat, declares that there was no conspiracy among the prisoners to kill Frank. He says that he alone plotted Frank's death, claiming that he had "an inspiration" that he should do so.

Dr. Guy Compton says that the prognosis is favorable for Frank's recovery. The jugular vein was ligated and anastomotic circulation has successfully set up in the deeper and surrounding blood vessels. In case no infection happens from the weapon of the would-be assassin, a knife used in cutting salt pork, and no rupture of vessels occurs from blood pressure or coughing spells, everything will probably go well with Frank and the wound will heal by first intention.

In fighting off his assailant, Frank got gashes in both of his hands from the knife. The wounds are not bad, however.

STATE TO PROBE ATTACK ON FRANK AT PRISON FARM

Commissioners Davison and Rainey Are Expected to Arrive in Atlanta Today to Consider Affair.

With Leo M. Frank conducting a desperate fight for life at Milledgeville state prison farm, where he was wounded by a fellow convict Saturday night, state authorities are now preparing to conduct a searching probe into the attack upon the famous prisoner.

Commissioners R. E. Davison and E. L. Rainey are expected to arrive in Atlanta this morning. It is understood that the first matter to engage their attention will be the Frank case. One of the most important phases of the investigation will be an effort to learn whether the assailant acted on his own initiative or was the tool of others.

Governor Harris is keenly concerned over the attempt upon the famous prisoner's life. So many rumors of violence to Frank and threats upon his life have come to the attention of state

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DR. ROSENBERG THINKS FRANK WILL RECOVER.

Dr. Rosenberg, Frank's Atlanta physician, arrived at noon. He also thinks Frank will recover. He complimented the efforts of the prison doctors, saying their prompt services saved Frank's life.

Dr. McNaughton is being congratulated for the heroic part he played, for it was he who rendered the first aid, clamping the gushing vein and stopping the big hemorrhage. Dr. McNaughton says Frank would surely have bled to death in five minutes. He is much pleased over saving the life of his fellow prisoner under such dramatic and tragic circumstances.

CREEN IS CHAINED TO CONCRETE POST.

Bill Creen appears quite composed as he lies on a cot in the rear of the big dormitory with his legs chained to a concrete

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington—Forecast:

Georgia—Fair Monday; Tuesday probably thunder showers.

Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina—Fair Monday; Tuesday probably thunder showers.

Florida—Local thunder showers Monday and probably Tuesday.

Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Thunder showers and somewhat lower temperature Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy.

post. The report of his being in a private cell or dungeon is untrue, for there are no cells in this prison.

According to Creen's statement he has killed two men, Tobe Reese, eight years ago, being acquitted on a plea of self-defense, and O. S. Kitchen, three years ago, for which he was given life sentence. Before the trial he was examined by a lunacy commission, which pronounced him sane. Dr. L. M. Jones, superintendent of the state sanitarium, was on the commission.

Creen weighs 165 pounds, has dark hair and mustache, brown eyes, is 6 feet tall, was born in Memphis, Tenn., lived in Georgia 25 years and has a wife who works in the Eagle-Phenix factory.

He says he has been reading only the Bible.

MRS. FRANK PROSTRATED BY THE TRAGEDY.

Mrs. Leo Frank is broken down and badly fatigued from the harrowing experience of last night. She, too, thinks her husband is on the road to recovery. She shudders when she thinks of the narrow escape he had. She declares her husband is the most wonderful man in the world to endure what he has with such patience and heroism.

Everybody who has been around Frank's bedside comment on the calm fortitude exhibited by him almost in the very face of death. For some time he thought he was going to die, but throughout showed courage, never giving away to pain nor uttering any protest. He reiterated his declaration of innocence, saying if he had to die he had no fear of death and he hoped his assailant would be forgiven.

Warden Smith deeply regrets the tragedy. He has been on a great strain since Frank was placed under his care. He hasn't had a good night's sleep in weeks. He says the happening of last night emphasizes another need at the prison farm—a place of detention for dangerous convicts. He has several such prisoners now that he has to keep chained to prevent them from committing acts of violence. Creen is another problem to handle.

FRANK'S CONSTITUTION IS HOLDING OUT.

Frank's strong constitution, which was noticeable throughout his fight for life in the courts of Georgia and the higher courts, is still holding out. He was a frail man when he was brought to the state farm, probably sixty pounds lighter than when he was first arrested accused of the murder of Mary Phagan. But he has taken on flesh since his arrival here. He was getting strong and robust, working much of the time in the open air with other convicts, hence the great loss of blood that he has suffered has not caused a complete collapse. He is weak, but he has nerve.

Frank has asked the prison doctors again if they thought he would live.

"You have a good chance to recover," he was told today.

Frank smiled. "Don't punish the man who attacked me," he said. "I have nothing to fear. There is nothing between me and God. I will be able to prove to the world that I am innocent of the crime of which they accuse me if they give me a chance."

"Doctor," he said late this afternoon, "I am going to live. I must live. I must vindicate myself."

The weather is very hot, the temperature having reached 98 yesterday and again today. Frank stands the heat remarkably well, however, and he has a light, airy room.

Two trained nurses from Macon, Miss McCormick and Miss Parker, were brought here in an automobile this morning to care for Frank. Two noted Macon doctors hurried here shortly after the cutting, to be of assistance in dressing the wounds, if possible, but prison doctors had completed dressing the wounds before they arrived.

NO CONSPIRACY TO KILL FRANK.

William Creen, the life-term convict, who admits that he cut Frank's throat, was questioned again today by prison authorities to ascertain if there was a conspiracy to kill Frank.

Creen asserted that there was no plot. He said that he had the inspiration that he should kill Frank and plotted alone to kill him. He told of aiding in the butchering of hogs on Saturday morning, how he had hidden a butcher knife that had been made out of a big file in his clothing, carried it to bed with him and then how he attacked Frank as the latter slept.

Creen admitted that he had talked with convicts on the Frank case, but said that they had not influenced him in any way. He took all the blame for the crime on his own shoulders, and said that while he thought at the time that he was doing right he now regretted his act.

Superintendent Smith said this afternoon that Creen had not been permitted to read newspapers or anti-Frank literature.

Creen read the Bible," said the superintendent. "The Bible was furnished to him at the library. He studied it whenever he had an odd moment. He seemed to be getting religion. I knew that Creen was a bad man, but never dreamed that he would attack a fellow convict. I had instructed the guards not to pick a quarrel with him, as it might result seriously."

"Did Creen have a quarrel with Frank?" he was asked.

"No, absolutely not," said the superintendent. "They appeared to be friends. That is why the attack is all the more shocking."

Mrs. Frank left her husband's bedside at 11 o'clock tonight after an all-day vigil. She went to the home of Captain Burke, superintendent of the farm, to spend the night.

Mr. Frank's condition is favorable," she said. "We are encouraged."

Mrs. Frank added that she was too tired to collect her thoughts to talk further.

STATE TO PROBE ATTACK ON FRANK

Continued From Page One.

officials that they feel that a searching probe of the whole case is necessary.

IN TOUCH WITH PRISON.

The governor kept in close touch with Milledgeville Sunday afternoon. Shortly after lunch he held a long talk over long distance with Dr. George B. Compton, the prison surgeon, who is attending Frank. Dr. Compton assured governor Harris that the patient was holding his own, and that the greatest danger from the possibility of blood poisoning.

Anxiety for Franks' life was felt in Atlanta all Sunday, however.

His friends throughout the city felt that Frank had only a "fighting chance," and this was verified by reports from the state prison.

Dr. J. M. Rosenberg, family physician for the wounded prisoner, was in Milledgeville Sunday afternoon, being. Dr. Rosenberg was at the bedside all the afternoon. He reported Frank improving.

Mrs. Frank, it was stated, was at his bedside most of the time since the terrible ordeal well. It was reported that Harsault upon his victim. It was not until the Frank case that this system was generally known, and, although he would not talk for publication, it is possible that he, himself, will suggest a legislative investigation in this direction.

Two Atlanta ministers stated Sunday afternoon that the attempt upon Frank was of a nature that sometimes occurs among convicts, and should not be extended to the prisoner. Frank, would leave shortly for Milledgeville, Saturday, however, would not talk to newspaper men, neither verifying nor confirming the report.

PARDON FOR CREEN ASKED.

Governor Harris received an appeal to pardon the prisoner, Creen, Sunday afternoon from a body of citizens of a small city near Columbus. The appeal was made by wire, the message reading: "We, the undersigned, respectfully appeal to you to pardon William Creen, now serving life sentence in the state penitentiary." It was signed by a dozen names.

It was also probable that the proposed probe of the prison commissioners would be extended to the disciplinary system of the state prison. Guards and officials, in this event, will be called upon to explain why Creen was able to smuggle the knife into the dormitory and make the attack upon the sleeping man without interference. There is a possibility of the state legislature being urged to investigate the prison relative to the system of herding a large number of prisoners in a single room where they sleep in a body, which state of affairs formerly permitted Creen to make the assecessarily reflect upon prison conditions in the state. Both pastors, Rev. H. M. DuBose and Dr. C. W. Daniel, appealed to the prison commission, with a number of other ministers, to commute the convict's sentence.

"I consider this incident one greatly to be regretted and deplored," stated Rev. DuBose, "but I look upon it, however, as one of those horrible affairs that are difficult to prevent, and, therefore, do not construe the occurrence in any way reflecting upon Georgia or her people."

Similar sentiment was expressed by Dr. Daniel, who said in part:

"It is an unspeakable tragedy, but one that does not fall upon the heads of the people of Georgia."

Octagon Soap 7 Bars 25c
Lump Starch 7 Pounds 25c
With Other Purchases

Aughs

SPECIALS FOR TODAY Monday, July 19

Corned Beef AND Roast Beef Hash and Hamburger Steak, 25c Cans Today 15c Each

Genuine Sweet Rockyford CANTALOUPES 6 for 25c

NICE SOFT PEACHES ½ Peck Basket 15c

Big Yellow LEMONS Today 10c Dozen

Sugar-Cured HAMS Very Fine Pound 16½c

STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR 17 POUNDS $1.00 with 1 Dozen .79 Mason Qt. Jars Total $1.76

Pure Apple Cider Vinegar 60c value, gallon . . 39c

OLIVES Stuffed or Plain 35c Size TODAY 19c

Log Cabin MAPLE SYRUP 50c Size Today 35c

Johnson's Floor WAX 60c Cans Today 37c Why Pay More?

HOME-AID FLOUR As White As Snow 24-lb. Bag . . 95c

Spanish PIMENTOES 15c Cans TODAY 3 Cans . . 25c

Blue Sea TUNA FISH 15c Size 10c 25c Size 17c

New Pack SHRIMP 15c Size 10c 30c Size 20c

Ballard's PANKAKE FLOUR 15c Size 2 Packages 15c

Sliced Bacon Streak Lean and Streak Fat 35c Grade Pound . 23c

Karo Syrup 10c Size 4 Cans 25c

Block's Saltines Made Daily IN ATLANTA

Tip-Top Bread 5c Per Loaf

Stone's Cakes ---6 Varieties--- 10c

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PRESENTED BY
The Atlanta Constitution
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By WILLIS J. ABBOT

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CREEN'S MIND AFFECTED BY FALL FROM BRIDGE

Many Believe Frank's Assailant Insane—He Has Killed Two Men.

Columbus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Will Creen, who cut Leo Frank's throat at the state farm last night, has had an adventurous and unusual career. He had killed two men before attacking Frank, and is now under life sentence.

Creen is about 40 years of age, and is married, his wife now residing in Columbus. As a stonemason he has worked in and around this city for a good many years. He was one of the workmen on the new Dillingham street bridge across the Chattahoochee river here, and fell from the bridge into the river, narrowly escaping death. It is believed that this has not been altogether sound mentally since his fall from the bridge.

Creen's first man was Tobe Reese, whom he killed in a saloon fight. Reese is said to have run amuck and Creen ran behind the cash register for refuge. The other man fell, the bullet striking the register, and then Creen dropped him with a well aimed shot from behind the counter. He was tried and was acquitted on the ground of self-defense.

Afterwards Creen shot Sam Hudson in a fight, and was under indictment for this, on a charge of assault with intent to murder, killed Otis Kitchens on March 3, 1913. Creen cursed a number of boys in the street who laughed at him as he passed by in his buggy. Kitchens, an insurance man, who was passing along, reproved him for his words. Creen went to his home, secured a pistol, returned and shot Kitchens between the eyes, killing him. Upon his arrest Creen acted queerly, and his attorneys claimed that he was insane. Dr. Jones, an expert for the state insane asylum at Milledgeville, was called to Columbus and examined the prisoner, reaching the decision that he was feigning insanity. At the same time it was the belief that Creen was not altogether sound mentally, and under an agreement between the solicitor general and his attorneys, he was given a life sentence.

Mrs. Creen was much affected when she heard of her husband's deed, and expressed the belief that he is crazy. She said that last June, when she visited him, he seemed to have lost his mind and was apparently unable to talk with her in a connected manner.

MORTUARY

(All Funeral Notices Appear on Last Page.)

Mrs. S. G. Murphy, Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The body of Mrs. Samuel G. Murphy, who died at Asheville, N. C., at the age of 71, arrived in this city at 10 o'clock today, and the funeral was conducted this afternoon from the residence of J. P. Kyle. Surviving Mrs. Murphy are her husband, a resident of San Francisco, two brothers, Mrs. Sanford Charles J. Swift and Edward W. Swift, of Columbus, and two sisters, Mrs. J. H. Shorter, of Macon, and Mrs. James P. Kyle, of Columbus.

Mrs. R. B. Headden, Rome.

Rome, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Mrs. R. B. Headden, wife of the late Rev. R. B. Headden, who was for many years pastor of the First Baptist church of Rome, died early Saturday morning and her funeral will take place Monday morning. She was 69 years of age, and is survived by three daughters, Miss Nancy Headden, of Rome; Mrs. J. E. Dyer, of Waycross, and Mrs. Sallie Upchurch, and Mrs. Mamie McDonald. Mrs. Sloan was a resident of Stone Mountain.

Jesse L. Holbert.

Jesse L. Holbert, aged eighty-two, died at a private hospital Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock. He is survived by three sons, S. F., of Dalia; T. J., of Tyler, Texas, and W. E. Holbert, of East Point, and two sisters, Mrs. C. J. Coryale and Mrs. Emma Turner, of Atlanta. The body was removed to Hemperly's chapel.

Mrs. W. R. Kent.

Mrs. W. R. Kent, age 70, died Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the family residence, 53 Lindsay street. Besides her husband, W. R. Kent, she is survived by two daughters, Mrs. M. L. Bridwell and Mrs. N. B. Richardson.

R. H. Brannam.

R. H. Brannam, age 35, and whose home was in McDonough, Ga., died last night at a private hospital here, having come to Atlanta for treatment. The body has been removed to Poole's mortuary chapel.

Mrs. Mary Farmer.

Mrs. Mary Farmer, aged 79, died Sunday at her residence, 73 Broyles street. She is survived by her husband, J. W. Farmer, and eight children.

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Clubhouse, Lb.; Reg. 12½c . . . 10c
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Pint bottles, only . . . 15c
Clubhouse Sarsaparilla and Root Beer, bottle, 12½c; dozen. . . . $1.25

BLOCK'S SALTINES MADE DAILY IN ATLANT.

WILSON CHUCKS BABY UNDER CHIN

President Pays Special Attention to Little Ones as He Journeys to Washington—Ready to Consider German Situation.

On Board President Wilson's Train, New Haven, Conn., July 18.—President Wilson today brought to a close the longest and most strenuous vacation he has had since entering the white house. He left Cornish, N. H., late today, and will arrive in Washington early tomorrow morning prepared to give immediate consideration to the German situation.

President Wilson is taking back with him to Washington the results of a careful and detailed study of that German note on submarine warfare for discussion with Secretary Lansing and others of his cabinet.

The president was greeted by large crowds at every stop this afternoon. At several places he shook hands with folks. Virtually all the people of Cornish and Windsor, Vt., saw him off from the "summer capital."

The president paid particular attention to the babies at the different stops. At Bellows Falls, Vt., he asked that a small red-headed boy be lifted to shake hands with him, and at Greenfield, Mass., chucked a baby under the chin.

"It is rather hot weather for babies," he remarked to the mother.

DEFINITE STATEMENT TO BE MADE GERMANY.

Washington, July 18.—With President Wilson's return from Cornish tomorrow, formulation of the policy to be pursued in the issue between the United States and Germany over submarine warfare will be begun.

The president will collaborate with Secretary Lansing in completing a note that has been tentatively prepared, to be dispatched to the German government, probably before the end of the week.

Both the president and Mr. Lansing have virtually made up their minds, it is said, that a definite statement of what the consequences of further violation of American rights would be should be given to the German government. There is little likelihood that there will be any further discussion of principles involved.

By the recent attempt to destroy the British liner Orduna, carrying a score of Americans, but no munitions or contraband, officials here feel that the American position, as stated in its previous notes, has been materially strengthened. They declare it bears out the American contention that the character of a vessel, her destination and cargo can be safely determined only by visit and search.

As yet official confirmation is lacking to show whether the Orduna was attacked without warning and what the circumstances were of her encounter with the German submarine. In discussion of the case, stress is laid on the fact that the vessel was en route to the United States and carried no cargo of importance.

DRASTIC LIQUOR RULES ADOPTED BY BRITAIN

London, July 18.—Besides limiting hours during which liquor may be sold in towns where the government has taken over control of the sale of liquors, the board of control, appointed to deal with munitions areas, has ordered that there shall be no treating and has prohibited selling liquor on credit.

The sale of liquor in licensed houses is permitted only between noon and 2:30 p. m. and between 6 and 8 in the evening. No orders may be given or accepted for spirits to be consumed off the premises on Saturdays and Sundays and only between noon and 2 p. m. on other days.

The penalty for contravention of the regulations is fixed at six months' imprisonment and a fine of $500.

FIVE DEATHS FROM HEAT OCCUR AT PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, July 18.—Five deaths from the heat were reported here today. A sixth man committed suicide while temporarily insane from oppressive weather conditions. The maximum temperature was 96.

3,865 BRITISH OFFICERS KILLED SINCE WAR BEGAN

London, July 6.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Casualty lists for the fortnight ending July 5 show that the British army lost 254 officers killed, 489 wounded and 33 missing—a total of 776. From the beginning of the war 3,865 officers have been killed, 7,662 wounded and 1,115 are reported as missing.

DR. OGDEN ADDRESSES UNION CHURCH MEETING

Comparing the beginning of a life to the launching of a ship, Dr. Dunbar H. Ogden, pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, addressing the union meeting of five churches on the steps of the capitol Sunday evening, urged his hearers to find in the development of lives about them the same thrill and interest that made the launching of a great ship so fascinating.

"No ship was ever launched that did not depend for its seaworthiness upon the honest co-operation of the men who have been building it for two years or more," he said. "No life was ever lived whose success or failure did not depend upon the co-operation of father, mother, sister, brother and friend in its development. Therefore I call upon you who have consecrated here to make these union meetings so successful as to actively assist in building the characters of your associates in home and school and business connection."

Dr. John E. White, who is leaving the city next week, will preach the last sermon of his pastorate here at the union meeting in front of the capitol Sunday evening, July 25.

Frank Randolph Dead.

Beaumont, Texas, July 18.—Frank Randolph, an editorial writer of The Beaumont Enterprise, and one of the organizers of the Southern Rice Growers' association, died here today. Mr. Randolph was 50 years old.

FOR PROHIBITION PREACHER PLEADS

Atlanta Is Compared With Nineveh and Rome in Sermon Delivered by Dr. Jacob L. White.

Declaring that "our beautiful city has in her life the sins that brought God's wrath upon Nineveh and Rome," Dr. J. L. White, pastor of the Baptist Tabernacle, yesterday morning called upon the people of Atlanta to rally to the cause of prohibition and to give their unstinted support to Chief of Police Beavers.

Dr. White took as his text, "Arise, go to Nineveh, that great city, and preach unto it the preaching that I bid thee," Jonah 3:2.

Then he sketched the growth and the prosperity of these two great cities of the past, and told how finally they became slaves to the desire for the gratification of the every pleasure of their citizens. He painted the wantonness and the impurity, the folly and the vice of their people, and then told of the punishment of each world center.

Urges Prohibition.

Then he came to Atlanta, and told of the dangers she now faces. In part, he said:

Tragic was the fall of mighty Rome and we can but ponder the story with fear and trembling. For our beautiful city has in her life the sins that brought God's wrath upon Nineveh and Rome. If we love our city we may well exclaim, "Art thou better than mighty Rome?"

It is folly to stop our ears and close our eyes to facts and conditions, saying "Hush! it will injure our city." Let us remember that a city rots from within, not from without. Moreover, such things mean, Atlanta never had such prosperity as she enjoyed the first two years of prohibition. When the saloonkeepers found that they could defy the law, $1,500,000 annually began to be poured out into their coffers and honorable trade was robbed to that extent—$1,500,000 annually taken from stores and home-building—that fact accounts more largely for the present hard times than the European war.

The God of Nineveh and Rome is the God of Atlanta. He is the same God of pity and justice and hears the cry of the brokenhearted mother and the humiliated father and the lament of the ruined girl and the disgraced boy. Do not pleading with the moral condition of Atlanta, or any other city that allows similar institutions to exist. And the cause of our unhappy condition is not segregated vice or protected vice, but the licensed saloons, both high and low, for there is no difference. God's wrath is kindling against this wickedness in high and low places. God is not asleep. He has not taken a long journey. He long suffering holdeth back the chariot of judgment. But remember that He hath said: "I will repent." The officials, city and state, who allow the present condition to continue will meet with God in the way are long.

I believe that Atlanta is the most influential city in the south. Its strategic location gives to it once pre-eminence. Atlanta has risen; Phoenix like, out of the broken heart, the broken fortunes and the broken homes of the civil war in proportions undreamed of. And now she is fast becoming the educational center of the south. Two universities of national interest, the Presbyterian and the Methodist, are already here. Agnes Scott and Cox college have a commanding influence. Its commercial and educational prowess must be acknowledged, and in God's name I pray her moral supremacy as well.

The violation of the prohibition law has given Georgia a bad name abroad—except with the liquorites—and Atlanta is largely to blame for the present uncomfortable reputation. As Atlanta goes, so goes Georgia, is true in a very large sense. Moreover, our city, through its stream of liquor, is damning the country roundabout.

Message to Atlanta.

I bring a message today to my city. Say what you will, God's preachers are yet God's prophets. I very much sympathize with Jonah in running from his task. A whale's belly is to be preferred to some things heaped upon a preacher for performing his duty. Nevertheless the preacher must preach the preaching which God bids him.

God's message to the modern city is the same that was sent to ancient Nineveh. It is summed up in the one word: "Repent." The command was to the king and the people. So today. The officials and the people are responsible for conditions. God's eye is upon the mayor, each councilman and each policeman in the city. Each man ought to serve as in the sight of God. God should be recognized in city government, and in the state. The legislator who goes home failing to vote and who presents a vote for prohibition, will be participa criminis with the saloon in crime that is laid at the door of saloons in the state. God's call is for righteous rulers and just government. God is keeping the record of public officials, for they should be His servants, and they will meet God and their record.

God's message is a call to Christian people, all Christians, to awake and break their silence in the presence of enacted wrong. The man who is a prince of merchants and at the same time a Christian is too frequently silent. The work of reform is left to the common people too largely. If the bankers and merchants and lawyers who are Christians would break their silence and tell upon the principles of finance to place morals above money, I call for that economy to stop moral waste. I believe in paved streets, better sewerage and garbage being protected from vice; I like skyscrapers, but more than these I send forth a moral light that will help the country boy and girl who have come to Atlanta to live and to work, to keep the vows made to their fathers and mothers in the country home.

The Meaning of a Word.

(From Collier's.)

One main difference between typical American and European thought on questions of morals may be illustrated by noting that when a European is said to be a "model husband," marriage is the last notion to enter his head, while in the American's case it is his most ardent hope. Even the fond parent of young writers are doing their best to bring our country up to date in this matter, but most of us remain hopelessly provincial.

Pay on Completion.

Customer—I tell you frankly that I cannot pay for this suit until next year.

Tailor—All right, sir.

Customer—When will it be finished?

Tailor—Next year, sir.

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Have you ever felt the thrill of the mountains, that deep mysterious something that comes to you when you see the great plains and mountain tops, that indescribable feeling that overwhelms you, when you see the majestic mountains and magnificent beauty and scenic wonders of the Rockies for the first time?

It's there for everyone—in Colorado—and to get there in luxurious comfort there's the "Rock Island's Famous "Rocky Mountain Limited," a modern train providing every comfort and convenience. Leaves Atlanta 11:59 p. m. daily from Chicago and St. Louis. Through cars from the southeast to Colorado. Automatic block signals—Finest modern all-steel equipment—Superb dining car service.

Low fares for round trip daily, June 1st to September 30th, only $42 from Memphis, $30 from Chicago, $25 from St. Louis.

Only direct line between the east and both Denver and Colorado Springs.

Write, phone or drop in at our Travel Bureau for booklets and folders on Colorado, hotels and boarding houses in Colorado, Little Journeys in Colorado, etc. All free. 36 Peachtree Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. H. H. Hunt, D. P. A., Phone Main 661.

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Business conditions will soon demand a great number of competent stenographers.

See or write us concerning term beginning Monday, July 19th.

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La TUNITA (Princessas Size)

And this price for an Imported cigar was not possible until the stars and stripes were raised over Porto Rico in 1898.

La TUNITA comes in FREE OF DUTY—weekly shipments directly to us to keep them fresh.

Porto Rico is as much a part of the West Indies as Cuba, and the tobacco grown there was the only tobacco ever brought to Havana from elsewhere in the old Spanish days.

Its quality is as fine, but admittedly it is milder, being grown on the mountain slopes, where the tropical heat is tempered by cooling winds.

Spanish natives, whose art is a family inheritance, make La TUNITA. Havana does not surpass these wonderful workmen.

When you get an Imported (Porto Rico) cigar for 5 cents, (Box of 50, $2.50) as you get it in La TUNITA, you are on ground occupied alone by UNITED CIGAR STORES. It's a ten years' test of one of our strongest claims.

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PROGRESS IS MADE BY ITALIAN FORCES

Austrian Positions Taken at the Point of the Bayonet—Gorizia Is Being Shelled by the Italians.

Rome, July 18.—(Via London, July 19.)—The official communication issued today says:

"Small encounters favorable to the Italians are reported in the Tirolo, Trentino and Carnia districts. The fire of our heavy artillery has caused explosions and a serious conflagration in the enemy works in Predil pass.

"Our troops, continuing the offensive begun auspiciously some days ago against forts near Falzarego and Valtriallongo, were engaged in capturing the high and difficult region situated between them. Surmounting yesterday grave difficulties of terrain and the enemy's desperate resistance, we reached the line which stretches from Bois pass and Falzarego summit as far as the slopes of Lana pass.

"Especially brilliant was our infantry's action in fighting for slopes which descend from Lana pass to Salesi and Agai in the Andras valley. Under a murderous fire, they stormed with a keyened vigor the enemy's advanced entrenchments and now are strengthening them.

"In the Isonzo zone the enemy shows increasing activity around Plezzo. They made numerous weak and unsuccessful assaults on the evening of July 15 against our positions on the heights forming the bridgehead of Plava.

"On the night of July 16 two of our airships bombarded enemy works around Gorizia and camps on the northern slopes of Monte San Michele, in Carso, with satisfactory results. The airships, which were constantly lighted up by fierce and severely cannonaded, returned safely at dawn."

GORIZIA SHELLED BY THE ITALIANS.

Geneva, July 18.—(Via Paris.)—A La Bach dispatch to The Tribune says that Archduke Eugene, commander-in-chief of Austrian forces operating against the Italians, arrived at Gorizia yesterday, and distributed decorations.

The Austrians are reported to be preparing for an offensive on the Isonzo front. The Italians, says this dispatch, have advanced a mile toward the plateau of Tirnova, and are bombarding the railway communications with Gorizia. Supply trains have been destroyed.

Fighting on the heights of Venercola of 10,000 feet altitude has been severe. Wounded were frozen before the Red Cross workers could get to them.

Gorizia has been bombarded by the Italians from the north, and is said also to have suffered considerably from an attack by Italian airships, which dropped bombs on the fortifications.

DEFENSES BUILT BY AUSTRIANS.

Udine, July 18.—(Via Paris.)—The Austrians now have sufficient troops at their disposal to construct three lines of defenses from Trent, Bozen, Brixen, Hrineck and Toblach. This line runs 56 miles northeast and then 50 miles more eastward.

An offensive has begun in Cadore from encampments on Mounts Averau, Nuvolau and Tofane, at an altitude of 7,500 feet. Fighting is slow, as passes are protected by modern fortifications. These fortifications communicate with one another by protected corridors, through which the Austrians move troops to any threatened position.

1,200 AUSTRIAN OFFICERS TAKEN BY ITALIANS.

Zurich, July 18.—(Via Paris.)—La Corrispondenza estimates Austrian losses in officers since Italy's entrance in the war at 1,200. These include three generals.

RUSSIAN LINE BROKEN BY FIERCE ASSAULTS

Continued From Page One.

front of 2,000 meters (about a mile and a third). In the course of the day the ranks were widened and pushed forward, with tenacious hand-to-hand fighting, far into the enemy's position.

"In the evening the enemy's Moscow grenadier regiment was defeated by our landwehr and reserve troops. The enemy retreated during the night behind the Ilanka river to the district south of Zwolen, suffering heavy losses in their retreat.

"Between the upper Vistula and the Bug fighting continues under the continuous rain of a very severe autumn. The Russians have been driven by the German attacks from the hills of Belackokrowie, south of Piaski, as far as Krosneskow, and both these places are now taken by storm. The fire of the Siberian army corps could not ward off defeat. We took more than a thousand prisoners."

GERMANS REPULSED, RUSSIANS REPORT.

Petrograd, July 18.—(Via London, July 19, 1:25 a. m.)—An official communication issued from headquarters today issued tonight, said:

"The battle between the Vistula and Bug rivers attained a character of extreme tensity yesterday. Our troops are repulsing the enemy's onset with valor and tenacity.

"In the direction of Lublin the enemy delivered attacks on the whole front, chiefly concentrating his efforts on the Wilkolas district, where we repulsed during the course of the day more than six attacks.

Great masses of German troops during the day attacked our forces on the left of the Vistula, and the enemy succeeded in making progress northward in the Ivangorod district near Kranostav. Notwithstanding the losses they suffered, our troops heroically repulsed the furious attacks which were continued until late in the evening.

"On the right bank of the Vieprz the enemy on July 15 suffered very great losses in Dorohusk and also on our positions on the River Volitza, where they left heaps of bodies in front of our trenches. There was a very violent cannonade in this region yesterday.

"On the front of the villages of Grabovetz and Berestie the enemy delivered repeated attacks on the 16th and 17th and after repeated bayonet charges succeeded only in capturing trenches held by two of our companies.

"Between the Gutchva and the Bug we repulsed numerous attacks and dislodged the enemy from Metchlin forest. On the Bug near Ilkovitze, Tsekanie and Konotopy the enemy yesterday attempted to cross to the right bank, but were repulsed by successful counter-attacks.

"In the Rigi-Shavli region the enemy's offensive against Takkum and Altauts continues. In those directions yesterday there were actions in which large bodies of cavalry, as well as infantry, were engaged on both sides. East of Popellany a successful attack resulted in our capture of 500 Germans, including nine officers. Seven machine guns also were taken.

"An enemy attack south of Shavli was repulsed.

"The enemy's offensive in the direction of Przasnysz, which is being conducted on a wide front, has caused us to concentrate on positions nearer the Narew, and this necessitates the regrouping of our forces to the left of the Vistula—a movement which we are carrying out without molestation.

"On the Dniester Friday we gained a rather important success against those troops who had crossed the river, taking during the course of the day about 2,000 Austrian prisoners and seven machine guns."

RUSSIANS DRIVEN ON THE BUG RIVER.

Vienna, July 18.—(Via London.)—Today's official special headquarters statement reads:

"On the Bug river, in the region of Sokol, our troops drove the enemy from a series of stubbornly defended places.

"To the northeast of Sienno we broke through the Russian front.

"The enemy is evacuating his positions between the Vistula and the Kielce-Radom railway."

A previous communication said:

"Between the Vistula and the Bug rivers important battles have developed favorable for the allied troops. Some Austro-Hungarians, operating closely with the Germans west of Krzovets, took an important enemy point of support after storming it several times and pressed forward into the enemy's main position.

"Southwest of Krasnostav, the Germans broke through the enemy lines.

"On the Upper Bystrez and north of Krasnik, our troops took advanced positions of the enemy. The offensive also was resumed successfully west of Ivangorod.

"In the Italian theater several Italian attacks against the Doberdo plateau were repulsed on the night of the 16th-17th. Artillery fighting occurred on all fronts."

ARTILLERY DUELS ON FRENCH FRONT.

Paris, July 18.—(Via London.)—Today's war office statement said:

"The situation is very calm, and there is nothing to report except artillery actions in Belgium, near St. Georges and Arras, in the vicinity of Souchez.

"An attack made on the 16th against positions we carried at Fontenelle was led by two battalions, which, after an inundation on the ground, showed, lost heavily."

A statement issued tonight said:

"In Artois there was a somewhat violent artillery duel around Souchez. About ten shells of large caliber were fired into Arras.

"In the heights of the Meuse sharp infantry actions have occurred. By a counter-attack this morning we recaptured a trench section which the enemy had occupied yesterday on the slopes of the Dead Man's ravine.

"In the course of the day a new German attack, in which hand grenades was emptied, was repulsed. We inflicted on the enemy in these attacks very heavy losses and took prisoners two officers and 200 men belonging to the 154th infantry regiment.

"There is nothing of importance on the rest of the front to report."

BRITISH REPULSE GERMAN ATTACKS.

London, July 18.—A British war office statement tonight said:

"Since the last communique of the 9th there has been no change on our front. Although there has been no concentrated artillery fire, the activity there has been considerable activity in front of our line, several mines having been exploded by the enemy and ourselves and various positions on our front have been subjected to heavy bombardment.

"On the 10th the enemy developed a small attack on the north of Arras and gained a footing in our front lines. Our local supports, however, prevented this we had lost. On the 13th the enemy rushed an advance post on the Ypres-Menin road, but were immediately driven back again. Further north on the same day our line was shelled heavily, and we lost a trench held by one company. Again the Germans were driven out at once by our bombarding parties and the trench was reoccupied. A feature of this incident was the employment by the enemy of a large quantity of gas shells."

BERLIN REJOICES OVER THE VICTORY.

Berlin, July 18.—(Via London.)—News of Field Marshal Hindenburg's newest surprise for the Russians, which the war office announces has resulted in the capture of 30,000 men, created general rejoicing here and flags appeared throughout the city when the announcement was made late yesterday.

Military critics attach great significance to the breaking of the Russian lines and the Russian retreat toward the Narew river, particularly as the German advance between the Pissa and Vistula rivers threatens to encompass the right flank positions of the Russians.

With Field Marshal von Mackensen proceeding against the other flank, maintenance of communications is a serious problem for the Russians.

The breaking of the Russian line near Kramostav, 14 miles south of Lukow, brings the Germans dangerously near Cholm and Lublin, both of highest importance for the Russians in maintaining their position in the Vistula region.

AUSTRIAN LOSSES REPORTED HEAVY.

Geneva, July 18.—(Via Paris.)—An Innsbruck dispatch to The Tribune says:

"The Austrians in the Sokol region are making desperate but vain attempts to drive back the Russians. Daily losses of the Austrians are very heavy.

"On the Dniester front the Russians are resisting desperately the Austrian advance north of Horodenka, where the Austrians gained a partial success, throwing troops to the left bank of the Dniester. The Austrians lost ground near Jaslovitze."

MANY PRISONERS TAKEN BY RUSSIANS.

Petrograd, July 18.—(Via London.)—During the month of June, 1,141 German and Austrian officers and 56,848 men arrived at Kiev as prisoners of war, says a Kiev dispatch to The Novoe Vremya.

Of the prisoners more than 10,000 were Germans.

TEUTONS LACK SUITABLE BASE.

Petrograd, July 18.—(Via London, July 19, 2:56 a. m.)—With active fighting progressing along five distinct Russian fronts, the reserved German operations between the Vistula and the Bug assume primary importance. In the Baltic, Narew and Suwalki districts, military observers say, the Germans have gained some ground

Homely, Yet Admired and Envied; Her Secret

The convention crowd made a path for her, cast admiring side glances, then with longing eyes followed her to the elevator. It was at the Ponchartrain in Detroit. The incident was recalled when I chanced to sit across table from the woman. What was it about her that caused all that commotion? Her complexion. Really, I've never beheld its equal. Venturing to pick up acquaintanceship, I learned the secret. "I've tried to make the most of my only charm," she said. "I know men abhor make-ups and artificiality. I bar cosmetics; there are two things I use to promote natural loveliness and youthful appearance. When my complexion begins to age, I get an ounce of mercolized wax at the drug store, apply at night like cold cream, wash it off in the morning. This gradually takes off the outer skin; then I have a brand new complexion, magnetically beautiful, as you see."

"Wrinkles never bother me. At their inception I bathe my face in a solution made by dissolving an ounce of powdered saxolite in a half pint of witch hazel. It works like magic."—Mona Morrow in Tattler.

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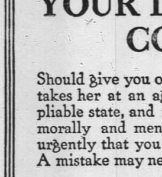

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MIRACULOUS WORK DONE BY AMERICANS

Ridding Serbia of Disease. Sir Thomas Lipton Lauds U. S. Doctors and Nurses. Whole Nation Bathed.

London, July 18.—Miraculous is the only proper adjective to apply to the work being done by American doctors and nurses in Serbia," said Sir Thomas Lipton today after his return from his second trip to the Near East with the hospital ship Erin.

"As usual," continued Sir Thomas, "the Americans excel in organization and preventive measures. The French and English units are doing good work in the hospitals, but compared to the work of sanitation in rapidly making typhus a thing of the past must go to the Americans, whose magnificent efforts have made them loved by every Serbian from the king to the lowest peasant, all of whom seem fully to appreciate the efforts of the Red Cross in their behalf.

The Vermin Destroyed.

"When I was in Serbia on my first trip," continued Sir Thomas, "it was difficult to take a step without vermin. I was then so badly affected from vermin as to make necessary the use of antiseptics night and morning, but on this trip no such precautions were necessary, thanks to the sanitation reforms enforced by Americans. The hospitals are now as clean as any to be found in Europe, while hotels and dwellings are beginning to observe sanitary regulations.

"At the height of the epidemic there were probably 300,000 cases of typhus, but many typhus hospitals now have closed for lack of patients. At Ghevgheli, where Dr. James F. Donnelly, now Serbia's national hero, died, there were once 1,500 patients in the American hospital. Now there are only three suffering from typhus.

Washing the Whole Nation.

"At Uskub I saw in operation the machinery with which American doctors and sanitary experts are washing the whole nation. Near the town three long railroad trains were standing in the midst of a city of tents. From these tents there poured an army of naked men, carrying their clothing in their hands. Stopping at the first train they deposited their clothes in a car where they were thoroughly sterilized. Then the owner proceeded to the bath car where an attendant bathed him under high pressure water pipes. When he was completely scrubbed the next step was an inspection by an American doctor, after which the bather received sterilized clothing.

"Members of the Turkish population, which is large in this part of Serbia, protested vigorously against disrobing for the bath on the ground that such a procedure violates their religious principles, but without avail, for the American sanitary commission has complete power to enforce its regulations. After the army of men had been treated each day, the women and children were given baths during the night.

Whole Regiment Inoculated.

"The next day I saw a whole regiment inoculated against cholera with a speed and efficiency almost incredible to any one who does not understand American methods. Cholera may come again but it is no longer feared.

"In brief, it can be said that American methods of preventive and cure have saved Serbia from what threatened at one time to be the worst series of epidemics ever suffered by a modern nation.

"The whole task is in charge of Dr. Richard P. Strong, of Harvard, to whom the lion's share of the credit for the direction of the great work must be given."

QUARANTINE IS PLACED ON LEGISLATIVE HALLS

Madison, Wis., July 18.—Dr. C. A. Harper, state health officer, today quarantined the assembly chamber at the state house, vaccinated all members of the legislature in Madison and all legislative employees and telegraphed members of the legislature who had returned to their homes over Sunday to be vaccinated before returning to Madison.

This action came after it was definitely decided that assemblyman Charles F. Ploeger is suffering from smallpox.

GERMANS ARE DRIVEN FROM SUMMIT OF HILL

Notable Success Won by French in the Vosges—Many Prisoners Taken.

Paris, July 18.—A French official "communique" at the front has sent details of the success of the allies in the Vosges mountains, in the Hartmannsweilerkopf district, near St. Georges and Arbos, in the vicinity of Souchez.

An attack made on the 16th against positions we carried at Fontenelle was led by two battalions, which, after an inundation on the ground, showed, lost heavily."

A statement issued tonight said:

"In Artois there was a somewhat violent artillery duel around Souchez. About ten shells of large caliber were fired into Arras.

"In the heights of the Meuse sharp infantry actions have occurred. By a counter-attack this morning we recaptured a trench section which the enemy had occupied yesterday on the slopes of the Dead Man's ravine.

"In the course of the day a new German attack, in which hand grenades was emptied, was repulsed. We inflicted on the enemy in these attacks very heavy losses and took prisoners two officers and 200 men belonging to the 154th infantry regiments.

"There is nothing of importance on the rest of the front to report."

BRITISH REPULSE GERMAN ATTACKS.

London, July 18.—A British war office statement tonight said:

"Since the last communique of the 9th there has been no change on our front. Although there has been no concentrated artillery fire, the activity there has been considerable activity in front of our line, several mines having been exploded by the enemy and ourselves and various positions on our front have been subjected to heavy bombardment.

"On the 10th the enemy developed a small attack on the north of Arras and gained a footing in our front lines. Our local supports, however, prevented this we had lost. On the 13th the enemy rushed an advance post on the Ypres-Menin road, but were immediately driven back again. Further north on the same day our line was shelled heavily, and we lost a trench held by one company. Again the Germans were driven out at once by our bombarding parties and the trench was reoccupied. A feature of this incident was the employment by the enemy of a large quantity of gas shells."

BERLIN REJOICES OVER THE VICTORY.

Berlin, July 18.—(Via London.)—News of Field Marshal Hindenburg's newest surprise for the Russians, which the war office announces has resulted in the capture of 30,000 men, created general rejoicing here and flags appeared throughout the city when the announcement was made late yesterday.

Military critics attach great significance to the breaking of the Russian lines and the Russian retreat toward the Narew river, particularly as the German advance between the Pissa and Vistula rivers threatens to encompass the right flank positions of the Russians.

With Field Marshal von Mackensen proceeding against the other flank, maintenance of communications is a serious problem for the Russians.

The breaking of the Russian line near Kramostav, 14 miles south of Lukow, brings the Germans dangerously near Cholm and Lublin, both of highest importance for the Russians in maintaining their position in the Vistula region.

AUSTRIAN LOSSES REPORTED HEAVY.

Geneva, July 18.—(Via Paris.)—An Innsbruck dispatch to The Tribune says:

"The Austrians in the Sokol region are making desperate but vain attempts to drive back the Russians. Daily losses of the Austrians are very heavy.

"On the Dniester front the Russians are resisting desperately the Austrian advance north of Horodenka, where the Austrians gained a partial success, throwing troops to the left bank of the Dniester. The Austrians lost ground near Jaslovitze."

MANY PRISONERS TAKEN BY RUSSIANS.

Petrograd, July 18.—(Via London.)—During the month of June, 1,141 German and Austrian officers and 56,848 men arrived at Kiev as prisoners of war, says a Kiev dispatch to The Novoe Vremya.

Of the prisoners more than 10,000 were Germans.

TEUTONS LACK SUITABLE BASE.

Petrograd, July 18.—(Via London, July 19, 2:56 a. m.)—With active fighting progressing along five distinct Russian fronts, the reserved German operations between the Vistula and the Bug assume primary importance. In the Baltic, Narew and Suwalki districts, military observers say, the Germans have gained some ground

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"FOOD HARPIES" PREY ON GERMANS

Socialist Leaders Unite in Protest Against Advance in Prices—Poor Classes Are Said to Be Suffering.

Berlin, July 18.—(Via London.)—The executive committee of the socialist party and of the Federation of Socialist Labor unions have united in a protest to the minister of the interior against any advance in the maximum prices of grain and flour. It has been intimated there will be an increase when the federal council adopts new regulations for the conservation and distribution of this year's harvest.

Against "Food Harpies."

The executive committee of the federation publishes in The Vorwaerts a manifesto against "food harpies," as follows:

"The general rise in prices is pressing even heavier on the poor classes. The prices of meat have been almost 100 per cent, under the ruthless exploitation of the situation caused by the scarcity and the cattle plague, and the rise continues. The consumption of this so important food product has become largely confined to the well-to-do, as the lower wages performed among the laboring classes.

"As other food products, particularly flour, become scarce, substitutes for meat, such as vegetables, fish, cakes, milk, butter, cheese and sugar, are unusually dear and are steadily becoming more expensive. Speculation of the most unprecedented sort is again in evidence in the potato market. Potatoes stored for a month for price manipulations had to be unloaded in the spring and sold at low prices to dealers who in turn are seeking gain of profits of from 200 to 300 per cent.

"It is now announced that the federal council is about to increase the maximum prices of grain, which already are from 30 to 40 per cent higher than in times of peace. We demand the all-important food, is to cost the people more. This will arouse indignation in the widest circles.

In Name of Working Classes.

"In the name of the working classes, upon whom the war and many have imposed great sacrifices, we protest against any increase in the maximum prices. We demand instead a thorough regulation of price fixing in the provision muncie and effective protection for the people against food harpies. We demand that, without regard to the profit of producers and dealers, the maximum prices for food be fixed on a basis according to adequate alimentation of the people, and handling and avoidance of the expense of the people's food supply. The storing of supplies in order to maintain prices must be prevented by expropriation and compulsory sale.

"The working party counties throughout Germany to fight the food harpies by every means in their power, and affected such women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

GERMANS ARE LOSING IN WEST AFRICA COLONY

Paris, July 17.—Additional details of the capture by Franco-British troops of Garua and Nganndere, in the Kamerun, a German West African colony, are contained in a statement issued tonight by the ministry of colonies. The claim is made that a movement to encircle the German forces also is progressing nearer the coast of the Gulf of Guinea. The statement says the allies forced the garrison at Garua to surrender unconditionally, and that Nganndere (125 miles south) was captured June 29.

Neanidere, the statement says, appears to have been the center of German resistance. The Germans are said to have retreated in the direction of Tibati (110 miles southwest).

The British governor general on Nigeria already had announced the capture of both Garua and Nganndere.

SWISS DYE CHEMISTS FOR UNITED STATES

Washington, July 18.—Importation of a corps of Swiss dyestuff chemists to aid in the development of the new American coal tar industry is the latest project of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce in its effort to meet the American dyestuff famine.

Dr. Thomas H. Norton, of the bureau, made public today a statement saying that the plan, which already has been successfully tried by Russia, would be the logical development of the present scheme, under which the United States coal tar crudes are to be exported to Switzerland, manufactured into dyes and returned to this country.

The Swiss dye chemists, through the bureau, already have begun negotiations with American firms to undertake the establishment of plants in this country.

The sunflower is cultivated rather extensively in the south of Russia. It furnishes oil, fodder and potash.

COMMERCE OF FRANCE SHOWS BIG DECREASE

Paris, July 18.—Customs statistics, just issued, show the foreign commerce of France decreased $557,000,000 in the first three months of 1915, compared with the same period a year ago. Of this amount $171,800,000 were importations and $385,200,000 were exportations.

The figures show France bought abroad during virtually the same period food supplies valued at $10,200,000, while manufactured articles purchased amounted to $20,600,000. The latter figure is the highest yet recorded since war's beginning.

The Temps, commenting on the statistics, says it is absolutely necessary for France to resume her economic activity and to facilitate the reopening of factories and the resumption of work generally. This, says the paper, is the only way to reduce payments abroad and improve the exchange.

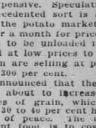
Thaw Goes to Philadelphia.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 18.—Harry K. Thaw left here today for Philadelphia, from where he will go to Pittsburg. He came here Friday night after he was given his liberty by the New York courts.

LOSING HOPE WOMAN VERY ILL

Finally Restored To Health By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Bellevue, Ohio.—"I was in a terrible state before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My back achedduntil I thought it would break, I had pains all over me, nervous feelings and periodic troubles. I was very weak and run down and was losing hope of ever being well and strong. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I improved rapidly and today am a well woman. I cannot tell you how happy I feel and I cannot say too much for your Compound. Would not be without it in the house if it cost three times the amount."—Mrs. CHAS. CHAPMAN, R. F. D. No. 7 Bellevue, Ohio.



Woman's Precious Gift.

The one which she should most zealously guard, is her health, but it is the one most often neglected, until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. Those afflicted such women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women.

FORCED TO GIVE WHALE TO PURSUING SHARKS

New Bedford, Mass., July 18.—Memories of more than half a century ago, when whale ships sailed the seven seas, were revived today with the arrival here of two open boats containing twelve men of the crew of the whaling vessel Jos. H. Thatcher, who had become separated from their ship in a fog off Cape Henry, last Monday. Without food or water for four days, they spent two days in fighting large schools of sharks and finally were forced to relate the tradition of their calling never to lose a captured whale. The one they caught off the Virginia coast Monday morning was cut loose and given over to the sharks.

TWO CHILDREN KILLED IN AN ATUO ACCIDENT

Hickory, N. C., July 18.—Carl Shuford, 5, and Ruth Shuford, 3, were killed near here tonight when a train struck the automobile in which they were riding. Belton C. Shuford, their father, was seriously injured, and Mrs. Shuford, Miss Bettie Hollyard and Miss Lola Munday were slightly hurt.

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The address of the Washington Bureau is No. 1737 G Street, N. W., Mr. John Corrigan, Jr., staff correspondent, in charge.

THE CONSTITUTION is on sale in New York city by 2 p. m. the day after issue. It can be had: Hotaling's Newsstands, Broadway and Forty-second street (Times building corner), Thirty-eighth street and Broadway and Twenty-ninth street and Broadway.

The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

GEORGIA NEEDS THIS MONEY.

Under the Smith-Lever act passed by the national congress, Georgia has the opportunity to secure for the next two years $71,325 for the development of agriculture within the state, if the state will offset that sum with a like amount.

Georgia is receiving now $10,000 annually from the federal government under the terms of the Smith-Lever act. When that appropriation was made without conditions, the Georgia legislature accepted it and approved the purposes of the law under which it was given by a joint resolution adopted by the legislature and approved in August, 1914. It is construed that that resolution at least morally bound the state to meet other requirements of the federal law, the only purpose of which was to help the states in agricultural progress in the same measure to which they were willing to help themselves.

There is available to Georgia from the federal government for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1915, $25,174, and for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1916, $46,151, provided Georgia will offset these appropriations with like amounts to be devoted to the purposes prescribed in the federal act.

As evidencing Georgia's agricultural importance among the states, it will receive the fifth largest amount paid to any state in the union, provided the necessary offset is appropriated by the legislature. This state is thus practically recognized as the fifth in agricultural importance among them all.

The federal act is broad and liberal in its statement of the purposes to which this fund shall be applied. It provides for a systematic agricultural uplift and extension movement throughout the state, under plans to be approved by the board of trustees of the State College of Agriculture and the secretary of agriculture of the United States. Not one dollar of the fund can be expended for the benefit of education through, or equipment in, the State College of Agriculture or any other institution. The act itself thus states its general purposes:

That co-operative agricultural extension work shall consist of the giving of instruction and practical demonstrations in agriculture and home economics to persons not attending or resident in said colleges in the several communities, and to disseminate to the persons information on said subjects through field demonstrations, publications and otherwise, and that the work shall be carried on in such manner as may be mutually agreed upon by the secretary of agriculture and the state agricultural college or colleges receiving the benefits of this act.

It would appear, therefore, that Georgia is not only morally bound to take the steps necessary to secure this substantial appropriation for the important purpose to which it is to be devoted, but from a financial standpoint and one of the necessities of the case, it can ill afford to ignore the opportunity for the rural development which this fund would make possible.

The importance of the situation is accentuated by the fact that action must be taken at the present session of the legislature, if Georgia is to avail herself of this opportunity. The first year's fund is already available to those states which have acted, and there remains but half the legislative session in which Georgia may say what she wishes to do.

Considering the importance of the purposes to which this fund is devoted, Georgia cannot afford to lose it—to let some other state or federal project benefit at her expense. It is one of the few methods by which we may receive from the federal treasury, in part at least, a return of the taxes which our people pay into it.

We believe the legislature should consider this proposition as one of the most important, from an appropriation standpoint, which will come before it. It should make every effort to find the money needed. Its favorable consideration will mean substantial and permanent progress along lines which Georgia can, under no circumstances, afford to ignore.

WOMEN AND LAW.

The house of representatives will consider, within the next few days, under favorable report from its committee on general judiciary, the bill which proposes to legalize the admission of women to the bar of Georgia.

There remains no valid reason why this bill should not become a law. It was the law of Georgia prior to 1860; it is asked today simply that there shall be rewritten into the law of the state the privilege that men had not thought of denying to women in ante-bellum days. Shall modern, progressive Georgia be less generous, less just, than the Georgia of more than half a century ago?

The last public appearance of the late Judge John S. Hopkins, who possessed one of the strongest and clearest legal minds Georgia has ever produced, was before the general judiciary committee of the house of representatives in the summer of 1912, in advocacy of the right of women to practice law. He delivered one of the most forceful and convincing arguments ever made upon the subject; he removed all doubt of his hearers as to the natural right of woman as a citizen, as one of "we, the people," to select for herself, if she so desired, this noble occupation.

So directly to the point was Judge Hopkins' argument that, with the question now under consideration, it will be appreciated today; and The Constitution publishes extracts from it with a letter from his son, Linton C. Hopkins, believing they should be read and weighed by those who have to deal with it.

Aside from the question of right and justice, upon which is based the most forceful appeal for the enactment of this law, here are some forceful, incontrovertible facts from the argument which Judge Hopkins then made:

The experiment, as to the legal profession (referring to the admission of women), has been tried on a large scale, and uniformly with success. Forty-five of the states of the union have tried it, and not one of them has retraced the step. All but three of the forty-eight states have women lawyers. There has resulted no hurt to woman, to the profession nor to the public. What better proof can we have of the merit of any measure of this nature than that forty-five states, under circumstances similar to our own, have thoroughly tried it and found it satisfactory? Such facts need no comment. If they do not convince, nothing will.

Thus, from the standpoint of sentiment, of inherent right, of justice, and of fact established by innumerable tests, the plea of woman for the removal of the legal obstacle to her entrance into the profession would seem to command favorable consideration and action.

This measure has no more to do with woman's suffrage than with tax exemption, or the laws of the Medes and the Persians; doubtless the latter would have been more generous than the present Georgia statute of inhibition. It seeks to give woman, as a citizen, who is taxed as are other citizens, and who bears her share of the burdens, both of business and government, the right of selection, as a means of livelihood, of a profession from which there is not even a reasonable excuse for her exclusion.

The Georgia legislature cannot afford not to pass this bill. The present law is an anachronism clogging real progress. We should lead at least the three remaining states, and restore to woman a right that ought never to have been taken away.

A GREAT EDITOR.

Charles R. Miller, editor of The New York Times, one of the foremost of American daily publications, has just completed the fortieth anniversary of his service with that newspaper, having gone with it in 1875 under the administration of Publisher George Jones.

Mr. Miller is, perhaps, the greatest of living American newspaper editors. Although not nationally so well known, he belongs to that vigorous school of writers of keen penetration and foresight which included such well-remembered men as Dana and Greeley. Politics and public incidents of various sorts brought them into prominent notice; Mr. Miller's life work has been that of the deep thinker and able editor at his office desk or in his library.

He has neither sought the limelight, nor has it been turned upon him; but he has worked, worked unceasingly, with the splendid talent and capacity given him, at a calling that attracted and pleased, and his effort and ability have been one of the most potent of all factors in making The Times great and forceful among leading American dailies.

Recognition of service such as his, while the author of it is yet in life, is too often neglected and overlooked. We are inclined too much to remember it only when they are gone. Mr. Miller's associates have most pleasantly directed attention to his years of capable devotion, and The Constitution hastens to join with hundreds of friends and acquaintances throughout the country in presenting heartfelt and most cordial congratulations.

Anyway, Przasnysz isn't a pronounced success.

The Polish towns with the nightmare names don't lose them when they capitulate.

Governments insist that they are "notes," no matter how far they violate the neutrality of a column.

It is hard for a Mexican general to realize that he cuts a wider swath with a peaceful lawn mower.

A Chicago physician prescribes hay for dyspepsia. Another kick coming from the mules afid pessimists.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

By Frank L. Stanton

True Heart's Content.

I.

Don't ever seek for happiness cross the land or sea,
For Love is in the home-place where life promised love would be;
No shadows of the world-strife where, in the twi-light late,
The home-latch clinks a welcome and you enter Love's own gate.

II.

A green world around you—a star-bright firmament,
And Life the joy you dreamed it in the "Land of Heart's Content."
Even the darkest shadows with dreams and gleams of light,
Love's cloudless stars to guide you to a world-home, heaven-bright!

Impossible Paragraphs.

Every bill has representative champions passes like a brand-new gold certificate.

The senator was granted two hours' time, but got through in twenty minutes.

As so many lawmakers don't know what to do with their money they want to turn it over to the charitable institutions of the state.

The men who are preaching about "saving the country" started first by saving themselves.

* * * * *

On the Greensward.

Wind sends a 'message:
"Now's your time and chance!
I'm tunin' all my fiddles
For to play the world a dance!"

* * * * *

The Grand Old Title.

Here is what Colonel George Bailey has to say of "the grand old title of 'Colonel:'"

"One of the most difficult things about the grand old title of colonel, as compared with those titles of nobility in Europe, is that a fellow can hold it and hustle like the devil for vittles and not have it reduce his prestige to the point where it will not be recognized when he offers to setumup."

* * * * *

The Rosy Side.

Warring hatreds would destroy—
Leave the world to weep;
But Life's in holding hands with Joy
And Sorrow lies asleep.

* * * * *

His Guess.

Editor's personal comment in The Camden Beacon-Herald: :

"A Philadelphia man has discovered something 350 times sweeter than sugar. If we had our guess, we'd say she was about five feet five, 125 pounds, light-complexioned, and equipped with six-cylinder dreamy eyes and $17,000,000."

* * * * *

The Color Scheme.

The paragrapher of The Memphis Commercial Appeal drops into patriotic rhyme:

"We are not planning a war book,
But you bet if we do
The color scheme of it will be
The old red-white-and-blue."

* * * * *

A Philosopher Approves.

Comment of the observant paragrapher of The Macon News:

"In England the ladies are wearing printed bands on their ankles which urge men to enlist. And we want to say that they deserve a close reading. In fact, it is a display of patriotism that ought to be encouraged."

* * * * *

With a Smile.

The brightness of the country,
Each glowing mile on mile,
She pelts the storm with blossoms,
Meets morning with a smile.

* * * * *

"Take Joy Home."

This, from Jean Ingelow, is a little sermon to the slacker who cannot see the real light of life around them:

"Take joy home,
And make a place in thy great heart for her,
And give her time to grow, and cherish her;
Then will she come, and oft will sing to thee
When thou art working in the furrows; ay,
Or weeding in the sacred hour of dawn.
It is a comely fashion to be glad—
Joy is the grace we say to God."

* * * * *

So, What's the Use?

"Even if Happiness should come our way," says a weekly editor, "we'd have to mix an issue of the paper to take a day off and enjoy it."

* * * * *

The Problem.

Life, with its rocky ridges—
Its fretful, restless trails—
How, if you burn your bridges,
And you can't swim back?

* * * * *

Squaring Accounts.

"The editor got religion," says The Adams Enterprise, "which is all he ever got out of the town; but since that is priceless, we pack his grip and let the blamed town go at that!"

RIPPLING RHYMES

By WALT MASON.

TIRED BUSINESS MAN.

The business man is tired, with tears his eyes are dim; the rest he's long desired is still sidestepping him. His weariness has grown to be a public wheeze. Grief marks him for its own, and will not give him ease. For all hat-passers beg a chance to run him down and deftly pull his leg for kopeck, yen and crown. Is there a scheme on deck to paint the railway tracks? The merchant's shapely neck is first to feel the ax. Is there a kindly plan to feed the poor some ducks? The weary business man must cough up seven bucks. Is there a project big, to gild the village pump? The business man must dig his savings in a lump. For every doleful fake devised by Jack or Jill, the business man must take some roubles from his till. The hobgoes in the jail must have a Christmas tree; oh, merchant, hand the kale—be generous and free! A widow needs a pup, to keep the tramps away; oh, merchant, loosen up, be liberal today! A good electric fan the county poorhouse needs; oh, sad-eyed business man, shell out a dozen seeds! The business man must fall for every such demand, his back against the wall, his checkbook in his hand!

Amazing Increase of South's Grain Production

(From The Manufacturers' Record.)

The grain crop of the south this year will exceed in value by several hundred million dollars the total of the most valuable cotton crop ever produced by this section.

This remarkable fact is due to an increase in grain production throughout the south, which will demonstrate what this section is capable of doing in the development of diversified farming. According to the forecast of grain production for the country, based on conditions July 1, the production of grain in the southern states for this year will be 1,540,000,000 bushels or a gain of 256,000,000 bushels over last year. If to the figures covering wheat, corn and oats we properly add the rice crop of 30,000,000 bushels, the total grain for the south this year will be 1,570,000,000 bushels, and as this year's rice crop exceeds by 6,000,000 bushels last year's, we would have a total increase of grain in this section of 292,000,000 bushels.

This phenomenal situation is all the more impressive when taken in connection with the grain crop of the entire country.

The estimated yield for the country for the year, including rice, is 5,414,000,000 bushels, or an increase of 490,000,000 bushels over 1914. Even if this total gain 292,000,000 bushels, or nearly 60 per cent, is due to the increase in the south. The grain in this section will be nearly 25 per cent over last year, as compared with only 5 1-2 per cent for the balance of the country. The actual gain in the south is 94,000,000 bushels greater than the increase in the balance of the United States. These figures are wonderfully significant of the agricultural possibilities of the south, and this increase in grain, which typifies the increase in foodstuffs generally, will largely offset the adverse situation in cotton. In the south corn commands a much higher price per bushel than wheat, running often from 10 to 20 cents a bushel more than western prices. On this basis, therefore, it is safe to estimate that the grain crops of the south will represent a gain of at least $250,000,000 over last year's figures.

Every state, with the exception of Maryland, whose wheat is 2 per cent shorter, has this increased grain production. Alabama shows a gain of nearly 17,000,000 bushels; Arkansas, 23,500,000 bushels; Georgia, 18,700,000 bushels; Louisiana, 16,000,000 bushels; Mississippi, nearly 22,000,000 bushels; South Carolina, 5,700,000 bushels; Virginia, 18,200,000 bushels; while Texas comes to the front with a gain of 98,600,000, and Oklahoma of 40,000,000 bushels.

Every business interest in the south should feel the vivifying influence of this splendid grain crop. The south did not this year turn its attention to grain as largely as it should have done, and at the same time still further lessen its cotton acreage, but it has raised a splendid grain crop, which indicates its almost limitless opportunities for grain-growing.

In 1909 the production of wheat, corn and oats in the south was 911,000,000 bushels, compared with this year's total of 1,540,000,000. We have thus advanced the production this year over 1909 by 630,000,000 bushels.

But looking beyond the south to the whole country we find that Nature has again blessed the land and splendid crops are already harvested, and with the promise of splendid crops now growing. If conditions do not materially change from the expected crop production, this year's crops will largely exceed in value $10,000,000,000. The indications of the United States agricultural department show a probable increase in the wheat production of 72,000,000 bushels; of corn, 141,000,000 bushels; of oats, 258,000,000 bushels; of barley, 13,000,000 bushels, and of rice, 30,000,000 bushels. These gains in grain production, taking the estimate of the agricultural department for corn, with the understanding that it is too early yet for final figures, are as follows:

	1915, July 1, forecast.	Final yield, 1914.
	Bushels.	Bushels.
Winter wheat	668,000,000	645,000,000
Spring wheat	256,000,000	206,000,000
Corn	2,814,000,000	2,673,000,000
Oats	1,399,000,000	1,141,000,000
Barley	215,000,000	185,000,000
Rice	30,000,000	24,000,000
Total	5,414,000,000	4,924,000,000

With an indicated wheat yield of 563,000,000 bushels, which may, by fair weather conditions, be possibly enlarged to a better yield of spring wheat, and with an average increase for the entire country on July 1 of a fraction less than 26 cents per bushel higher price for wheat than on the same date in 1914, it is quite safe to count on this year's wheat crop largely exceeding $1,000,000,000. What the fluctuations may be during the coming twelve months it is not possible to forecast, by reason of the uncertainties of war, but that every bushel of wheat will be needed for domestic and foreign trade and at a very profitable price to the farmer admits of no question.

AUTOMOBILE TOURING.

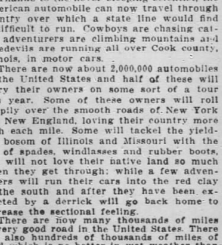
By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good Old Siwash."

Automobile touring will be more popular than ever in the United States this summer. There are two reasons for this. In the first place automobile touring abroad is now confined to those who own cars and who use them to assist in the day's work. In the second place, the American automobile is becoming more competent to tackle the American road each year.

Thanks to the never-sleeping scientist, the American automobile can now travel through country over which a state line would find it difficult to run. Over hill and dale and gully, adventurers are climbing mountains and daredevils are running all over Cook county, Illinois, in motor cars.

There are now about 2,000,000 automobiles in the United States and half of these will carry their owners on some sort of a tour this year. Some of these tourists will roll happily over the smooth roads of New York and New England, loving their country more with each mile. Some will tackle the yielding bosom of Illinois and Indiana with the aid of spades, windlasses and rubber boots, and will not love their native land so much when they get through. While a few adventurers will run their cars into the red clay of the south and after they have been extracted by a derrick will go back home to increase sectional feeling.

There are now many thousands of miles of very good road in the United States. There are also hundreds of thousands of miles of road which is no better in wet weather than a river bottom. Those cars which are reached by good roads will notice vast swarms of tourists on their streets this summer, dropping ten-dollar bills with the careless abandon of the automobile owner; while those towns which have fortified themselves against the world by maintaining mush high-



ways in wet weather will continue to kick about hard times and to deplore the growing selfishness of the country.

It is now possible for an automobile to travel from New York to San Francisco in a car with good lungs and stout axles. However, he should take with him plenty of tires and chains, a compass, some spades and bridge timbers, a small portable steam shovel, a camping outfit, a pontoon and half a mile of rope. He may need none of these things, but unless he is a man of leisure he should take no chances.

JUDGE HOPKINS ABLY PRESENTED THE PLEA FOR WOMEN LAWYERS

The favorable committee recommendation last week of the house bill making provision whereby women may practice law in Georgia and the prospect of this bill coming up for the consideration of the house, probably this week or next, has set legislators to thinking.

The cause of the women who desire to be lawyers in Georgia has never been more clearly and ably set forth than in the address of the late Judge John S. Hopkins upon a similar bill before a general judiciary committee of the house in 1912.

A copy of this splendid address has been furnished The Constitution by Linton C. Hopkins, prominent Atlanta attorney and son of the late Judge Hopkins.

Mr. Hopkins is an advocate of allowing women to practice law.

Regarding the present law, Mr. Hopkins says:

Mr. Hopkins' Statement.

"It seems to be a shame that Georgia should be among the three or four states who are left who still deny women entrance into the legal profession. All other professions and businesses are open to women. The great point in the case is that every additional field opened to them makes for the betterment of the race. Whenever a woman who has to earn her own living goes into a profession, she leaves a vacancy behind her which is filled by another woman a little bit below her, and this, of course, leaves another vacancy for another woman.

"An additional opening, therefore, for women to do earning power making for the betterment of women all along the line. Those who by far less intellectual ability and whose labor is worth much less money, feel the good effects of it.

"Women who work for the lowest wages are, always confronted with the temptation to take out their earnings in illegal ways and therefore every time any part of the field of labor is opened to women is broadened, no matter where, from those who make the most money to those who make the most, this danger is lessened.

"I have no interest in this bill other than a desire that it passed for the good of the state."

The address of the late Judge Hopkins upon the subject of women lawyers, in part, is as follows:

Judge Hopkins' Address.

"Equality of rights is the theory upon which our state government is based.

"The preamble to the constitution reads: 'To perpetuate the principles of free government, insure justice to all, preserve peace, promote the interest and happiness of the citizen, and transmit to posterity the enjoyment of liberty, we, the people of Georgia, relying upon the protection and guidance of Almighty God, do ordain and establish this constitution. The constitution itself says: 'All government, of right, originates with the people, is founded upon their will only, and is instituted solely for the good of the whole.'

"Woman is a citizen. She is one of 'we, the people of Georgia,' and is as plainly embraced in all principles and safeguards as is the man. They are equal in the source of power, and the right to justice, and equal in the right to have public policy so shaped as to promote the interest and happiness of all and all.

"Man has the natural, the inalienable, right to gain the means of livelihood by the use of the powers given him, whether those powers be estimated as they are when developed by the hands of nature, or as they are when developed and enlarged by labor, energy and application. Whatever the powers or attainments may be, he has the equal right with all others to pursue any of the vocations that may be within the reach of his ability, and woman has a like right. She is one of the units that make up 'we, the people.'

An Inalienable Right.

"The right to gain shelter or bread by practicing law is the same inalienable, natural right that existed in the beginning, that was preserved when government was created and equality of rights was declared. The principle of equality of rights involves the right to share equality with man in all the bread-winning activities of life and leaves it to woman's taste and inclination to make selection of pursuit. Is it perpetuating the blessings of free government, is it promoting justice to all, is it promoting the interests and happiness of the citizen, is it transmitting to posterity the enjoyment of liberty, when man takes from woman her inalienable right to practice law as a means of livelihood, and in the same breath that robs her, give the equivalent right to himself?

"To show the depth of this injustice let me state a case that may arise any day under our laws. In the vicissitudes of life a woman finds herself alone in the world. Alone and helpless she must battle for and side with the stern realities of life. In the struggle, the turmoil, she must live. With the heroism of a true woman, she turns herself to the law as the one that may open to her. The years pass, and by her efforts she gains a home. Where she finds a shelter, little property is taxed. She has no voice in selecting the man who assesses the tax, nor the one who sometimes are slow in collecting the money after it is collected. She is a woman of talent, education and industry. She finds it hard to live and pay her taxes. The profession of her ability to practice a profession, for the enjoyment of which made to promote the interest and happiness of the citizen, she turns to the law. It is an honorable and lucrative profession, and, by it, she is not promoting her interest and happiness in bitter disappointment she finds that man has taken that profession for his own exclusive use, and she is turned away. She is a bread-winner, but the best means for earning her livelihood is denied her solely because she is a woman.

"I submit that this committee a matter, which, of itself and apart from all else, should insure the passage of the bill. Under our law, a lawyer from another state may practice in all the courts of this state. If by the law of that other state a woman of this state is allowed to practice there. In 45 of the states of this union and in the Philippines women are allowed to practice law, and, under our statute, they say practice in their courts. We deny the right to practice in our courts. We deny the right to practice in our courts. We deny the right and also to women from forty-five of the other states. It is a plain case of not insuring justice to all. And I, for one, appeal to an appeal to the men of the present day to correct a blunder that leaves a blot upon the conscience of our own time. We may profit by the wisdom of the past, but we are under the necessity of meeting the present. What has the Georgia woman done that justifies such an unbending power making opportunity which he gives to women of the other states?

A Mockery of Justice.

"Our code of 1868 provided that 'any white male citizen might be permitted to practice law.' The code of 1873 of that same changed to 'any male citizen,' which language let negro men into the profession. The code shuts women out—that is now the law, and it is a mockery of justice. Striking the word 'white' may have been loyal to the federal government, but the failure to strike out 'male' showed injustice to women.

"Allowing woman to practice the profession is not a mere experiment. The two professions—law and medicine—are vital in society, and each has a high standard of skill and learning. There is no distinction between them as to the calls made upon a woman's sympathies. If, under the law, a general call from suffering humanity she is brought to the bedside of any night, she direct contact with all manner of people, under all circumstances, to treat all kinds of diseases and conditions. The practice of medicine imposes upon woman everything that confronts her when she practices at the bar. Long ago this state authorized her to enter the medical profession, and there is no record of any one to deny her a like that she had undertaken, she has succeeded. There is no suggestion of neglect of injury to her womanhood-nor to society, and no thought of withdrawing the privilege. On the contrary, the state has encouraged female physician, by providing that she may practice in the hospitals and asylums of the state in the state sanitarium. If woman can do that, and with success, in a profession where no more learning nor greater ability are required, and where the duties are less trying, and where the temptation to the practice of law she may become a specialist, and may choose that department of the practice that suits her. If she wishes she may confine herself to office work and never appear before a jury, court or in prison.

"The experiment, as to the legal profession, has been tried on a large scale, and uniformly with success. Forty-five of the states of the union have tried it, and not one of them has retraced the step. All but three of the forty-eight states have women lawyers. There has resulted no hurt to woman, to the profession, nor to the public.

Russia Leads Here.

"Russia is the latest to receive this light and join the procession of advancing states. Even Russia has recognized the justice that was of extending woman's sphere. Extending her sphere means her more substantial benefit. It leads to more useful, higher and happier life. Who is there in this free land of ours to deny it to her?

"Please pardon a personal reference when I say that I have a daughter who is the pride of my own life. I see no occasion when my loyalty to her and the state failed. I am sure no such failure ever consciously occurred, because it has been the conviction of a lifetime that there was no finer work for men—taken collectively—than the lawyers. And that right in married life, especially, found its fabulwark. In view of the profession, as it stands in its relation to the individual, and to society, and to the state, it is my conviction that the lawyers of Georgia should open their doors wide to women and their country the service to rise up and gracefully invite women to seats at the bar."

COLLEGE ENDOWMENT EXEMPTIONS FAVORED BY PAPERS OF STATE

THE HOUSE CANNOT DO LESS.

(From The Macon News.)

The house cannot conscientiously do less than to concur in the action of the senate in passing the bill proposing a constitutional amendment for the relief of school and college endowments from the burden of taxation.

The senate having passed the bill by an overwhelming vote, practically without a dissenting voice, the house should also exhibit its patriotic spirit and its proper appreciation of the merits of this legislation by doing likewise.

A BILL THAT SHOULD PASS.

(From The Cordele Dispatch.)

We do not believe in levying tribute on education, nor a penalty on EFFORT. Taxes should be raised in some other way. The Rev. Chauncey Walker H. Hall, of the Unaversity of Georgia, referred to this tax on college endowments as "an infamous window-tax upon the human soul," and that just about expresses the truth of the matter. Of course, if this tax is removed, it gives the various institutions opportunity to do more for the rising generation and women and man at education, and it is finally a law for the better educational advantages of the young.

We do think a good reason why this law should not pass.

HEARTILY FAVORS THE BILL.

(From The Milledgeville Union-Recorder.

The Union-Recorder heartily favors the passage of the bill before the legislature for the exemption of college endowments taxation. This was introduced by Senator Walker, of Bibb county.

Some of the institutions that would be helped by this bill are Mercer, Emory, Oglethorpe, Shorter, Bessie Tift, Wesleyan, Agnes Scott, Norman Park and Young Harris. Georgia needs the good work of all her educational institutions and all the colleges should be encouraged.

A DETRIMENTAL TAX.

(From The Columbus Ledger.)

Both the senate and the house should pass this bill and that tax, which has proven so detrimental to the educational interests of the state all these years, should be removed at the earliest possible date.

AN ARGUMENT THAT WILL NOT HOLD WATER.

(From The Athens Banner.)

There is no real good argument to advance against this proposition. The argument that it will be mixing church and state affairs will not hold water. The proposed change in the state law would simply mean that much more and better education for a large number of the young people of the state.

Georgia educational institutions are not burdened with money. They have a hard time to get along. Their endowments are small and they have to practice the most rigid economy to keep going and are pressed up to what is required of them. The state of Georgia is big enough and rich enough to forego the collection of taxes on the endowments of all educational institutions.

NO UNION OF CHURCH AND STATE.

(From The Montezuma Georgian.)

Georgia and Florida are the only southern states to tax college endowments. The states which refuse to adopt the fatal policy to which Georgia has ashered since 1877 are: Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, Washington and West Virginia. A goodly company, and we would do well to line up with them. It is claimed that exemption from taxation means "Union of Church and State," and the answer is, is there union of church and state in those states which have exempted colleges from taxation?

With the Exchanges

NOVEL SCHOOL DECISION.
(Lansing (Mich.) Dispatch.)

If you are married to a woman who is still of school age and are not a taxpayer, you cannot vote at a school election, ruled Attorney-General Fellows, for Superintendent Fred W. Keeler, of the department of public instruction.

The question which raised the question came from Pinconning, where a man not a taxpayer had a wife who was under 18 years of age. He believed that he could vote at a coming school election for the reason that the law of a former session of the legislature provided he is the "parent or legal guardian of a child of school age."

According to the attorney general, the law does not view the husband as a legal guardian of his wife, though she be on the school census and still of the compulsory education age.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

The report that German submarines were about to open a campaign on shipping in the Suez canal will, for the time being, tend further to decrease traffic on that waterway. The canal has been adversely affected by the war. In 1913 it showed a decrease of 241,234 tons as compared with 1912, and the reduction of the transit dues to 6.25 francs, from 10 francs, in August, 1914, coincided with the reduction in tonnage, had the effect of lowering transit receipts to $24,443,630, in 1914 from $26,213,190 in 1913. In the early months of 1914 traffic improved, showing an increase of 1,154,077 tons during the first six months, and the transit receipts increased by almost half a million dollars. When war broke out in August, 1914, activity was affected and since then it has decreased. In 1913 the canal was before the Suez canal, French. No separate listing of the fow American craft is given. The net British tonnage in 1913 was 20,000,000 and the net total 21,000,000. German approached 3,500,000. In 1914 British and Egyptian tonnage fell off 1,000,000 tons, only 2,587 and the German 472, the respective tonnage being 10,783,291 and 2,068,906. With the exception of Austria, Italian, Norwegian and Greek flags, all the nationalities, says Commerce Reports, showed increases, the total decrease for 1914 amounting to 751 steamers of 2,572,735 tons. Although British tonnage is reduced 50 per cent, it is still pronounced than that of other nations. In 1913 British tonnage represented 60 per cent of the total. At last year, owing to other national flags disappearing, the percentage was 62.7 of the whole.

EL CENTRO.

(From The Indianapolis News.)

El Centro is a small tow. In the extreme southern part of California. It has a population of about 2,000 and is in the center of a rapidly growing region. According to indefinite reports the town and the other points in Imperial valley have suffered a severe earthquake. It is said that casualties among persons have been crushed by falling walls. The shocks were of wide range, and this is what added interest to the recent one for earthquake of 1906, Los Angeles, in fact practically all southern California, escaped with only a slight tremor. The El Centro quake indicated that no part of the state is immune. El Centro is known to outsiders chiefly by its name on fruit boxes. Imperial valley is the wonderful region which is being irrigated from the Colorado river. Around El Centro promises to become an important horticultural and agricultural point. At this point, Calexico is a minor settlement on the border. The shock, it appears, extended well down into Mexican territory.

SEMI-MONTHLY PAY FOR LABOR IS URGED

Measure Will Be Considered Before the Judiciary Committee of the House at Meeting Today.

When the semi-monthly pay bill comes up before the judiciary committee of the legislature today it will be strongly backed by representatives of the federation recently formed between the Georgia branch of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative union and the Georgia Federation of Labor. The farmers and organized labor have been working for this bill, which is a part of their joint legislative program, and they are optimistic over the probability of its passage.

The loan shark, they declare, can only be put out of business by giving the laborer the money he has earned at such frequent intervals as he will have no necessity to mortgage his expected pay. The bill, they point out, makes it necessary for the employer to make semi-monthly payments only where it is asked.

The laborer, it is said, will be able to live at a much smaller cost to his family on account of the cash prices his ready money will secure. In this connection merchants are generally regarded as favoring the semi-monthly payment since money is thereby placed oftener in the channels of trade.

Firms working in opposition to the bill say that the expense of an additional office force sufficient to handle the pay roll would make the overhead expenses unjustly large. Labor leaders state that this situation would only last till the workings of the bill were fully adjusted to office methods.

AT THE THEATERS

"Beulah."

(At the Forsyth.)

There is no question as to the success of the policy of feature pictures at the Forsyth during the vacation of vaudeville. Fine pictures, continuous from 11 o'clock each morning until 11 o'clock at night, and the admission price of 10 cents for adults and 5 cents for children, has been a most attractive proposition. The management has been fortunate in securing some very fine pictures and it has been announced that so long as the picture season continues there will never be more than 10 cents asked for admission. The theater is delightfully pleasant; it is thoroughly ventilated, and the thousands who have attended vaudeville during other summer seasons when the temperature in the Forsyth on the hottest days, has been quite below that, are heartily invited out of doors.

In rounding up the program for this week the great feature, "Beulah," in six parts, made by the Balboa company, of California, was selected for the feature for today and Tuesday and it is the most expensive picture that has ever been offered here for the first time at 10-cent prices. Henry B. Walthall, the famous screen actor, who is the star of the wonderful "Birth of a Nation" feature, is the star of "Beulah," and it is said that his acting in the Augusta Evans novel made into a picture play is simply wonderful. Wednesday and Thursday William A. Brady furnishes "The Cub," one of the great stage successes and on Friday and Saturday Atlanta people will see Frank Daniels for the first time in pictures as the comedy star of "Crooky," a Vitagraph feature.

Laura Hope Crews.

(At the Grand.)

Laura Hope Crews, the splendid actress who has entertained a large proportion of people during her theatrical career, is fast becoming one of the idols of the screen and will appear in a feature picture today and Tuesday at the Grand. It is not remarkable now that these great stage successes in pictures, for it is pretty well known that their salary each week greatly exceeds what they were paid in the real life of theatricals, so real life has its inducements. Miss Crews will be seen in the Lasky-Belasco production, "The Fighting Hope," that is just full of Belasco detail and Lasky photography, and of course there is a cast supporting Miss Crews that will be prominent all through the five reels of excellent entertainment. There is all kinds of interest, too, in the engagement of Mary Pickford on Wednesday and Thursday in her famous success, "Less than Dust." Friday and Saturday Morosco will offer the great feature special, "Kilmey," and Atlanta movie fans will have a genuine treat.

"Should a Mother Tell?"

(At the Strand.)

The Strand theater will offer today the latest feature from the studios of William Fox, "Should a Mother Tell?" with Hetty Nonsen in the star part. Miss Nonsen has appeared upon the screen a number of times in Fox releases and has a large following. She will be remembered for her wonderful performance in "A Woman's Resurrection," shown recently at the Strand. In the part of "Should a Mother Tell?" there is unfolded a story that surpasses in interest anything in which she has demonstrated her wonderful dramatic powers. Stuart Holmes, who supports Miss Nansen, portrays the part to perfection. Arthur Hoops and Clair Whitney are also in the cast.

In addition to the regular musical program the Strand orchestra will render at all performances today a special concert number, the soprano from Lucia di Lammermoor.

IS SERIOUSLY INJURED WHEN KICKED BY HORSE

Waycross, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—S. W. Walker, member of the police force, was seriously injured this morning when he was kicked by his horse. Walker was walking around the horse, a swift kick from the animal struck the switch touched the animal it kicked. Both feet struck the officer, one in the face and the other in the left side. His physicians fear that the left eye will be lost. Walker was picked up 15 feet from the horse.

Mrs. Thackara Dead.

Paris, July 18.—Eleanor Sherman Thackara, wife of Alexander M. Thackara, American consul general at Paris, died early today. She had been working hard, especially for Serbian relief, for six months, until taken suddenly ill three months ago. Mrs. Thackara was a daughter of General W. T. Sherman.

14-K. Gold LaVallieres With Three Diamonds $7.50 Upward

La Vallieres are always popular.

We don't know of a better gift, for a woman can't have too many necklaces.

We have a good assortment of 14-K. solid gold La Vallieres—having three genuine diamond drops—at prices ranging from $7.50 upward.

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Write for 160-page illustrated catalogue for 1915.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Gold and Silversmiths
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

CITY HALL GOSSIP

BY A. CLOYD GILL

Studying Commission Form.

Atlanta officials are watching with interest developments in the political situation at Rome, Ga., and Nashville, Tenn., where certain members of the commission of those cities are under indictment. The majority of members of general council are against commission form and several of them are filing all press clippings bearing on the municipal troubles of the two cities in question. Those favoring that form of city government claim the trouble with the men in office, and those against it declare it merely emphasizes their position.

Thoae Bridge Inspectors.

Councilman Sam Freeman, chairman of the bridge committee, who of his own accord named two inspectors to look after the recent painting and improvements on the city bridges at a cost of about $500, will make another effort Monday to secure the passage in general council of a resolution authorizing the hiring of the inspectors. Recently the aldermanic board nonconcurred in the resolution after it had been passed by council. Councilman Freeman will ask a conference committee Monday on the resolution. If he again fails, it will be up to him to pay the money out of his own pocket.

Shearer Has Lost Articles.

Custodian J. M. Shearer, in charge of the city hall, has in his possession a pair of handsome gold-rimmed spectacles found in the building Friday night, and which will be returned to the owner if he calls and identifies them. Mr. Shearer has posted notices in the elevator asking that all articles found in the building be turned over to his office to be held for those calling for them.

Farlinger Unopposed.

That Councilman A. W. Farlinger, of the fourth ward, will have no opposition this fall in his race for re-election is the belief around city hall since Mr. Farlinger has proved himself one of the strongest and most valuable men in the city government. As chairman of the finance committee, he has given much of his time to looking after the finances of the city, and in doing so, has taken the city to advantage of his business experience. For several months during the spring he had a desk in the purchasing agent's office and personally handled much of the city's business. Soon the committee got down to work on the June finance sheet, Chairman Farlinger and the city situation was well in hand. That the sheet was completed one day earlier than in former years and it was passed by general council without delay.

Sidney Ormond Ill.

A host of friends not only in the city hall, but throughout the city, will learn with sincere regret of the illness of Sidney Ormond, executive secretary to Mayor Woodward. The mayor and several members of the general council called on him yesterday. His friends will join in wishing for him an early recovery.

Favors Star Chamber Sessions.

Mayor Woodward Saturday took a position that is certain to meet with misapprobation from many sources. He declared that he was in favor of executive sessions of city boards, particularly the police board, and did not believe that newspaper men ought to be allowed to attend such meetings when the public is excluded. Councilman Claude Ashley, who engaged in the discussion, took a broader view of the matter and stated that he believed newspaper men should be permitted to attend all sessions held by public officials, whether executive or otherwise. The mayor intimated that he would attempt to have police probe sessions held behind closed doors and bar newspaper men.

Don't Fear Probers.

When some time ago the chamber of commerce named an efficiency committee to probe the various city departments, heads and the rank and file of the departments antagonized a series of unpleasant visits by the committeemen, and later a probe committee was named by general council for the same purpose. To date very little has been done by any of the committees, and when one of the sub-committees from the chamber of commerce made public showing the number of surface closets in the city and the state of affairs as regards sanitation, it was learned that the data was not compiled by the committee, but by the employees and chief of the sanitary department. Some of the department heads had hoped that the committees would make personal investigations of their departments and get all information first hand, and they have given the assurance that they will be glad to give every consideration and the cooperation of the men in the departments.

INCOMPETENT COOKS COSTLY TO ATLANTA, SAYS B. R. HOLMES

"The people of Atlanta lose more than $50,000 a year by the colored cooks not being trained as experts, and incompetent cooks increase death rates," declared B. R. Holmes, president of the Holmes institute, in addressing a large congregation of colored citizens in the First African Methodist Episcopal church Sunday night in East Point, Ga.

"Every colored woman should be trained in a cooking school, built by the city and state, before they are employed. There are more than twenty thousand colored cooks employed by the white people who have not been trained in their profession.

At the Holmes institute more than fifty colored cooks, and one hundred waiters, delivery boys, chambermaids and janitors have applied for admission in the colored night school who want to become more efficient in their work, so that they can render better service to their employers. The city and state could not make a better investment than to give the colored people who work in their homes an opportunity to become more competent.

The Holmes institute is soliciting funds to build a cooking school for the working girls of the race.

Rev. B. G. Dawson, pastor of the church, lauded the Holmes institute, and said that it was doing a commendable work for the colored people and deserves the help of all good citizens.

ANOTHER VICTIM TAKEN BY "JACK THE RIPPER"

After an absence of months, "Jack-the-Ripper," that will-o'-wisp murderer, whose midnight activities have baffled the city in years gone by, again made his appearance in Atlanta Saturday night.

Police officers, early Sunday morning, found the body of a negro woman, which had been slashed in several places with a razor, or very sharp knife. The body was lying in a ditch alongside the road at Sixteenth and Cherry streets. The negress so far is unidentified.

City detectives have been put to work on the murder. Police Captain W. M. Mayo, Sunday said that the murder had every aspect of the old "Jack-the-Ripper" murders of several years ago.

MISS NELLIE CARPENTER MARRIES MR. COPPAGE

The marriage of Miss Nellie Irene Carpenter and Mr. William James Coppage was held at the home of Rev. A. V. Hendley Sunday afternoon, after which the young couple left for a honeymoon at Borden-Wheeler Springs. They will be at home, 252 South Pryor street, after August 1.

Raymonde DeLaunnois to Sing In Atlanta Soon to Give Aid To Suffering Women in France

RAYMONDE DE LAUNNOIS,
Who will sing here for war sufferers.

Madame Raymonde Delaunnois, well known to Atlantans, having appeared here in grand opera, singing in "The Tales of Hoffman" last season, left America soon after the closing of the opera season to join her husband, who at the time she was in this country was fighting in the French trenches.

Madame Delaunnois is a warm friend of Dr. F. E. May, in this city, and has communicated with him, telling of the great European war as seen from Amiens, where she is waiting for her husband to return to her.

Dr. May received a letter recently from the actress, in which she tells of the horrors of the conflict so near to the town where she is living.

Madam Delaunnois states in her letter to Dr. May that she will appear in concerts throughout Georgia in October, and every cent which she collects will be sent direct to France to go toward buying food and clothing for the women and children, who, after all, are having the worst time of the war.

Madame Delaunnois' Letter.

Madame Delaunnois writes as follows:

"Grand Hotel de l'Univers, Amiens, June 3, 1915.—Dear Dr. May: I received your letter when I arrived in Paris. I reached here the evening of the 29th, having sailed from New York on the 15th of May.

"You will know by the stationery that I am at the Hotel de l'Univers at the present time. I have been here a week so far.

"I was waiting for my husband to come to me, although it is not probable that he will get a chance to come to see me, as the battle is now north of Arras. In spite of that I will wait until I hear from him or know that it is useless to wait any longer.

"It is difficult to give you a general impression of the war or of the way the French are living at it. The people here believe that it will last a long time yet, but they are not discouraged and do not regard the consequences seriously.

"You hear the opinion of which I have spoken on all sides, and those impressions are general.

Certain of Victory.

"The people realize that we must not lose courage now after we have made so many sacrifices and have lost so many brave and good men. We are certain of victory in the end.

"I hope that soon I can be with you and with my friends in Atlanta. I hope I will have an opportunity of telling you of the times which are so stirring to us here in France.

"Now let us speak of my concerts. I intend to give a series of them for Georgia, and I will be in Atlanta some time in October, and will then give ten concerts in Georgia, the proceeds from which I will donate to the French people and to the brave French soldiers.

"I intend to give the first series of my concerts in opera, the second part will consist of old French songs of the eighteenth century, and in that part I will wear the costumes of that time.

"This is a very serious letter, my friend, unlike the moods which you knew me to express. I cannot be gay as the only idea which has taken possession of me since being here is to see my husband. I shall not smile until I do see him.

"The sentiments inspired by this great war are far from leading one to smile and be gay, are they not?

"Then I shall be very glad to see you again and to be with my friends in Atlanta. To them I send a thousand greetings. Sincerely,

"RAYMONDE DELAUNNOIS."

BALL CLUB SECRETARY IS DROWNED AT MACON

E. F. Decotts, of Jacksonville, Loses Life Within Sight of 1,000 People.

Macon, Ga., July 18.—E. F. DeCottes, 24 years old, secretary of the Jacksonville baseball team of the South Atlantic league, was drowned this afternoon while in bathing at the Recreation club, near here. He was with some of the Jacksonville baseball players at the time.

Over 1,000 people were at the lake at the time DeCottes drowned, but none of them learned of the tragedy until the victim had passed beyond the hope of resuscitation.

DeCottes and a boy in his teens swam to a pavilion in the middle of the lake and diversified their sport by diving from the structure. DeCottes dived and remained under the water so long his youthful companion became alarmed. He made no outcry, however, until he saw the form of the diver rise nearly to the top of the water and disappear again. Then his cries aroused the other swimmers, and Louie Feldman, a local athlete, quickly brought the body to the surface.

DeCottes had been under the water about seven minutes. Every effort was made to revive him, but without avail.

It is the theory of physicians that DeCottes was a victim of acute indigestion, brought about by coming in contact with the cold water at the bottom of the lake, which is fed by springs. The water was 15 feet deep where the body was found.

DeCottes was 24 years of age, and is survived by his mother and sister at Jacksonville.

The body will be taken to Jacksonville tomorrow morning.

Two years ago, a young Hollander, recently arrived in this country, was drowned near the spot where DeCottes sank.

R. D. STINSON PREACHES IN CHARLESTON CHURCH

Charleston, S. C., July 18.—(Special.)—Rev. Richard D. Stinson, principal of the Atlanta Normal and Industrial institute, a school for training colored youths to do with their hands the every-day things of life, preached morning and evening in Emanuel and Mount Zion churches here today. He speaks Monday night in the Meeting Street Methodist church on useful education for boys and girls. Stinson said the school was badly in need of a building and funds to pay indebtedness and to enlarge the usefulness of the plant.

MISS LENA CONKLIN MAKES A BIG HIT AT AUDITORIUM

Approximately 1,500 people tendered Miss Lena Conklin, the noted soprano singer of New York, an enthusiastic ovation at the Auditorium Armory Sunday afternoon, when she appeared in concert with City Organist Edwin Arthur Kraft.

Called back for encores time and again, Miss Conklin displayed her talent in some of the most difficult grand opera numbers ever heard at the Auditorium-Armory.

Professor Kraft was up to his usual standard and admirably filled his half of the afternoon's entertainment.

The program rendered by the two artists was as follows:

R. Spaulding Stroughton. "Persian Suite." (a) "The Courts of Jamshyd;" (b) "The Gardeu of Iram;" (c) "Saki."

Georges Bizet. Minuet in C minor from "L'Arlesienne." (Specially requested.)

Charles Gounod, "O Divine Redeemer"—Miss Conklin.

Tschaikowsky, "Andante Cantabile, from the Fifth Symphony."

J. Stuart Archer, "Allegretto Scherzando." (a) Arthur Foote. "There Sits a Bird on Every Tree." (b) Louis Reichardt, "When the Roses Bloom;" (c) R. H. Woodman, "An Open Secret"—Miss Conklin.

Von Weber—Overture to "Euryanthe."

MACON GIRL FINDS HER BABY BROTHER DROWNED IN A TUB

Macon, Ga., July 19.—(Special.)—While playing about a tub of water at the home of his parents, Clarence Barkley, three-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Barkley, residing near the Idle Hour nurseries on the Forsyth road, today fell into the tub and was drowned.

His seven-year-old sister had been playing with the baby, but left him to feed the chickens. When she returned she found the body half-submerged in the water.

Coroner Stubbs pronounced it a case of accidental drowning.

GLASSES FITTED.

If your eyes trouble you in the least you should find out if glasses are needed. We offer you a thoroughly reliable and dependable optical service. We will fit the correct lenses in the latest style mountings at a moderate charge. A. K. Hawkes Co., Opticians, 14 Whitehall street.—(adv.)

Established 25 Years
DR. E. G. GRIFFIN
5 W. ALA. ST.
Reliable

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S Gate City Dental Rooms
Over Brown & Allen's Drug Store.
Entrance 5 West Alabama, Corner Alabama and Whitehall. Lowest prices for best expert dental work. ALL our work is guaranteed. Dr. E. G. GRIFFIN personally in charge. Lady Attendant.
BELL PHONE MAIN 1708.

ATLANTA SWELTERED WHILE THE SUN BLAZED

Unofficial Thermometers Showed Temperature as High as 97 Degrees.

Atlanta didn't need any weather man to be on the job and inform the city of the fact that Sunday was the hottest day of the year.

The beating sun proclaimed it; cloudless skies proclaimed their share of it; simmering sidewalks and ooxy pavements where the tar boiled up like syrup made it known beyond a doubt. The mercury went up beyond 90 and remained there most of the day.

During noontide and the early afternoon thermometers on the streets climbed even so high as 96 and 97. Thermometers, however, vary according to their location. But none of them, even in the shade, fell below 90.

The temperature was so intense that everyone who could find any comfort at all there, remained at home. The streets were almost empty, and nowhere were there to be seen the usual summer Sunday strollers.

The parks, however, drew immense crowds. Piedmont entertained a bigger crowd of swimmers than any day this season, and Grant park all afternoon was filled with women and girls and children seeking refuge from the heat.

AGAINST COLOR LINE IN GEORGIA SCHOOLS, PASTOR MAKES PLEA

"Shall It Be Made a Crime for One Man to Teach Another in Georgia?" was the subject of the special sermon by Rev. H. H. Proctor, at the First Congregational church, colored, last night, in opposition to the bill by Senator Way, now before the legislature, and which seeks to prevent white teachers from teaching in negro schools and vice versa.

"This measure," he said, "while it clears the law better by applying equally to the teachers of both races, yet in spirit is a stroke at those mission teachers who have come into our midst and in the spirit of Christ taught us the way of life more perfectly. Correlating in these mission schools of higher culture the industrial, the literary and the spiritual, these men and women, in their simplicity, taught us how to work and to worship; how to live and to live, to bear and to forbear, to love and not to hate.

"Looked at from any important point of view this measure is a bad one. It is un-American in spirit, contrary to southern policy both ante-bellum and post-bellum, legally unconstitutional, socially divisive and morally unjust. Above all, it is contradictory to the genius of that Christian spirit supposed to permeate our civilization. In his great command to evangelize the world, Jesus laid great stress on the social feature of teaching. Should Congress pass it would make the state of Georgia say to its white men, 'Preach white folks alone,' whereas the Great Teacher commanded his disciples to teach all men.

"No wonder The Atlanta Constitution, in its fine, strong editorial, expressed its amazement that such a measure should be presented in this twentieth century. It is the more unfortunate in view of the fact that there is this movement here in Georgia for a generation or more. I trust, therefore, that the house will set its disapproval upon this unjust measure."

DR. HOLDERBY PREACHES AT EAST POINT CHURCH

Baptist and Presbyterian churches of East Point held a united service in the Baptist Tabernacle Sunday night, at which time Dr. Andrew R. Holderby, of Moore Memorial church, preached to a record-breaking congregation.

At the new Presbyterian church in the morning, Dr. Holderby took as his text, "The Secret of Long Life," basing his sermon on the sixteenth verse of St. John.

The theme of the morning service was that the people of God, by following the religious teachings of the gospel, received long life for their faith and the blessings which go with eternal life.

DON'T LET CONSUMPTION TAKE YOU TO YOUR GRAVE

You have to go some time but you do not have to go that way; become

Lung-Vita Conquers Consumption

Strong words, those; but they mean just what they say. If you have consumption, asthma, weak lungs, or any other throat or lung trouble, don't wait till it is too late, begin the Lung-Vita treatment today. Your druggist has it. Made by Rashford Medicine Co., Nashville, Tenn.

Druggists Supplied by Atlanta Jobbers

KODAKERS
If you are as particular as I am the men in OUR OWN Laboratory will give you satisfactory work.
We enjoy the largest amateur photo-finishing business in the South by producing every day splendid prints. Take your spool roll films developed free. Write for price list.
E. H. CONE, Inc., (2 stores) ATLANTA, GA.

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MADE FOR FLOORS
Georgia Paint & Glass Co.
35-37 Luckie Street

HOTELS AND RESORTS

WAYNE MINERAL BATHS
DETROIT The finest in America; iron, sea, and sulphur-saline water unexcelled in therapeutic value. Connected with Wayne Hotel, right on the river front. European plan, $1 per day upward. Write for descriptive booklet of Bath House.
J. R. HAYES, Proprietor, Detroit, Mich.

ATLANTIC CITY.
KENTON HALL
occupying a square on Ocean Front, rooms single or in suite. Private baths, elevator, running hot and cold water in all bed chambers. Dining hall overlooks the ocean. Rates upon application. Thos. Kent.

BOYS OF BATTERY B IN ANNISTON CAMP

Atlantans Highly Praised for Their Efficiency in Pitching Tents.

By J. Walter LeCraw.

Anniston, Ala., July 18.—(Special.)—After a hard afternoon work, pitching tents and preparing the camp for a ten days' stay, the boys of Atlanta artillery battery B, National Guard of Georgia, completed their camp at sundown this afternoon and gathered at the sound of the cannon for their first "retreat" on the United States military reservation here.

The camp of the Atlanta boys was pitched directly alongside the tents of battery C, of the United States field artillery, which is one of the veteran batteries of the regular United States army. This is the battery that became famous during the Boxer uprising in China, being among the allied forces that advanced on Pekin in 1900. It has recently returned from Mexico, marching 400 miles. Beginning tomorrow morning, this battery will work hand in hand with the Atlanta artillery, going through drills and skirmishes with them.

Captain William M. Michel, of the Third United States field artillery, is the camp commander. First Lieutenant E. M. Bailey, of the United States field artillery, will be the senior instructor in charge of the drills and practice work of the coming ten days. Captain A. J. McBride, Jr., commanding the Atlanta battery, as well as the officers of the "regular" troops stationed here, expressed praise for the Atlanta boys for their efficient work in pitching their camp. The tents are located on the side of a sloping hill with good sanitary condition, and everyone seems delighted at the location and outlook of the camp.

SPIDER BITE CAUSES DEATH OF H. S. WILLIAMS

Columbus, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The body of H. S. Williams, a well-known Columbus railroad man, who died of blood-poisoning the result of a spider bite, was carried today to McDonough, Ga., where the funeral and interment took place. Two special cars over the Southern railway conveyed Columbus relatives and friends to McDonough.

Mr. Williams had been a railroad man for twenty-seven years, and for several years had been yardmaster for the Southern and Seaboard railways here. His wife and five children survive him. Mr. Williams was a prominent Mason and Shriner.

Get a Gas Range NOW

This is the time and here is the opportunity to make your kitchen comfortable and efficient.

Re-built Gas Ranges
(With Our Guarantee)
at Special Prices

Special terms, too, on some. The number is limited, so you'd better buy early. Sale starts today.

ATLANTA GAS LIGHT CO.

JUDGE JAMES F. WINN DIES IN DOUGLASVILLE

Judge James F. Winn, for fifteen years judge of the superior court of Douglasville, Ga., died at his home there Sunday morning at 5 o'clock.

Judge Winn was a prominent Mason of Douglasville and a member of the Methodist church. He is survived by his father, F. M. Winn, his wife; four sons, Hubert, Frank, Walter and Marcus Winn; four daughters, Mrs. Alva Hucksby, Mrs. Jennie Morris and Misses Ruth and Ethel Winn; six sisters, Mrs. John McKelvey, of Coleman, Ala.; Mrs. N. S. Lipscomb, of Birmingham, Ala.; Mrs. H. R. Barron, of Winston, Ga.; Mrs. C. W. McGlohk and Mrs. O. T. Miller, of Douglasville, and Mrs. L. R. Huckaby, of Crawfordville.

The funeral will be held from the residence at 10 o'clock Monday morning.

Had Pellagra Seven Years; Thanks God He's Cured

Cowards, S. C.—David G. Pate, of this place, writes: "I am glad to say to you, after waiting forty days, that I still feel like I am cured of pellagra. I had this disease for the last seven years. The fourth day after beginning your medicine I went back to work and have been able to do my work ever since. I thank God for your remedy.

There is no longer any doubt that pellagra can be cured. Don't delay until it is too late. It is your duty to consult the resourceful Baughn.

The symptoms—hands red like sunburn, skin peeling off, sore mouth, the lips, throat and tongue a flaming red, with much mucus and choking; indigestion and nausea, either diarrhoea or constipation.

There is hope; get Baughn's big Free book on Pellagra and learn about the remedy for Pellagra that has at last been found. Address American Compounding Co., Box 2002, Jasper, Ala., remembering money is refunded in any case where the remedy fails to cure.—(adv.)

Blue Gem---Red Ash Jellico $4.50
Double Screened Nut $3.75
PROCTER'S
Phone Main 1672 Atlanta 1672

GEORGIA RAILROAD EXCURSIONS
—TO—
ISLE OF PALMS, S. C.
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.
$6.00 SIX DAYS $6.00
JULY 26th
Coaches and Through Sleepers
Union Depot Ticket Office Phone Main 213
City Ticket Office Peachtree Street Viaduct Phone Main 169
J. P. BILLUPS, General Passenger Agent

Vols Here Today---Red Sox in Lead

Sports Edited by Dick Jemison.

BRUNSWICK PLAYS VALDOSTA TUESDAY

First Game in Post-Season Series for the F. L. A. G. League Pennant Scheduled at Valdosta.

The first game of the post-season series to determine the winner of the pennant in the F. L. A. G. league will be played at Valdosta, Ga., Tuesday, July 20, the winner to be determined by that team winning four games first.

The first and second games of the series are scheduled for Valdosta; the third and fourth in Brunswick; the fifth in Valdosta, and the sixth in Brunswick, the seventh, if necessary, to be arranged later, either in one of the two towns or on a neutral city.

Brunswick won the first half pennant. Valdosta won the second half. Umpires White and Donahue have been selected to handle the series.

Both teams will be permitted to make four changes in their lineups, provided these changes are made prior to the first game of the series, and the players secured are not members of any team to come from any other team in the league. No changes will be permitted after the series has started.

The general admission fee to all games will be 50 cents, with the home clubs setting the grandstand prices.

The players will get 60 per cent of the first four games, which will be divided, the winning club to get 60 per cent and the loser 40. The loser gets 10 per cent from all the games, and the clubs share 50-50 in 30 per cent of the first four games, and 90 per cent of whatever others remain to be played. This division is from the gross receipts, including grandstand.

The complete list of eligible men, and the batteries for the opening game at Valdosta, will probably be announced tomorrow.

"Boy Manager" and Vols Come Today For Series That Closes Home Stay

Bill Schwartz, known generally as the "boy manager," and one of the most popular of the visiting moguls that come to Ponce de Leon, will pilot his Nashville Vols to Atlanta today for a series of four games with the Atlanta Crackers.

To be correct, however, the Vols are already here, and all the piloting that will be necessary will be to pilot them to the ball park and then to victory over the Crackers. The first will be a double-header, but at the rate of speed the Crackers have been showing of late Bill Perry will probably be chosen to be a considerable accomplishment if Manager Hill can put it over.

Scout Perry will face the Vols in the opener, and Scotty has had a splendid rest. The Vols can assure themselves that Perry is in for a battle right now. It is possible that Manager Schwartz will send Outlaw and Kendrick, Rube Kissinger, it is against us. Rube Kissinger, it is said, would be of considerable interest to small fandom, who are desirous of seeing what he can do with spitball proclivities, where he obtained his new lease of life, and from what direction he should win as many games as he has been tucking away on the right side of the ledger since joining the Vols.

Bill will show us a new second baseman today in Sheehan. George Kircher has gone back to the outfield, and the work of the team is the same. Since the Vols were here before Kauffman, McDonald and Day have joined the Crackers.

Off on the Road.

After the series with the Vols, which ends on Thursday, the Crackers hit the road for a jaunt that includes sixteen games, playing in Memphis, Little Rock, Nashville and Chattanooga before returning home. There will be seventeen games in all, as there is a postponed game to be played off in Little Rock.

This trip will keep the Crackers on the road until August 11, when they return for three games with the Mobile Gulls. Then they go to New Orleans for four games, then returning home.

So this stay they meet Chattanooga, Nashville and Memphis. Then they go to Memphis and three not pitted against one another, that it will take the games off Schultz to determine the winner, as there is still a possibility of a tie-up.

Macon won the first half pennant, and Columbus will win the second, the teams mentioned above for the pennant.

PRETTY PENNANT FIGHT IN SALLY

Games Today and Tuesday, Which End Season, Will Determine the Winner of the Second Half.

The South Atlantic league's second half pennant season will come to a close with the games scheduled for today and Tuesday, and so close is the race that it is probable that it will take the outcome of the games on these two days to determine which team wins.

Columbus is leading the race, a half game in advance of Columbia, who is but a line distance ahead of Augusta in third place.

Columbus it will be seen that if all three of these teams win their games Monday and three not pitted against one another, that it will take the games off Schultz to determine the winner, as there is still a possibility of a tie-up.

Macon won the first half pennant, and Columbus will win the second, the teams mentioned above for the pennant.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Buffalo 6, Chicago 4.

Chicago, July 18.—Frederical Brown attempted today a play with which, successfully executed, he broke a pitcher's control record in the final game of the world's series of 1907. With two Buffalo runners on the bases in the eighth, and none out, he had Fritz Hug third base while he himself stood Engel's attempted sacrifice, intending to force out a runner at the plate.

This time Brown threw the ball to left field, and Buffalo counted two runs on the play, making the score 6 to 4.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Buffalo . . . . .010 102 020—6 9 0
Chicago . . . . .100 021 000—4 9 3

Batteries—Schulz and Allen; McConnell, Brown and Wilson.

Kansas City Wins Two.

Kansas City, July 18.—Falkenberg started both games for Newark today and pitched a no-hit game in each instance, the locals winning 10 to 4 and 4 to 2. Vallejo and Brown, who pitched for the locals, were never in danger, and their hitting was good. Shaw's home run into the right field corner in the first inning of the first game was the longest hit ever made on the local field.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Newark . . . . .004 000 000—4 7 1
Kansas City . . . . .002 100 02x—10 14 0

Batteries—Falkenberg, Kaiserling and Fisch; Vallejo and Easterly.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Newark . . . . .000 011 0—2 4 1
Kansas City . . . . .002 100 x—4 6 0

Batteries—Falkenberg, Moran and Rariden; Johnson and Brown.

St. Louis-Baltimore—Rain.
Pittsburg-Brooklyn—Off day.

OTHER RESULTS

American Association.

Kan. City 6, Louis. 3. Louis. 4, Kan. City 0.
St. Paul 7, Clev'd 5. St. Paul 6, Clev'd 1.
Indianapolis 5, Minn. 1. Minn. 1, Colum's 0.
Milwaukee 7, Indianapolis 3.

International League.

Jersey City 4, Buff'o 3. Buff'o 4, Jersey City 3.
Providence 6, Montreal 2.

Texas League.

Ft. Worth 3, Dall's, Dall's 2, Ft. Worth 0.
San Antonio 4, Austin 1. Houst's, Beaum't 0.
Waco 6, Shreveport 3.

EHIBITION GAMES

Little Rock 8, Montgomery 0.

Montgomery, Ala., July 18.—

Score.	R.	H.	E.
Little Rock	8	13	1
Montgomery	3	4	

Batteries—East and Gribbens; Pfingstl, Womack and Lawrence.

MACKLE TOURNEY.

The Qualifying Round Starts at Brookhaven Tuesday.

The second tourney of the season will start Tuesday at Brookhaven, when the qualifying round of the P. E. Mackle trophy tourney is started. It is expected that quite a large number of golfers will qualify, as it has been some time since the last tourney was started.

"Scotty" McKenzie stated Saturday night that the courses had been worked on, and was now in excellent shape. All the putting and fair greens have been worked.

Players will qualify according to their scores, but the club handicap will apply in all matches. As many qualifiers as will be played. An entrance fee of $1 will be charged.

Travelers Recall Roth.

Montgomery, Ala., July 18.—Manager R. G. Allen, of the Little Rock club, of the Southern league, announced today here that while he had recalled Roth, a left-hand pitcher, from the Augusta club of the South Atlantic league, Roth will join the Travelers in Birmingham Tuesday.

Suwanee 15, Shady Dale 4.

Suwanee, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—Suwanee defeated Shady Grove yesterday, 15 to 4, in a game of seven innings. The feature was the pitching of Red Eaves Ayers, who struck out fifteen and giving up three hits.

GENERAL STRIKE HALTED AT THE REMINGTON PLANT

Bridgeport, Conn., July 18.—A series of conferences here and in New York today resulted in the announcement that the general strike of machinists employed by the Remington Arms and Ammunition company would not begin at noon tomorrow, the time set for the walk-out. Persons interested in the continued industrial prosperity of this city, labor men said, were responsible for an agreement to withhold the strike call for at least twenty-four hours.

The plant of the Remington company was still being carefully guarded tonight.

Boston, July 18.—P. J. Conlon, of Washington, vice president of the International Machinists' union, came here today to assist John J. Connolly, of the Boston local, in an organizing campaign.

Connolly said in the event of a strike at Bridgeport the union would "present manufacturers in Boston, who are working on sub-contracts for the big Connecticut firms, from doing this work and also stop the machine-makers from furnishing machinery to contractors who wish to have it installed by others than machinists."

OUR GLASSES HELP

Our glasses help your eyes because they are made exactly according to the prescription of your oculist, with curves scientifically accurate and with a finish as nearly perfect as it is possible for the most skilled mechanic to attain. Bring your oculist prescription to us. John L. Moore & Sons, the Opticians, 42 N. Broad St.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

Gulls 3, Chicks 0.

Mobile, Ala., July 18.—Mobile made it three out of four from Memphis by winning today's game, 3 to 0. Covington kept the six hits off his delivery well scattered, while Roth allowed bunched hits in two innings. Fast fielding marked the game, which was played without an error.

MOB.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	MEM.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.
Northern,rf	3	0	0	1	0	Allison,cf	4	0	2	2	0
Miller,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Hoffman,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Flick,2b	3	0	1	2	0	Stewart,rf	3	0	0	3	0
Burke,lf	3	0	1	1	0	Lord,lf	0	0	0	0	0
Perry,3b	3	1	1	0	1	Schiel,c	4	0	0	4	0
Calhoun,1b	3	0	0	7	0	Calhoun,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Dolard,ss	3	0	1	2	5	Ethel,1b	3	0	1	12	0
Schmidt,c	3	0	0	5	0	Schmidt,ss	3	0	1	1	3
Covington,p	3	0	0	0	5	Roth,p	3	0	0	0	3
Totals	28	3	7	27	11	Totals	32	0	4	24	12

Score by innings:
Mobile . . . . .000 201 00x—3
Memphis . . . . .000 000 000—0

Summary—Two-base hits, Calhoun. Double play, sacrifice hits, Flick, Covington, Mitchell; sacrifice hits, Burke; double plays, Covington to Dolard to Calhoun, Dolard to Calhoun to Ethel; bases on balls, Covington 2, off Roth 3; hit by pitcher, by Covington (Baldwin); left on bases, Mobile 5, Memphis 5. Time, 1:20. Umpires, Cronin and Sneddonan.

Pals & Lookouts 7.

New Orleans, July 18.—New Orleans defeated Atlanta today in both innings today, making a clean sweep of the series. The second game was featured by hard hitting. Clark and Weaver batting been knocked out of the box in the fifth inning. Weaver, was taken out in the seventh to allow Atlanta batter to bat. Hagins relieved Weaver and Elberfeld had spiked Higgins at the plate.

CHAT.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	N. O.	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.
Johnston,lf	4	0	0	2	0	Cunningham,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Elberfeld,ss	4	0	2	5	3	Reilly,ss	4	1	1	2	3
Hendrix,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Hannifan,cf-lf	4	1	2	2	0
Harris,1b	2	1	1	8	0	Knaupp,3b-c	4	2	2	4	2
Fitzwater,rf	4	0	1	1	0	Smith,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Daley,cf	3	1	1	2	0	Bisbee,1b	4	0	2	10	0
Smith,2b	4	0	1	2	3	Clark,p	2	0	0	0	2
Fitzer,3b	3	1	2	4	3	Higgins,c	3	0	2	4	1
Weaver,p	3	0	0	0	2	Hagins,p	1	0	0	0	1
Clark,p	2	0	1	0	2	Allison,lf	1	1	0	0	0
Cunningham,p	1	0	0	0	1	Brown,p	1	0	0	0	0
						Brown,p	1	0	0	0	0
						Kraft,p	1	0	0	0	0
						xElsolg	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	36	3	10	28	15	Totals	36	8	15	29	14

x Ran out for Brown in ninth.
xx Hit for Brown in ninth.
xElsolong out, hit by batted ball.

Score by innings: R.
Chattanooga . . . . .100 002 040 0—7
New Orleans . . . . .000 000 000 8—8

Summary—Errors, Elberfeld 1, Peters 1, Cunningham 1, hits off Clark 5 with 4 runs in 6 2-3 innings, off Cunningham 7 with 4 runs in 2 2-3 innings, off Weaver (Johnston); off Hagins 2 in 2 innings, off Brown one with no runs in 1 1-3 innings, off Smith 1 with 4 runs in 3 innings; two-base hits, Johnston, Elberfeld, Daley, Fitzer; sacrifice hits, Fitzwater, Clark, Reilly, Thomas; stolen bases, Hendryx, Thomas; struck out, Clark 3, Smith 1, bases on balls, off Clark 4, off Weaver 2, off Brown 1, hit by pitcher, by Weaver (Johnston); off Clark 1, off Hagins 1, double plays, Elberfeld to Fitzer, Elberfeld to Thomas to Harris; first base on errors, New Orleans 1; left on bases, Chattanooga 8, New Orleans 7. Time, 2:35. Umpires, Chestnutt and Bernhard.

Only two scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Red Sox 6, White Sox 2.

Chicago, July 18.—Boston's playing behind Faber cost Chicago first place today when Boston was handed a 6 to 2 victory. Chicago made seven errors, and all resulted in runs. Wood pitched a great game after Manager Mack, when the Chicago team went south, had ordered him to retire. He gave up no balls and two singles, which gave it two runs. Only one other hit was made by Wood.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Boston . . . . .200 200 120—6 9 0
Chicago . . . . .000 000 000—2 4 7

Batteries—Wood and Thomas; Faber, Cicotte and Schalk.

Tigers 11, Athletics 7.

Detroit, July 18.—Detroit's heavy hitting, coupled with Bender's wildness, gave the home club an 11 to 7 victory over Philadelphia today. The Athletics drove Cavaleskie from the box and had Boland, his successor, in trouble most of the time. Manager Phelphia's first baseman, made five hits in five times up.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Philadelphia . . . .010 130 011—7 9 1
Detroit . . . . .200 000 009—11 14 0

Batteries—Bressler and Lapp, Mc-Avoy; Covelesk, Boland and Baker.

Senators Win Two.

Cleveland, July 18.—Washington took two more games from Cleveland today. Cleveland had won until the seventh or ninth inning. In the first, Morton had the visitors on the run, but in the seventh when Walter Johnson, acting as pinch hitter, drove in the tying run. Washington then won, 4 to 3. In the fourteenth on a combination of errors and hits, Cleveland playing errorless ball until that round. Ayers, who finished the first game for Washington, was invincible. Cleveland led three to one in the second until the ninth inning, when, with one out, two runs on, Mogridge's infield single filled the bases. Foster's drive over the left field fence and a fielding error sent the winning run across. Walter Johnson, who had acted as pinch hitter in the first of the twin bill, is to be recalled from the clubhouse to pitch the last half of the round.

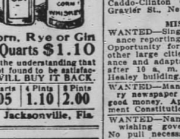
FIRST GAME.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Cleveland . . . .000 002 000 000—2 7 3
Washington . . . .000 000 003 001—4 11 2

Batteries—Mitchell, Harstad and Egan; Ayers, Engel, Johnson and Alnsmith.

New York-St. Louis—Rain.

WHISKY



100 PROOF Corn, Rye or Gin
1 Quart 55c 2 Quarts $1.10
Order this whiskey with the understanding that if you are not entirely satisfied with the quality in every way WE WILL BUY IT BACK.

1 Gal	2 Gals.	4 Quarts	4 Pints	8 Pints
1.95	3.75	2.05	1.10	2.00

RUSH DIST. CO., Jacksonville, Fla.

BASEBALL TODAY

—ATLANTA vs. NASHVILLE—
Ponce de Leon Park
GAME CALLED AT 3:45

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

F. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr.
Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman.
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: 207, 208, 205, 206, 207, 209, 210 Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone, 2024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

TIGERS AND SOX TIED; CUBS LEAD NATIONAL

The Detroit Tigers and the Chicago White Sox are tied for the lead in team batting in the American league, while Cobb and Baird are the leading batting leaders in the National league. Here are the batting averages among the men in games played Wednesday, July 14:

American League.

Players—Clubs.	Games.	R.	Ave.
Cobb, Detroit	81	90	1.11
Vitt, Detroit	77	60	.779
E. Collins, Chicago	78	62	.776
Maisel, New York	78	67	.772
Fournier, Chicago	76	55	.722
Speaker, Boston	77	51	.662
Weaver, Chicago	77	51	.662
Peckinbaugh, New York	77	50	.649
Kavanagh, Detroit	76	46	.605
Crawford, Detroit	77	48	.59

National League.

Players—Clubs.	Games.	R.	Ave.
Saier, Chicago	78	60	.769
Butler, St. Louis	77	45	.584
Doyle, New York	78	44	.564
Cravath, Philadelphia	74	38	.513
Good, Chicago	76	38	.50
Fisher, Chicago	78	40	.513
Carey, Pittsburg	77	42	.58
Lobert, New York	78	40	.513
Hinchman, Pittsburg	77	40	.52
O'Mara, Brooklyn	75	39	.52

PIRATES AND SOX LEAD IN FIELDING

The Pittsburg Pirates and the Chicago White Sox are the leading fielding teams of the major leagues, here are the team fielding averages through the games played Wednesday, July 14:

National League.

Clubs.	G.	PO.	A.	E.	Ave.
Pittsburg	78	2169	1033	137	.960
Cincinnati	76	2034	969	105	.966
St. Louis	81	2150	1127	125	.963
Philadelphia	74	1992	971	119	.961
New York	74	1951	956	123	.960
Boston	78	2088	995	130	.960
Brooklyn	77	2060	1000	134	.958
Chicago	78	2101	1067	137	.958

American League.

Clubs.	G.	PO.	A.	E.	Ave.
Chicago	80	2169	1033	137	.960
New York	79	2170	1025	114	.967
Detroit	81	2150	1127	125	.963
Boston	77	2053	1009	125	.961
Washington	74	1993	1006	123	.961
Cleveland	76	2046	1026	152	.952
Athletics	77	2046	1026	154	.951
St. Louis	77	2023	1002	157	.949

YOUNG CATCHER SOLD TO THE ATHLETICS

Gloucester, Mass., July 18.—Ralph Perkins, catcher of the Gloucester baseball club of the North Carolina league, has been sold to the Philadelphia Americans, according to a telegram received by his brother here tonight. Perkins is 19 years old.

TY AND VIC LEADING IN RUN-GETTING

Ty Cobb, of the Detroit Tigers, and Vic Saier, of the Chicago Cubs, are the leading run-getters of the two leagues. Here are the ten leading run-getters of the two leagues through the games played Wednesday, July 14:

American League.

Players—Clubs.	Games.	R.	Ave.
Cobb, Detroit	81	90	1.11
E. Collins, Chicago	78	62	.776
Maisel, New York	78	67	.772
Fournier, Chicago	76	55	.722
Speaker, Boston	77	51	.662
Weaver, Chicago	77	51	.662
Peckinbaugh, New York	77	50	.649
Kavanagh, Detroit	76	46	.605
Crawford, Detroit	77	48	.59

National League.

Players—Clubs.	Games.	R.	Ave.
Saier, Chicago	78	60	.769
Butler, St. Louis	77	45	.584
Doyle, New York	78	44	.564
Cravath, Philadelphia	74	38	.513
Good, Chicago	76	38	.50
Fisher, Chicago	78	40	.513
Carey, Pittsburg	77	42	.58
Lobert, New York	78	40	.513
Hinchman, Pittsburg	77	40	.52
O'Mara, Brooklyn	75	39	.52

TWO CHICAGO TEAMS LEAD IN SLUGGING

The two Chicago teams are the leading slugging teams of the majors. Here are the team slugging averages through the games played Wednesday, July 14:

National League.

Clubs.	2B.	3B.	HR.	TB.	Ex.B.	Ave.
Chicago	135	42	29	975	306	.377
Philadelphia	113	41	19	807	218	.318
St. Louis	88	46	12	872	271	.336
New York	97	34	7	804	178	.299
Cincinnati	89	24	7	804	178	.299
Pittsburg	114	46	12	807	218	.318
Boston	128	27	12	807	218	.318
Brooklyn	114	32	7	804	176	.312

American League.

Clubs.	2B.	3B.	HR.	TB.	Ex.B.	Ave.
Chicago	93	65	12	945	259	.368
Detroit	110	61	11	1052	345	.328
Boston	100	41	12	886	218	.249
Cleveland	100	41	12	886	218	.249
New York	91	32	22	857	221	.328
Washington	78	28	12	766	170	.307
St. Louis	84	34	6	766	170	.307
Washington	68	41	9	731	177	.303

SAIER AND COBB HIT PELLET THE HARDEST

Ty Cobb and Vic Saier are the leading sluggers of the majors. Here are the ten leading sluggers of the National leagues through the games played Wednesday, July 14:

American League.

Players-Clubs.	2B.	3B.	HR.	TB.	Ex.B.	Ave.
Cobb, Det.	17	8	2	161	39	.543
Crawford, Det.	19	16	3	170	69	.531
Walker, Phil.	21	10	4	155	48	.431
Jackson, Cle.	13	9	2	114	37	.496
E. Collins, Chi.	15	8	2	111	39	.496
Vesch, Det.	24	6	1	131	39	.483
Maisel, N. Y.	14	6	1	101	28	.474
Pipp, N. Y.	15	10	3	112	41	.415
J. Collins, Chi.	15	12	0	127	39	.406

National League.

Players-Clubs.	2B.	3B.	HR.	TB.	Ex.B.	Ave.
Saier, Chi.	20	10	5	152	65	.769
Cravath, Phi.	17	5	13	128	62	.539
Doyle, N. Y.	13	7	3	109	44	.564
Hinchman, Pgh.	18	7	3	119	41	.424
Becker, B.	18	4	2	104	32	.424
Groh, Cin.	18	5	2	113	30	.421
Williams, Chi.	19	4	3	113	30	.421
Wilson, St. L.	19	4	3	93	27	.427
Zimmerman, Chi.	19	6	2	116	35	.457
Long, St. L.	5	11	0	92	27	.407

Carrollton 6, Cedartown 0.

Cedartown, Ga., July 18.—(Special.) Head was the master of the situation at all stages of the game yesterday and Carrollton gave Cedartown a heavy coat of kalsomining by the score of 6 to 0. The Carrollton team had its eye on the ball, hitting safely most of the way through. This makes twelve games these teams have played this season, each having won six. Cedartown plays Griffin, of the Georgia-Alabama league, three games here, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Score by innings: R. H. E.
Carrollton . . . . .000 122 100—5 7 0
Cedartown . . . . .000 000 000—0 2 11

Batteries—Carrollton, Head and Carmichael; Cedartown, Young, Smith and Conner. Umpire, Mundy.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Southern League.

Nashville in Atlanta; Memphis in N. O.
Chatt'a's in Mob.; Little R. in Birming'm.

South Atlantic League.

Colum's in Albany; Augusta in Savannah.
Colum's in Charle'n; Jackson's in Macon.

American League.

Washing'n in Cleveland; Philad'a in Detroit.
N. Y. in St. Louis; Boston in Chicago.

National League.

Pitsb'g in Brooklyn; Chicago in Boston.
Chicago in Phila'a (2); St. Louis in N. Y. (2.)

Federal League.

Brook'n in Chicago; Newark in Kan. City.
Buffalo in Pittsburg.

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

1 Insertion 10c a line
3 Insertions 5c a line
7 Insertions 5c a line

1c per word flat for classified advertising from outside of Atlanta.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad, phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And, if yr. i wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone and accommodate only those of your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon publication, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the following day.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found; those found are often not as valuable of recovery, but when picked up by interested parties will be taken back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST—Collie dog, male, name "Sport," white and reddish brown, white spaces on back and neck, one ear white, will speak if forbidden, tip of tail white very pronounced. Reward if returned to me or can be had from Fannie Mae W. T. Jury, Tuxedo Park.

LOST in Grant Park, near tennis court, Sunday afternoon, a gentleman's gold open-face watch, engraved inside case. Will be returned to Malcome Burbank, care George Muse Clothing Co. Reward.

STOLEN from in front of Hurt building Saturday afternoon Ford truck, belonging to Zaka Brothers, between Hurt and Lakes. Notify Zakas' Bakery, Atlanta. Reward.

LOST—On S o'clock Stone Mountain car or on Atlanta car, between Inman and Peachtree, gold crescent pin, valuable to owner. Reward, 18 Moore Bldg.

LOST—Car number, Andrew avenue and Fifth street, one stick pin with one pearl and three small diamonds. Reward to 1023 Empire building, receive reward, ivy 6129.

LOST—On Thursday in middle of city, South Pryor street, a gold watch fob. Reward for return to Chauncey Smith, 46 South Pryor street.

MRS. R. C. BOSCHE, 446 N. Boulevard.

LOST on Peachtree car, silver-handled parasol, initials E. M. C. Return to 87 Crescent avenue and receive reward.

SMALL gold cross, engraved Vivian, near Peachtree street car. Call Ivy 4134.

LOST—Friday, small black purse, contents valuable to owner only. Reward. Ivy 4434.

PERSONAL

FLY SCREENS
VENETIAN BLINDS
Made to Order.

THE ideal handy and screen for sun parlors. Estimates furnished free. Your credit good. Door Screen Manufacturing Company, W. R. Callaway, Sales Manager. Phone Ivy 5118. Room 1, Fourth National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga.

"OF KORSE"

CAN'T QUIT? BACK AGAIN AT OLD STAND. Dr. Hayes Sanitarium, Macon, Ga.

$3. ED. L. GRANT SIGN WORKS, sign painting, 132½ Peachtree st.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM — Private, refined, home-like; limited number of patients; best of care and attention for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 24 Crumley street.

MORPHINE AND other drug addictions cured quickly and without suffering in a few days; twilight sleep method. F. O. Box 778.

DO NOT BE DISCOURAGED. HAVE you tuberculosis or consumption? If you wish quick relief and cure write P. O. Box 239, Atlanta.

DO YOU wish to become a Movie "Star?" Your opportunity may be here. Tell us what you how. Price, 25c. National Feature Company, Suite 601 Healey building, Atlanta, Ga.

"WHERE ARE THE DEAD?" a remarkable book, indorsed by leading ministers. Agents making money. Outfit 50 cents. Best terms. R. L. Phillips Pub. Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR—Call 113 Peachtree st. to 115 Peachtree st. Mainspring, 40c, as usual, guaranteed. Jewelry repaired.

WE MAKE rubber stamps while you wait, $1 each. Mrs. Alile Gallaher, 70½ Peachtree arcade. Phone Ivy 5112.

BEAUTIFUL baby for adoption; good parentage. Address H-144, Constitution.

SOLID WALL TINTING, $1 WHITEWALL STREET.

$2.50 WE want rooms to tint, $2.50 a room; white labor. Main 4407-J.

HELP WANTED—Male

STORES AND OFFICES.

WANTED—Every man to keep one set of books; salary $20 per month. Answer P. O. Box 1146, Atlanta, Ga.

PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

LOCK MEN—Two wanted at once. We will teach you the barber trade in few weeks; give you tools; locate you in our shops, tools free, wages paid while learning; all for $25, $10 down, balance in 10 days. Write today. Jacksonville Barber College, 832 West Adams street, Jacksonville, Fla.

LEARN Barber College, 24 East Mitchell st.

MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in 8 weeks. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, 28 Luckie st.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS.

WANTED—Two or three high-class salesmen in Atlanta on new device. Office necessary. Experience unnecessary. Specialized in Georgia cities of 5,000 and over. Exclusive territory. Good opening. Big commission. address F. Revson, Dept. E, Revson's Drive and Southern Railroad, Atlanta, Georgia.

SALESMEN WANTED for magnificent new line of surveys. Will pay liberal for special summer offer. Hustlers now at work taking from 10 to 100 orders per week. Hudgins Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—A high-class salesman, one that knows Atlanta and can furnish good references. A good contract to a man of real class. Address, in confidence, you are a-1. Appl, at 529 Candler bldg.

WANTED—Salesman. One salesman that can furnish A-1 references and be willing to work hard for exceptional pay. Call 8:30 to 9:30 a. m. and 4 to 6 p. m. A. O. Patterson, 529 Grant building.

MRS. E. E. BOHR, 179 Kelly street.

WANTED—Attractive proposition for a live salesman to represent National Electric Company, of Chicago. Apply at once to Seneca, Kimball Hotel, before noon.

WANTED—Advertising salesman of experience; one with integrity; unusual opportunity for high-class man. Apply 301 Empire Life building.

WANTED—Four first-class solicitors, those with automobiles preferred; good professional men preferred. Call or address Mercantile, room 618 Third Nat. Bank bldg.

AGENTS.

AGENT In every town to show Spiritone, the electric rainbow lamp or advertising device. Sales $12 daily. Fourth National Bank building.

WANTED—Agents to sell goods in the wonderful Louisiana-Texas oil field. Write Caddo-Clinton Oil and Gas Company, 621 Gravier St., New Orleans, La.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Single man 24 to 26, for insurance reporting work; college man preferred. Opportunity for advancement and work in large city; must be of good appearance and adaptable to our business. Apply after 10 a. m. Retail Credit Company, Healey building.

WANTED—Man with horse and rig to carry newspaper route. A position that can make good money. Apply City Circulation Department Constitution.

WANTED—Names of men, 18 or over, wishing government jobs; $65 month. No pull necessary. Box F-437, care Constitution.

WANTED—At once, experienced mechanical draughtsman. Call West 1229.

HELP WANTED—Female

DOMESTIC.

WOMAN WANTED—Housekeeper. Tallahassee, Fla. R. 2, Box 77-A.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Six young ladies between 18 and 26 years old to take up comptometer work. Positions are high-grade and work is very agreeable. Wages good. Call 813 Empire building.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted by government. $65 month. Atlanta examinations October 26. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 466-F, Rochester, N. Y.

GIRLS take course in Miss Sparkman's Improved Millinery School, 40½ Whitehall; free scholarship offer. Millinery work free.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

STUDY SHORTHAND AT NIGHT. INSTRUCTION BOOK, $1. PITMAN-TUFFITT SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND, 401 Healey building. Ivy 7649.

IF YOU want a position or experienced help, call Reliable Employment Office, 71 Ivy street. Ivy 2944-J.

MRS. J. D. C. BLOODWORTH, 277 S. Pryor street.

FOR positions as stenographer or bookkeeping register with Miss Hitt, 618 Grant building. Ivy 2488.

WANTED—Rapid touch operators to register with Miss Hitt.

WANTED—Teachers

ACME Teachers Agency. Best service, most liberal terms, free to school boards. 1323 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Ivy 7088.

WANT good opportunity. Write for literature, Foster's Teachers Agency, Atlanta, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

AN ANSWER TO YOUR AD OR several of them may be sent in as late as a week after your ad last appeared in The Constitution. Such responses are the result of several factors the speed with which The Constitution is rendering its service to Want Ad Wanted Advertisers. So, if you want a wider range of choice before accepting a position, hold your ad open. Phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001. The Constitution frequently for at least a week.

SPECIAL rates for Situation Wanted ads. Three lines one time, 10 cents; three lines one week, 25 cents. These rates, ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution office.

YOUNG MAN stenographer-bookkeeper, with four years' experience, wants position; best references; moderate salary. Address A. B. C. care Constitution.

WANTED—Work by A-1 electrical and locomotive man; one capable of handling gang; best of references. Address H-122, care Constitution.

WANTED—Experienced proofreader desires position in city; best references. Address proofreader, Box 1, Constitution.

YOUNG man, 20 years old, desires position with reputable firm. A-1 references. Address H-123, care Constitution.

ACCOUNTING—Insurance man wants temporary work for August. Address H-132, care Constitution.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

SPECIAL rates for Situation Wanted ads.: Three lines one time,

MONEY TO LOAN

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY is now acquiring loans on high-class improved Atlanta property at 6 per cent. Prompt and courteous attention.

CHAS. H. BLACK,
Real Estate Loan Agent,
210-211 Empire Building.
Phone Ivy 111.

MONEY TO LOAN.
PLENTY of money to lend on Atlanta and near-by improved property, 6% to 8 per cent, straight; also monthly plan, at 6 per cent on 5 years' time, payable $21.66 per month on the thousand, which includes interest, will also lend smaller amounts. Farnham money department, FOSTER & ROBSON, 11 Edgewood avenue.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS

TO LEND on Atlanta homes or business property, at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Call or write

S. W. CARSON
413-14 Empire Building,
Broad and Marietta Streets

WE CAN ACCEPT

SOME good downtown, central, improved loans at a low rate of interest. Our application on high-class property will have immediate attention.

TURMAN & CALHOUN
Second Floor, Empire Bldg.

DESIRABLE city and farm loans made promptly.

W. B. SMITH,
708 Fourth Nat'l Bank Bldg.

LOAN AGENTS TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY, Real estate loan department. Purchase money notes bought. See Rex Mooney, Gulf C. Hardwick, Loan Agency, 221 Grant bldg. Both phones.

LOANS on central business property and first-class residences for an insurance company desired.

W. CARROLL LATIMER
Attorney-at-Law. 1509-15 4th Nat. Bk. Bldg.

I CAN make farm loans, 3 to 5 years, counties of Campbell, Clayton and Fayette. Rates 6 to 7½ per cent. Write R. O. Cochran, Orange Park, Florida.

WE HAVE ON HAND $15,000 INDIVIDUAL FUNDS FOR QUICK PLACEMENT AT 7 PER CENT. L. H. ZUBLINE & CO. 501-2 SILVEY BLDG. MAIN 624.

PROMPT loans on improved Atlanta realty. Insurance funds for farm loans. M. I. Stone, 217 Candler bldg. Ivy 1844.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta and suburban real estate, $900, $1,000, $1,500, $2,500 and $5,000. Dunson & Guy, 419 Equitable. Ivy 6478.

MISS L. BEHN, 2 Spring St.

I HAVE $20,000 TO LOAN MONEY TO LEND ON IMPROVED CITY OR SEMI-CENTRAL PROPERTY. NO DELAY. MR. DODD, 32 E. ALABAMA ST. M. 1357.

WE LOAN on Atlanta real estate and buy purchase money notes. Ivy 2576. Atlanta Merchants & Mechanics' Banking & Loan Co.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta property or suburbs. Sol Epstein, 323 Hurt Bldg. Ivy 4686.

SEVERAL thousand dollars to lend, 8 per cent. Have vacant lot to sell. 1174 Peachtree Court, Atlanta, Ga.

MONEY TO LOAN on improved Atlanta real estate. Fitzhugh Knox, 1613 Candler building.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta real estate. Otis & Holliday, 309 Peters Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN on wanted real estate. W. B. Smith, 708 4th Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 822 to 824 Healey bldg.

MONEY TO LEND on city property. W. O. Alston. 1216 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg.

WANTED—Money

I WANT to borrow $75 for three months; will pay a good bonus and give security on grocery and market fixtures; confirmed $400. Address H-135, care Constitution.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WANTED—To buy good second mortgage monthly notes at reasonable discount. L. H. Zuline & Co. 501-2 Silvey bldg. Phone Main 624.

STOCKS AND BONDS

NOTICE OF BOND SALE.

Bids for purchase of $10,000 of 20-year 8 per cent Auditorium bonds, validated and registered by the superior court, will be received until 8 o'clock Monday, August 2, at which time sale of said bonds will be confirmed by the mayor and council of the city of West Point, Ga. For other information, address the undersigned.

L. STRONG,
Clerk and Treasurer City of West Point, Georgia.

FOR SALE—Six per cent first and second mortgage bonds, taken as part payment for constructing the Forrest Hotel at Rome, Ga. Write A. M. Walkup Company, Contractors, Richmond, Va., for particulars.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

NEGRO PICTURE SHOW LOCATION

AT 129 DECATUR ST. IS A MOVIE AND ALL MAKE A VERY ATTRACTIVE PRICE. A GREAT OPPORTUNITY IS HERE FOR THE HUSTLER. EVERYTHING READY BUT THE PICTURES.

FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 CANDLER BLDG. IVY 4446.

WE solicit your slow and doubtful accounts, including your loss and gain, outlawed and judgment proof accounts, regardless of age or character. Our system succeeds when others fail. A small charge and all in the town in the south. Call or address Mercantile Reporting Company, 414 Third National Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

TAILOR SHOP for sale in good, lively town; have been running same business here for fifteen years; store is good corner location; only one tailor in the town; can make an average 260 suits, besides good business in cleaning, pressing and alteration. Write to J. F. Kodatt, Eastman, Ga.

$10,000 CORPORATION, established over two years, manufacturing a high-class line of products, offers 50 per cent of its capital stock to right party. I will pay you to investigate this splendid opportunity. P. O. Box 1705, Atlanta, Ga.

WILL sell half interest in printing plant to hustler; one who can take complete charge of sales and collection department; good, consisting cylinder, jobbers, etc.; modern type faces. Business already established. Box 1074, Atlanta, Ga.

WE have a client, young, ambitious and willing to work, looking for legitimate business opening; will invest $2,000, with his services; after investigation, communicate Silas & Douglas, 417 Atlanta Nat'l Bank Bldg.

WILL sell half interest in printing plant to hustler; one who can take complete charge of sales and collection department; equipment good, consisting cylinder, jobbers, etc.; modern type faces. Business already established. Box 1074, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—Quick to cash buyer, entire little furniture store; best location in Atlanta; well established. Reason for selling must devote time to other interests. Address Furniture, care Constitution.

BEST opportunity for young man with $600 ready cash to take over our Atlanta office. The right man can make $250 and more per month. Address H-145, Constitution.

FOR SALE—Soda fount, counter service and milk depot, doing good business. Call Ivy 4238.

FOR RENT—Schmid's home bakery, 148 Williams, 6-room house, all conveniences, large oven and lot. Atlanta phone, Bell 211.

SMALL COTTON SEED OIL MILL FOR LEASE. P. O. BOX 1442, ATLANTA, GA.

FACTORY for sale or trade; money for right man. Address H-107, care Constitution.

DRESSMAKING—SEWING

WILL make dresses for the balance of season, at great reduction. Inquire 1261 St., Hirsch bldg, room 9. Miss Camp.

PLAIN or fancy dressmaking at 202 Rawson st., or will come to your home; satisfaction guaranteed.

AUCTION SALES

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY, at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or piano. Phone Bell Main 2206.

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE

EXCHANGE CAR BARGAINS

ROADSTER $100
TERMS.

We have many other good exchange cars at equally attractive prices.

EXCHANGE CAR DEPARTMENT
THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA
469 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 1371.

LATE model 5-passenger, fully equipped, self-starter, etc., just like new; worth $1,000 at anyone's money. Cheap for cash or exchange for good lot or house $1,000 to $2,000 and pay difference. Write H., 204 Equitable building.

JUST LIKE FINDING MONEY.
1912 MODEL E-M-F touring car, in good running order, at sacrifice price; owner leaving city, desires to dispose of car immediately; demonstration by appointment any time Monday, July 19. North Forsyth street. Phone Ivy 5393.

FOR SALE—1913 5-passenger touring car; run less than 1,400 miles, good as new; must be sold inside of three days; parties going north; reason for price. Ivy 2197. Self starter, everything modern. For quick sale spot cash $575. Phone Ivy 2197 or call at Folsom's Garage.

FIVE-PASSENGER WHITE touring car, with self-starter and electric lights; must be sold today; best bargain in Atlanta at $185. Anderson Motor Car Company, 399 Peachtree street.

FOR SALE—Five-passenger auto, just painted and overhauled, or will give six months' free use to reliable party for use of same. Apply Apt. E-2, 210 W. Peachtree street.

USED CAR BROKER

IF YOU would sell or buy used automobiles, see Mr. Mudgett, Ivy 4-3-2, 24 Auburn ave.

FOR SALE—6-cylinder apperson car. Will sell at a bargain or trade 1215 Box 208 Center Hill Atlanta phone Yards 71.

FOR SALE—5-passenger automobile, top and body in fine condition, at your own price. 14 Evans Drive, near Fort McPherson.

WE have a few special pick-ups in second-hand cars. Ivy 1371. Exchange. G. H. Cochran, 327 Empire Bldg. Ivy 3710.

CHALMERS, 1914 model for sale, in first-class condition. Ivy 858.

WANTED.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT, 100x200, opposite Brookhaven Club, for $5,000 gasoline in fine condition. Address E-167, care Constitution.

MRS. A. C. BELLAH, 75 E. Pine St.

WANTED—A used 1915 Ford touring car, cash. Address H-149, care Constitution.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED
Tops recovered and repaired, wheels, springs and axles repaired.
Bodies built to order or repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue

Official Service Station
EISEMAN MAGNETO
EXPERT magneto repair man for any model.

PEGRAM MOTOR CAR CO.
255-257 Peachtree St.

LET US PAINT YOUR CAR
ATLANTA AUTO FINISHING CO.,
141 WEST PEACHTREE ST. Ivy 182.
E. H. HENDERSON, W. B. FOSTER.

RADIATORS REPAIRED
OUT-OF-TOWN orders returned same day received. 287 Edgewood Ave. Ivy 5272.
ATLANTA AUTO REP. CO.

AUTOS, SUP AND ACCES.

Radiators, Fenders, Tanks
Lamps, Windshields Made and Repaired.
Warfield Mercantile Co.
248 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

ODOM BROS. CO.
OPEN all night. Now in our more spacious quarters. Automobile and gas repair specialty. 41-42 Ivy St. Main 1622. Atl. 909.

CENTRAL GARAGE
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
24-28 AUBURN AVE. Ivy 7905.

FORD REPAIRS
S. A. MIDDLEBROOKS,
229 Peachtree St. Phone Main 5, Bell Main Block Co. Ivy 4661.

AUTO TANKS, HOODS and all kinds of sheet metal work. 51 and 57 South Forsyth street. Main 2967 or Main 5462.

MOTORCYCLES — BICYCLES

WANTED—Second-hand 1914 and 1915 Harley-Davidson motorcycle; must be in Motorcycle Co., 90 Edgewood ave. I. 5771-J.

USED motorcycles, all makes, $35 and up. Retail department at Harley-Davidson Motorcycle Co., 90 Edgewood ave. I. 5771-J.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

RARE BARGAINS
IN JEWELRY
WE ARE NOW IN THE SELLING BUSINESS, BUT, BEING LENDERS OF MONEY ON DIAMONDS AND PRECIOUS STONES, WE HAVE, AS A RESULT, MUCH LATE SOME UNREDEEMED COLLATERAL, WHICH WE ARE NOW IN A POSITION TO OFFER YOU SOME RARE BARGAINS IN JEWELRY WORTH INVESTIGATING. IF INTERESTED, CALL OR WRITE US.

Jefferson Loan Society
59 N. FORSYTH ST., ATLANTA, GA.

ONE Shannon meat box, cost ten safe; one 12-syrup soda fount, market scales; all comparatively new. A. Cosby, opposite Federal Prison. Atlanta phone 3210-B.

FOR SALE—1 mahogany typewriter desk, 1 typewriter chair, 1 sterling cabinet, 2 pantectographs; will sell cheap for cash. 1405 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

FIVE car loads good dry cow manure, well rotted, free from Johnson and nut grass seeds. Shipped by A. & White, 924 Atlanta street.

FREE, to introduce our special brand 20c coffee, 1 pound granulated sugar free; 1 pound. W. J. Garner, 250 Marietta street.

CASH grocery store, doing big business; must sell at once; good reason. Address H-142, Constitution.

FOR SALE—Second-hand sidecars to suit county terms. $20 per month. 75c per day; elevation 2,000 feet. W. P. Hunt, Swan, Ga.

"NOT superstitious, but I believe in signs." "RENT SIGNS—" Ivy 1928.

854 Auburn.

COMPLETE set drug store fixtures and stock, invoicing about $2,000; best in state; bargain. F. P. McElroy, 498 Whitehall st.

HOUSEHOLD furnishings, couch, gas range, 7 tubs, clothes rack, etc. 24 Pine Fourteenth street.

FOR SALE—At bargain, new parlor, bedroom, dining room, kitchen furniture, cheap. 1408 Peachtree. 386 E. Fair street.

FOR SALE—$225 and $250 player pianos; also adding machine. 7 W. Mitchell st.

SECOND-HAND army tents, all sizes. Springer, 295 S. Pryor st. Main 2648-L.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture; advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell St. Main 2424.

WANTED—Good second-hand typewriter. Let me know what you have. 1405 Fourth National Bank building.

WANTED—Desk room and small storage space; must have man to answer telephone calls. R. Warner. Call Main 1798-J.

WANT to buy and sell school books, second-hand and new. 123 Auburn avenue.

DROP a card; we'll bring cash for shoes and clothing. The Vestlare. 166 Decatur St.

MEDICAL

DON'T TAKE SALTS

ONE dose of C, and M. Special Liver Capsule cures all Liver troubles. Sent postpaid for $5 cents. Courtney & Munn, 29 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

CATARRH OF HEAD, stomach, bladder or other organs entirely cured. Write one who had it. P. O. Box 339, Atlanta, Ga.

MEN'S DISEASES cured; American-European specialist; fast equipment. Dr. Holbrook, 305-6-7 McKenzie Bldg.

DISEASES of men cured. Dr. Bowen, Specialists, 301 McKenzie building, Atlanta, Ga. Ivy 5423-J. Atlanta phone 4161-D.

MRS. J. L. BLUETT, 84 Williams street.

MRS. DR. E. W. SMITH, 238 W. Peachtree. Ivy 469. Diseases of Women and Children. Electric treatment in chronic diseases.

Read The Constitution Want Ads

PACKAGE OF ICED TEA FREE TO CONSTITUTION READERS

At last! Something for nothing!
It has been said that no one ever gets anything for nothing, but here is a chance where you may really get something—and something mighty good, too—for nothing—absolutely free.
Read the "Want Ad" page of today's Constitution, and if you find your name there, you may call at The Constitution office and receive absolutely free a big package of Heekin's famous Deer-Head iced tea.
The Constitution will select at random each day from the city directory a number of names of Atlanta ladies. Maybe your name is there today. If not today, perhaps it will be there tomorrow. Look each day, for it is likely to appear at any time.
Whenever your name appears all you have to do is call or send to The Constitution office and get your fine package of tea free.
And for these sweltering days what is better than a big frosty glass of tea, with the ice tinkling in it?

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

The arrival and departure of passenger trains, Atlanta time.
The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed:

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective May 30.	Arrive.	Depart.
Brunswick, Valdosta and Thomasville	6:10 am	7:30 am
Brunswick, Waycross and Thomasville	7:10 pm	10:35 pm

Sleeping cars on all trains between Atlanta and Thomasville.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—	No. Depart To—
2 Nat. ... 8:15 am	1 New Or... 8:35 am
18 Colum's. 10:40 am	15 Columbus 6:45 am
24 New Or. 11:00 am	23 Montgy.. 7:30 am
40 New Or.. 2:15 pm	39 New Or.. 2:00 pm
17 Montgy.. 7:10 pm	25 Columbus 4:05 pm
20 Columbus 9:10 pm	27 New Or.. 5:20 pm
36 New Or. 11:35 pm	41 West Pt. 6:45 pm

Central of Georgia Railway.

Effective Eight Way.

Arrive From—	Depart To—
Thomasville .. 6:25 am	Savannah... 8:00 am
Jacksonville. 6:47 am	Albany ... 8:00 am
Savannah... 6:25 am	Macon..... 4:00 pm
Albany..... 6:25 am	Macon..... 11:59 pm
Jacksonville. 7:40 am	Jacksonville. 8:40 pm
Macon..... 8:15 am	Savannah... 8:40 pm
Macon..... 11:01 am	Valdosta... 8:40 pm
Savannah... 4:20 pm	Jackson'e.. 10:30 pm
Macon..... 8:15 pm	Thomasv'e. 12:01 am
Albany..... 8:15 pm	Macon..... 12:01 am

City Ticket Office, Fourth National Bank Building. Phone Main 464 and 5274. Telephones—Main 490, Standard 187.

Southern Railway.

Premier Carrier of the South.

No. Arrive From—	No. Depart To—
49 Ashville. 5:35 am	36 N. Y.... 12:01 am
42 Jackson'e. 6:40 am	38 Columb.. 2:15 am
35 New York. 6:05 am	23 Kan. City 6:15 am
4 Jackson'e. 6:45 am	21 Chicago. 6:15 am
12 Shreveport 6:30 am	12 Richm'd. 6:55 am
37 Toccoa.. 8:10 am	17 Chatta'a. 7:30 am
26 Heflin.... 8:45 am	22 Ft. Val'y 7:15 am
8 Rome..... 9:45 am	16 Brunsw'k. 7:45 am
21 Ft. Val'y 10:10 am	27 N. Y.... 8:00 am
21 Columb. 10:50 am	40 Charl'e. 12:15 pm
2 Macon.... 10:50 am	1 Macon.... 1:30 pm
40 Memphis 11:15 am	29 Birm'm. 12:25 pm
29 Birm'm. 12:10 pm	20 N. Y.... 1:00 pm
29 N. Y.... 12:10 pm	12 Rome.... 6:35 pm
15 Birm'm. 1:00 pm	33 Lincoln. 4:45 pm
5 Macon.... 4:15 pm	14 Toccoa.. 4:45 pm
31 Chatta'a. 5:10 pm	34 Columb.. 5:30 pm
37 N. Y.... 6:00 pm	24 Memphis. 5:15 pm
31 Brunsw'k. 8:00 pm	28 Ft. Val'y 8:30 pm
11 Richm'd. 8:00 pm	19 Macon.... 8:30 pm
31 Ft. Val'y 8:05 pm	32 Heflin.... 8:45 pm
18 Chatta'a. 9:10 pm	10 Jackson'e 9:00 pm
24 Kan. City 9:55 pm	24 Jackso'e 10:05 pm
19 Colum'a 10:30 pm	25 Macon.... 10:30 pm
2 Chicago. 10:45 pm	11 Shrevp't 11:30 pm
All trains arrive at and depart from City Ticket Office, No. 1 Peachtree St.	

Union Passenger Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Georgia Railroad.

No. Arrive From—	No. Depart To—
2 Charle'n. 6:10 am	2 Aug. and
4 Wilm'n.. 6:10 am	Kan.... 7:30 am
11 Buckh'd. 7:40 am	6 Augus.. 12:25 pm
†11 Buckh'd. 9:40 am	5 Augus.. 3:20 pm
1 Augusta. 1:05 pm	12 Buckh'd. 6:10 pm
4 Augus.. 4:25 pm	†14 Buckh'd. 5:00 pm
3 Augus.. 8:20 pm	1 New York 8:40 pm
	and Aug. 8:40 pm

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 29.

Cincinnati-Louisville.....	{ 4:45 pm 12:10 pm
Chicago and Northwest.....	7:25 am 9:50 pm
Cincinnati and Louisville..	7:25 am 9:50 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	7:25 am 9:50 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	12 am 9:50 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville..	3:40 pm 10:40 pm
Bridgeport via Cartersville	3:40 pm 10:40 pm

Seaboard Air Line Railway.

Effective May 30, 1915.

No. Arrive From—	No. Depart To—
11 Ral'h, Norf'k 7:00 am	11 Birm'm.. 6:35 am
11 Norfolk.. 7:00 am	20 Monroe.. 7:00 am
11 Wash'n.. 7:00 am	6 N. Y.... 8:00 am
11 Portsm'h. 7:00 am	6 Wash'n.. 8:00 pm
11 Ral'h, Norf'k 7:00 pm	6 Ral'h, Norf'k 8:00 pm
6 Birm'm.. 2:30 pm	6 Portsm'h.. 8:00 pm
6 Birm'm.. 6:00 pm	6 Norfolk.. 8:00 pm
22 Birm'm.. 11:10 am	23 Birm'm.. 3:45 pm
6 Birm'm.. 6:00 pm	23 Birm'm.. 6:00 pm
6 Wash'n.. 6:00 pm	5 Memphis. 6:20 pm
6 Norfolk.. 6:00 pm	5 Memphis. 6:20 pm
6 Portsm'h. 6:00 pm	12 N. Y.... 8:30 pm
12 Birm'm.. 9:00 pm	12 Norfolk.. 8:30 pm
12 Monroe.. 9:00 pm	12 Portsm'h. 8:30 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—	No. Depart To—
2 Nashville. 7:10 am	94 Chicago.. 8:15 am
13 Rome.... 10:20 am	2 Nashville. 8:35 am
13 Nashville. 4:25 pm	92 Memphis.. 8:15 pm
1 Nashville. 6:25 pm	72 Rome.... 8:15 pm
1 Chicago.. 8:20 pm	2 Nashville. 6:30 pm

No. 95—Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

TAXI CABS
VACATION TIMES.
A PHONE call will bring an automobile to your door any day or night. Prompt and polite service.

BELLE ISLE
TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
ATL. 3000—3 LUCKIE—I. 322

SUMMER RESORTS

DELIGHTFUL location, shady lawn and porch; 10 minutes' car ride south Georgia residents; half block from Peachtree; reasonable rates. 1 Forrest avenue, Atlanta, Ga. Mrs. W. H. Gilbert.

WANTED—Summer boarders, 19 miles N. E. of Blue Ridge, on Toccoa river, Fannin county; terms, $20 per month, 75c per day; elevation 2,000 feet. W. P. Hunt, Swan, Ga.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

RARE BARGAINS IN PIANOS.
STERLING factory sample in best shape and condition.....$69.00
Ludwig & Bach upright, ebony case, fine practice piano.....$75.00
Fine upright, mahogany case; regular.....$175.00
Crown upright, walnut case, fine tone.$100.00
PHILLIPS & CREW CO.,
84 N. Pryor St. Ivy 2.

FOR SALE—New piano taken for debt; never used and have no use for it. Will sell for less than regular price to get rid of it. Genuine bargain. Address G. D. J., care Constitution.

BOARD AND ROOMS

NORTH SIDE.
21 E. LINDEN ST.
COMFORTABLY furnished rooms, with meals; summer rates; between the Peachtrees. Ivy 154.

WILL take congenial couple, young men or ladies to board in refined north side home, delightful section; rates reasonable. P. O. Box 898.

57 EAST ELLIS ST.
NICELY furnished rooms, with excellent meals; new management. Call to see.

188 COURTLAND STREET
NICELY fur. rooms; all conveniences; walking distance; new business.

67 LUCKIE STREET
EXCELLENT meals served. Call Main 4956.

AIRY ROOM, good board, private family, in delightful new home, overlooking Druid Hills; 10-minute car; beautiful view. Ivy 5949-J.

ROOM and board for young man; cool, shady; north side; private residence; excellent table; references required. Phone E-6419-J.

MRS. R. L. BEDINGFIELD, 249 Whitehall St.

DELIGHTFUL room to gentleman or couple; special rate to acceptable parties. 28 Peachtree Circle. Bell phone Ivy 2575-L.

ONE or two connecting front rooms, with or without private bath, private family; delightful summer location; best board. 7 East Eighth street. Ivy 4258-L.

549 PEACHTREE, lovely front room to refined couple or young men; summer rates. Ivy 5484.

BOARD AND ROOMS

NORTH SIDE.
220 Peachtree—The Wilton
HOME cooking; meal tickets. Miss Kirtley.

107 PIEDMONT AVENUE
NICELY furnished rooms; board optional. 647 excellent table, shady lawn, summer rates. Phone Ivy 5484.

LARGE room and board, with couple, to young men or couple; child no objection; reasonable. Main 2848-J.

LARGE room, private bath, superior table, spacious grounds. 494 Spring street, corner Third. Ivy 1522.

477 PEACHTREE street, nicely furnished, cool front rooms, excellent meals; best north side section. Call Ivy 7010.

72 SPRING STREET
ROOMS, with excellent board.

ROOM AND BOARD, with or without private bath, strictly private family, references. Phone Ivy 5419-J. Ansley Park.

COOL, quiet room near Peachtree and Ponce de Leon, exceptional environments and conveniences. Ivy 2581-L.

LARGE, cool room with board, dressing room, conveniences. 222 W. Peachtree. Ivy 4546.

TWO first floor furnished rooms to young men; meals optional. 34 E. Alexander.

MIDDLE AGE couple want some young men to board. Apply box 76, care Constitution.

500 Peachtree—Excellent meals, excellent meals, summer rates. Ivy 7592-J.

TWO nice cool front rooms, with or without board; all conveniences. Phone E-2424-J.

NICELY furnished rooms with board. 56 W. North Ave. Phone Ivy 1720-L.

MRS. J. C. BEEM, 91 E. Seventh St.

COOL ROOM, with board, Ponce de Leon home. Sleeping porch. Ivy 2550.

EXCELLENT board and rooms, block of postoffice. Ivy 5606-J. 72 Walton street.

513 PEACHTREE, excellent table. Ivy 6133-J.

ROOMS and board, 21 E. Cain st., walking distance. Phone Ivy 1720-L.

NICELY fur. front room, meals optional. 10 Angier avenue, Apartment 7.

NICELY furnished room, fine section, north side; no children. Ivy 2509-J.

LARGE room, private bath, lovely neighborhood, garage. Ivy 5926-J.

SOUTH SIDE.

ATTRACTIVE room for refined couple or young men; all conveniences; best meals served in Atlanta. Chicken served daily. Two blocks from capitol. 250-252 E. Hunter street. Rates $4.00 single rooms.

THE best of table board and nicest furnished rooms, close in, good neighborhood, all conveniences, close in. 26 Capitol avenue.

NICELY furnished room and board, $18 month, 123 Richardson st. Main 2614.

WEST END.

NEWLY furnished, screened rooms, screened sleeping porch, summer or winter; bathrooms in each room, shower and tub baths; good table board. Ivy 1448-J.

EXCELLENT board and room, private home, 52 Gordon street. Phone West 213-J.

INMAN PARK.

A FEW select boarders wanted; private family; all conveniences. Ivy 1214-L.

WANTED—Board—Rooms

YOUNG married couple desires furnished room with or without board. Inman Park section, near Waverly Way. Address H-139, care Constitution.

YOUNG MAN desires room and board in private family; Inman Park or Candler Park preferred. Address H-134, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

THE MARLBOROUGH
FUR. rooms, with bath; coolest house in Atlanta, corner Ellis and Ivy streets.

THE PICKWICK
TEN DEGREES COOLER INDOORS.
WELL furnished room with connecting bath. Convenient shower bath on each floor. 17 Fairlie st., near Carnegie Library.

70 E. MERRITTS AVE.
COMFORTABLY fur. rooms, with steam heat, all conveniences; board if desired. Ivy 3894-L.

358 PEACHTREE
FURNISHED rooms, hot water, electricity, phone; reasonable. Ivy 1744-L.

THREE rooms and sleeping porch, completely furnished for light housekeeping, electricity, gas, sink and hot water; ideal location, north side. Phone Ivy 1744-L.

THE ADOLPH 109½ E. HARRIS ST. Bachelor rooms de luxe; every modern convenience. Ivy 3971.

37 CARNEGIE WAY BEDROOMS, housekeeping rooms, $1.50 to $4.00.

LARGE, airy room, with private family; all conveniences; reference required. Phone Main 9077. 256 Piedmont ave.

EXCELLENT, newly-fur. room, all conveniences, central location. Phone Main 2848-J. Carnegie Way.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, modern conveniences, for men only; reasonable. 290 North Jackson st.

SISSONIA—Large, cool fur. or unfur. single rooms with private bath; also small apts. 61 W. Peachtree. Ivy 7091.

1, 2 OR 3 rooms and kitchenette with sink, furnished for light housekeeping. Ivy 7855. 14 Cone st.

LARGE, airy room, with bath, reasonable; quiet neighborhood. Victoria Apartments. Ivy 8748-L.

FOR RENT—Two single rooms, gentlemen only. 14 Cone st. Phone Ivy 2044.

LARGE nicely fur. room, next to Y. M. C. A. Ivy 6092. 30 Forrest ave.

NICELY furnished rooms, all conveniences. 34 Cone, block from postoffice.

BEST-located rooms for housekeeping; all conveniences, $2.50 week. 11 Cone st.

NICELY fur. room; close in; every convenience. 70 West Harris street.

NICELY furnished rooms with all conveniences. 41 Rawson street.

LARGE, nicely fur. rooms, meals optional. 16 Williams street.

HOUSEKEEPING room; all conveniences; close in. 19 E. Harris. Ivy 8624.

MRS. R. P. BECHT, 494 Spring St.

LARGE, nicely fur. rooms with all conveniences, phone, hot water service. Ivy 1744-L.

TWO small rooms for gentlemen; shower bath; bath of P. O. 34 Cone st. L. 6162.

NICELY FURNISHED, LARGE, COOL FRONT ROOM. 64 FORREST AVE.

72 Spring st., large, nicely fur. rooms, all conveniences.

LARGE, nicely fur. rooms; all conveniences; close in. 144 Spring street.

NICELY furnished front room, close in; all conveniences. 311 Courtland st.

89 Spring st., large, nicely fur. rooms, 2 blocks from Piedmont.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, $8.00; all conveniences. Ivy 5585-L.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

THREE furnished rooms and two rooms with kitchenette for light housekeeping, all conveniences, close in; gentlemen preferred. 266 Whitehall.

LARGE furnished front room with twin beds; gentlemen preferred; walking distance. 315 S. Pryor st.

CLEAN outside rooms, 50c up per day, $2.50 up per week; baths free. Gate City Hotel, 104½ S. Forsyth.

FOUR nice furnished rooms, all modern conveniences, walking distance. Atlanta 1697. 114 Garnett street.

TWO nice fur. rooms, opening on front porch; bath; close in; walking distance; reasonable. Main 3427-J.

FRONT fur. rooms, $12; also housekeeping rooms. 186 Central Ave.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

FOR RENT—2 unfur. rooms, $9; all conveniences; close in. Ivy 8558-L.

THREE nice rooms in private family on Forrest ave. Call Monday, Main 4278-J.

TWO large unfur. rooms, with all conveniences. Call at 44 E. Alexander.

FOR RENT—Rooms

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

THREE nice unfur. rooms, upstairs apt., private bath and hot water; couple, for light housekeeping; best location. 218 Washington st.

TWO desirable rooms, reasonable, 238 Oakland avenue. Atlanta phone 3598.

FURNISHED—WEST END.

FOUR unfurnished rooms in house with couple, all conveniences. 1421-J.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

FURNISHED or unfur. rooms and kitchenette; housekeeping privileges. 131 Ivy.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

THREE clean, cool, connecting furnished rooms; will separate or rent all together; two and one-half blocks of Aragon hotel. 160 East Ellis street. Phone Ivy 5256.

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms for housekeeping, modern conveniences. 230 Ivy street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND KITCHENETTES. CONVENIENCES; CLOSE IN. 41 W. CAIN. ATLANTA 1181.

MRS. M. P. BEAUCHAMP, 12 Bates Ave., Kirkwood.

2 OR 4 rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping; with owner; no children. Phone Ivy 2476-J. 105 W. Baker.

THREE housekeeping rooms, furnished or unfurnished; sink, electric lights. Main 21 Delta Place. Ivy 2468-L.

TWO or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 142 W. Peachtree. Ivy 7928-J.

CLEAN, comfortable, walking distance, private home, hot water. Ivy 1720-L.

SOUTH SIDE.

TWO fur. rooms for housekeeping; close in; first floor; private entrance; with or without children. Cheap to right party. M. 1282-L. 72 Walton st.

THREE nice unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, hot and cold water, good location. 1015 Pulliam street, Avondale.

MRS. E. M. BONEY, 261 Whitehall St.

ONE nicely fur. room for light housekeeping, sleep and cook; location; private entrance. 25 Dodd ave.

TWO large connecting unfurnished housekeeping rooms; $12.50. Ivy 2560-J.

IN home with owners, 3 rooms; every convenience. 241 Whitehall. Main 5371-J.

WEST END.

THREE housekeeping rooms, best part Gordon st., July and August. Phone W. 636-J.

INMAN PARK.

ENTIRE upstairs six rooms, strictly modern, hardwood floors, 3 sunny cheerful bedrooms, Elizabeth street, Inman Park. Ivy 6395-L.

NEWLY furnished housekeeping rooms, all conveniences; north side; owner's home. No children. 34 Haralson avenue, Inman Park.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED.

DELIGHTFUL shady home, three baths, sleeping porch, cheap rent. West Peachtree. Constitution.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ATLANTIC BEACH, Rooks Cottage, Sixth street, in pine trees, away from glare; shaded; $10 per week. Ebony cane, Lamock; two stories fully furnished, except linen; four bed rooms, plumbing, electricity, two screened piazzas, $35 a week, $100 a month. Wire or write Mrs. Rooks, Ebony Cane, 101 Gilmore street, Jacksonville, Fla.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT—September 1, 115 East 11th, between Piedmont Park and Tenth Street Park; has nine rooms, sleeping porch, two baths, furnace heat, garage and three servants' rooms; well arranged for two families, all large, spacious rooms; open grates, large lot frontage. (My former home.)

E. G. BLACK.
501 Fourth National.
Phone, Main 5223-L.

HOUSES
186 PRADO—OPPOSITE ANSLEY HOME; 8 ROOMS, MODERN; GARAGE AND SERVANTS' ROOM. PRICE RIGHT. SMITH, EWING & RANKIN, 130 PEACHTREE.

MRS. F. D. BIVINS, 176 Central Ave.

311 EAST FOURTH—EIGHT ROOMS; FURNACE; NOW BEING DECORATED AND PAINTED. A NO. 1 FROM E V E R Y VIEWPOINT. PHONE 1511.

HOUSES for rent by A. N. Robinson, 623 Candler building. Ivy 1004. Residence, Ivy 1336, 137 W. Baker st., $25; 4-room house, 54 Formwalt st., $13.50; 3 rooms, 25 Hull st., $13.00.

HOUSES, stores, offices and business space for rent. Let us help you find what rent bulletin by mail, or a polite intelligent representative will help you find what you want. George P. Moore, 10 Auburn ave. Atlanta phones: Ivy 2226 and 2227. Atlanta phone 5400.

FOR RENT—Leaving city, my 8-room cottage, with sleeping porch; $20; three rooms now rented $15. Ivy 8592-J.

NICE 7-room cottage on lot 100x200, hot and cold water, bath, gas, electric lights, 20 Johnson ave. Phone Atlanta 5847-A.

MRS. G. A. BEARD, 220 Crew St.

GUY us your rent list giving full description of anything for rent. Call for one or

PRICES ADVANCED IN STOCK MARKET

Belief That Note From Germany Affords Basis for Further Exchanges Created Favorable Impression.

New York, July 18.—A partial check to foreign liquidation, owing to closing of the British war loan subscriptions, opened the way to last week's stock market recovery. The influence of the favorable trade and financial position then reasserted itself.

Munitions to checks were increasingly active. Bethlehem Steel and Crucible Steel were most conspicuous. United States Steel supplied a more effective leadership, however, selling at a higher price than early in June, when the federal court handed down its anti-dissolution decree.

Decrease in freight car surplus must allow for the fact that replacement of new cars is scanty. June's high record consumption of 214,000 bales of cotton by American mills was an item in the industrial news.

Belief that the German note afforded a basis for further exchanges created a good impression. News of the Orduna incident came too late to effect the market. Disputed rights of neutrals still offer possible grounds for anxiety.

British war loan subscriptions to be paid Tuesday will throw the London money market into the hands of the Bank of England. A higher bank rate is suggested with a view to correct New York exchange. Fresh inducement to liquidate Americans would doubtless result.

It is understood that all details connected with a French credit have been completed by United States bankers, and the raising of additional credits here for London is strongly intimated. Foreign exchange was fairly steady, with a marked hardening of remittances to Paris.

Cold Wave (Red Ash) $4.75
Daisy Gem (Block) . $4.50
CARROLL & HUNTER.

Blue Gem---Red Ash Jellico $4.50
Double Screened Nut $3.75
PROCTER'S
Phone Main 1672 Atlanta 1672

WITH THE MOVIES

THE STRAND
TODAY
BETTY NANSEN
—in—
"SHOULD A MOTHER TELL."

THE GRAND
TODAY
LAURA HOPE CREWS
—in—
"THE FIGHTING HOPE."

THE VICTORIA
TODAY
ROBERT WARWICK
—in—
"THE MAN WHO FOUND HIMSELF."

ALPHA
TODAY
"THE BROKEN COIN"
—and—
BILLY BEARD
"The Party From the South."

ALAMO NO. 2
TODAY
ALICE HOLLISTER
—in—
"THE CROOKED PATH."

THE ALAMO NO. 1
The Little Playhouse With a Big Show.
TODAY
NEW FEATURES AND COMEDIES

THE DESOTO
TODAY
UNIVERSAL FEATURES

THE SAVOY
TODAY
"THE BROKEN COIN."

THE ALSHA
TODAY
HIGH-CLASS
PHOTO DRAMAS.

GEM THEATER
MARIETTA, GA.
TODAY
EXCITING DRAMAS AND FUNNY COMEDIES.

THE BONHEUR
DECATUR, GA.
TODAY
(Reliance)—"THE OLD CHEMIST"
(Royal)—"THE JOURNEY'S END"

TRADE REPORTS NOTE STEADY IMPROVEMENT

Many Factors Making for Expansion Are Pointed Out in Bradstreet's Statement.

Bradstreet's report says:

Factors making for expansion multiply. Evidence is provided by such facts as considerable improvement in industrial matters, virtually full movements in finished steel, overtime work in numerous wage-earner lines, smart activity at ship yards, freer distribution of seasonable goods, somewhat surer skies aiding crops, bounteous yields of foodstuffs, better collections, growing scarcity of labor, satisfactory sales of steam coal, absence of strain in money matters at the crop moving season, increased construction of railroads to take care of war orders and some manufacturers' orders, unfavorable weather over a wide area, and at the same time jobbers experience midsummer quiet.

Waiting for Crops.

In some sections forward buying is noted, but in general the disposition is to wait for the crops and for the prospects as to unmatured crops become more settled, and in sections where yields are quite well known, in the winter wheat zone, for instance, the tendency is to wait until the quality of the growth is established, yet would not have harvest having held threshing and movement under a check. Some of the warm weather has come as evidence of unrest in the field of labor, a usual concomitant of a failing supply facing expanding demand. A regular improvement in railway freight tonnage, accompanied by a uniformly heavy movement of passenger traffic, is reported. Building operations are sub-normal, but the strike and lockout in the Chicago building trades having been settled, projects involving $50,000,000 will now go forward. Commercial paper sells freely in the west, but demand for money is not remarkable, and consequently the general supply of commercial funds is largely in while low rates rule. The stock market, which receded early in the week toned up later on, chiefly because of short covering, apparent cessation of foreign liquidation, and a rise in the steel trade and somewhat less concern over pending international political affairs.

BANK CLEARINGS IN UNITED STATES FOR THE PAST WEEK

Bank clearings in the United States for the past week, as reported to Bradstreet's Journal, New York, aggregate $3,337,298,000, against $2,352,584,000 week before last and $1,115,246,000 the corresponding week last year. Canadian clearings aggregate $131,006,000, against $113,645,000 week before last and $162,937,000 in this week last year.

Following are the returns for week before last, with percentages of change shown last week, as compared with the week before:

CITIES	July 15	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$1,895,359,000	8.1	
Chicago	204,930,000	....	3.0
Philadelphia	189,139,000	1.1	....
Boston	163,911,000	2.4	....
St. Louis	74,844,000	....	2.8
Kansas City	64,579,000	20.0	....
Pittsburg	50,945,000	1.2	....
San Francisco	44,312,000	.5	....
Baltimore	34,552,000	....	12.4
Minneapolis	19,176,000	....	24.5
Detroit	33,046,000	22.5	....
Cincinnati	24,871,000	....	.7
Cleveland	25,651,000	22.7	....
Los Angeles	22,600,000	....	4.6
New Orleans	17,342,000	8.6	....
Omaha	16,752,000	27.0	....
Milwaukee	16,495,000	....	10.3
ATLANTA	12,291,000	....	5.1
Louisville	16,426,000	26.2	....
Seattle	13,955,000	....	12.6
Buffalo	11,741,000	....	3.2
St. Paul	13,472,000	12.8	....
Portland, Ore.	13,107,000	....	8.3
Denver	9,560,000	45.6	....
Houston	7,636,000	....	5.7
Richmond	9,670,000	19.1	....
Indianapolis	10,217,000	....	2.9
Providence	8,545,000	....	5.1
Fort Worth	8,260,000	4.2	....
Washington, D. C.	8,450,000	8.5	....
Memphis	6,777,000	....	18.9
St. Joseph	5,738,000	1.4	....
Columbus	7,697,000	6.2	....
Nashville	5,935,000	....	10.6
Albany	5,370,000	....	21.8
Salt Lake City	4,437,000	4.9	....
Toledo	6,700,000	....	14.6
Des Moines	5,310,000	....	1.6
Hartford	6,295,000	.8	....
Duluth	3,856,000	....	19.5
Rochester	4,834,000	....	6.6
Savannah	3,582,000	....	.7
Norfolk	3,503,000	2.7	....
Spokane	3,964,000	6.5	....
Wichita	2,444,000	7.8	....
Macon	2,200,000	....	26.0
Oakland	3,132,000	....	.1
Scranton	2,031,000	11.7	....
Peoria	2,725,000	17.7	....
New Haven	4,463,000	1.0	....
Sioux City	3,173,000	6.9	....
Grand Rapids	3,309,000	2.3	....
Syracuse	2,418,000	14.6	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	2,798,000	12.2	....
Birmingham	2,991,000	21.1	....
Austin	1,706,000	....	24.5
Springfield, Mass.	3,164,000	1.9	....
Worcester	3,045,000	14.5	....
Chattanooga	2,529,000	3.9	....
Knoxville	1,478,000	14.6	....
Dayton	2,459,000	3.6	....
Little Rock	1,982,000	....	13.0
Tacoma	2,051,000	4.6	....
Lincoln	1,678,000	14.6	....
Wheeling	2,010,000	....	13.6
Sacramento	2,126,000	....	1.8
San Diego	1,585,000	6.0	....
Portland, Me.	2,162,000	....	19.5
Reading	2,091,000	4.3	....
Wilmington, Del.	2,124,000	....	....
Knoxville	1,178,000	....	10.6
Charleston, S. C.	1,054,000	....	2.4
Preston	17,939,000	....	6.4
Cedar Rapids	2,013,000	....	6.4
Augusta, Ga.	1,271,000	.8	....
Akron	2,758,000	48.1	....
Wilkes-Barre	1,693,000	....	5.4
Lancaster	1,417,000	....	....
Topeka	1,659,000	....	5.7
Harrisburg	1,781,000	8.0	....
Canton	2,385,000	27.8	....
Tulsa	1,840,000	15.5	....
Youngstown	2,033,000	35.6	....
Davenport	1,331,000	14.8	....
Waterloo	1,541,000	....	1.9
Fort Wayne	1,246,000	....	6.4
Evansville	1,499,000	....	2.4
Mobile	1,527,000	....	18.6
Fall River	1,235,000	....	1.7
Helena	1,291,000	....	11.1
Fargo	1,248,000	21.2	....
Springfield, Ill.	1,226,000	....	3.3
New Bedford	1,201,000	....	1.4
Erie	1,140,000	1.8	....
Sioux Falls	1,076,000	....	2.4
York	1,029,000	5.1	....
Galveston	4,187,000	9.4	....
Total, U. S.	$3,337,298,000	4.7	
Total outside N. Y.	1,442,038,000	.7	

*Week before last.

40,000 TONS OF STEEL BOUGHT FOR TUBE CO.

New York, July 18.—Purchase of 40,000 tons of special steel by the Steel Corporation for the National Tube company was one of the significant developments last week in the steel and iron trade. In June the Carnegie Steel company booked orders for 100,000 tons of round steel bars through the export department of the corporation, and since July 1 similar contracts have been placed with the corporation and independent mills calling for about 50,000 tons of steel rounds.

A Chicago manufacturer has contracted with the Crucible Steel company for 10,000 tons of steel bars to cover the manufacture of 400,000 4-inch shells. An eastern manufacturer has bought 5,000 tons of rounds for shells. Great Britain is about to close for 250,000 8 1-2 to 9-inch shells, calling for 35,000 tons of steel blooms; also for 250,000 6-inch shells and for 1,000,000 3-inch shells, calling for 5,500 tons and 13,500 tons of steel, respectively.

The United States yearly pays $172,000,000 in pensions to old soldiers.

International Complications Fail to Check Confidence in the Future, Says Dun's Report.

Dun's report says:

Constructive factors accumulate and the international uncertainties, while making for caution, fail to check the growth of confidence in the future. With the basic influences still gaining in strength, which more frequently becomes brighter, although apart from industrial lines, progress is not rapid in any direction. It is mainly in sentiment that the general situation continues to reflect uniform and substantial betterment, but in actual commercial transactions there is also concrete evidence of improvement. One feature of this is found in the record of bank clearings, which more frequently show increases in comparison with earlier periods and for the current week are 42 per cent larger than in 1914. To some extent this is due to the expansion in speculative operations at New York, yet the gains in the totals at outside cities indicate a broadening of business in legitimate trade channels. Other statistics are likewise highly favorable, as to condition, the reduction in the number of idle cars last month testifies to more active movements of freight.

Railroad Returns Better.

Returns of railroad earnings are now less disappointing than in June, and expectations of further improvement in this respect are encouraged by the official promise of big yields of grain. The latter also means much to the banking interests, on the other hand, the south is confronted with the problem of finding a market for its present and prospective supplies of cotton, owing to the export restrictions imposed by the war. During June, however, domestic consumption rose to a new high record for the period, although the bullish influence of this was offset by the very heavy stocks held by manufacturers and in independent warehouses throughout the country. Progress in strictly mercantile lines would be more rapid were it not for the recurring spells of bad weather, which tended to retard distributive trade in many sections. More seasonable conditions now prevail, and the lost ground is being regained, while there is manifest a disposition to provide more freely for future requirements. Except for labor disturbances of some importance, notably in the local clothing trades, the industrial outlook is increasingly bright and in iron and steel prosperity is fast returning. Further expansion in production has become a necessary to meet the urgent demands, and, though activity is mainly the result of war orders, domestic buying is gradually enlarging. Business is not uniformly distributed, but there is less irregularity in this respect and the general trend of prices continues upward. Nearly all New England cotton mills are well supplied with contracts and in woolens and worsteds the tendency is toward betterment, while prospects are encouraging to manufacturers of footwear.

UPWARD MOVEMENT IN COTTON MARKET

New Orleans, July 18.—A stiff reaction from the long decline was brought about in the cotton market last week, partly by the efforts of bulls, who worked on more technical grounds, which has been displayed for some time, and partly by the eagerness of shorts for their profits, low point of the decline was reached Monday. Heavy buying followed the break into fresh low ground, and the buying wave acquired momentum as the week progressed, culminating in a sharp bulge late in the session Friday. At the highest of the week prices were 61 to 66 points over last week's last quotations. The close was at a net gain of 54 to 58 points.

After the middle of the week there was considerable talk of a decided improvement in the spot demand, and it was said exporters were doing a fair business for immediate shipment. Of forward business there was none.

As the result of the cleaning out of the weaker short interest and the replacing of it by a long interest, the market this week probably will not be in the strong technical position it occupied at the first of last week. Bulls claim crop news is not as favorable as it was. "The character of weather reports from the belt probably will determine the trend of the sentiment."

It is expected that a considerable number of new bales will be heard from this week, and they may have a sentimental effect on the market, owing to the difficulties which promise to confront the marketing of the growing crop. The trade as a whole appears to feel easier regarding the political situation, but both sides know that new developments of a political nature may at any time completely change the situation.

REGENT THEATER OPENS WITH GOOD ATTENDANCE

The Suburban Amusement company won the unanimous approval of everyone in the vicinity when their new motion picture theater, corner of Peachtree and North avenue, which was formally opened last Monday with a showing of some of the best films offered the amusement-loving public.

During the first week of its existence the theater, which is known as "Mongomery's Regent," did a highly satisfactory business, averaging as near as such an institution in the residence section of the city. The company plans to establish a similar theater in each of the ten wards of the city and to furnish first-class service.

Like the "Regent," all of their theaters will be operated on a high plane and cater to the patronage of the women and children of the neighborhoods in which they are located.

CITY WATER SUPPLY CUT OFF FOR HOURS

Continued From Page One.

the "break" about 9:30 o'clock, about the same time that Chief Cody and Superintendent Rapp arrived.

Workmen are not held in readiness at the pumping station at night. They were quickly gathered in automobiles, and set to work on closing down valves on each side of the break.

Chief Cody realized the seriousness of the situation, and had a special lookout for fires stationed at each station over the city.

The break in the 36-inch main on Fourteenth street was at a point on top of a hill near Kontz street. A hundred yards east toward West Peachtree street work is being done on a sewer, in a deep ravine, and at this point the waterworks officials were expecting trouble with the main for some time to come.

When officials of the Hemphill pumping station realized that there was a big disturbance in the downtown section the city they immediately shut down the huge pumps, and they did not again run until 10:30 o'clock, when all valves on each side of the break had been closed, as well as the valves running off the broken main to side streets and connecting with the city's water system on other streets.

FOUR BLOCKS WATERLESS.

It then required the pumps some thirty minutes to get the pressure high enough to force any water. Ninety pounds pressure was required, although fifty pounds supplied water to some points of the city. There is no water for four blocks between the valves on Fourteenth street.

While the waterworks construction force is replacing the section of pipe which broke danger exists in the event of fire. No extra pressure could be given by the pumping station to the fire lines, as the only pressure the firemen can look for will be from their own engines. The break will be repaired today.

When the main broke on Fourteenth street a regular deluge ensued. Water spurted high into the air, as though coming from a geyser.

The broken section of pipe was removed at an early hour this morning, and a new section will be put in today.

Atlanta presented a Sahara aspect for hours following the bursting of the mains.

The soda water stands did a great business. There was no water in the soda stands, however, to wash the glasses, and the supply of lithia water was quickly exhausted.

Telephones at fire headquarters, the police station, police barracks and The Constitution were kept busy for hours, explaining why Atlanta had no fire protection. Nearly all the calls coming from people there was no big fire anywhere.

The telephone company deserves credit for the manner in which the thousands of telephone calls were handled.

LIGHTING PLANTS.

Independent lighting systems in the city, dependent on city water for generation of their power, were shut down.

Manager Smith, of the waterworks, explained last night that there was no way of switching off the Fourteenth street main when it broke, and giving the city immediate water pressure.

"There are three important mains," said Mr. Smith, "all of which lead from the pumping station on Hemphill avenue. They are the Fourteenth street, the largest, a 36-inch cast iron main; the Marietta and Hemphill avenue mains, each of 30-inch diameter. The entire city water system of mains and subsidiary mains necessarily are connected, making a complete circuit.

"When the dead weight on the pumps told of a break in one of the large mains last night, there was nothing to do but close down the valve just outside of the pumping station on the largest main.

CAUSE OF DELAY.

"So many people called us up out of mere curiosity to know about the water that it was some time before we learned of the locality of the break. Then we had to get the men together. Two additional valves of the 36-inch main had to be closed then, which required some thirty minutes each to close. They were at Kontz and Fourteenth, on one side of the break, and at West Peachtree and Fourteenth, on the other side of the break. Then valves to three side street mains had to be closed to cut out connections with the rest of the city water system before the pumps could be again started.

"When all this was done and the pumps started, it required some thirty minutes additional to fill up the empty water mains over the city before there was any water.

"It was just one of those things that can't be helped, and I hope that no one will be too severe in their criticisms of the waterworks department."

Chief Cody remained ill at ease throughout the night for fear that a big downtown fire might break out. "The city's water pressure won't throw water high enough for many of our buildings now," he said, "and with the water pressure from the mains cut out we will have a hard time tonight and tomorrow throwing water to some place if fire breaks out there."

Floyd Court Convenes.

Rome, Ga., July 18.—(Special.)—The second week of the present superior court will begin here Monday morning, and will be devoted to criminal business. Up to date thirty-two indictments have been returned, one for murder, four for assault with intent to murder, and seventeen—more than half the total—for crimes connected with the sale of liquor.

Five Bathers Drowned.

Chicago, July 18.—Two young women and three men were drowned together today while bathing in Lake Michigan. An under current swept them into a deep hole.

JAPS QUICK TO ADOPT CUSTOMS OF THE WEST

This Was Shown at the Special Session of Diet Just Concluded.

Tokio—(Correspondence of he Associated Press.)—That the Japanese adopt western customs with extraordinary rapidity was strikingly shown in the special session of the diet just concluded. The way the opposition groups joined forces to "heckle" the government would have satisfied the most practical of politicians in the United States or Europe. The violent disorder which marked the sessions exceeded anything in the American congress and nearly approached that sometimes manifested in the French chamber of deputies.

The dominating figure of the session was the new speaker, Saburo Shimada, from many people ragard as the Wendell Phillips of Japan, who is becoming known, also, as the Tom Reed of Japanese parliamentarianism—Phillips because of his lofty ideals and high citizenship; Reed, because of his powerful personality in the house of representatives. Though of slighter build, and but little over five feet in stature, a balance between Reed and Shimada—the passionless face and heavy jowl, while the absolute indifference to parliamentary usage and cavilling method of making a decision and holding to it establishes the parliamentary similitude.

The opposition went about harassing the cabinet in the French style—forcing the hand of the veteran legislator used to all the parliamentary tactics from filibustering, downward and upward. When their resolutions condemning the cabinet for absolute failure in the negotiations with China ended in defeat, they combined their attack on Viscount Oura, the home minister, and charged him with taking a bribe of 10,000 yen to help elect a member of the house of representatives. They have previously filed a suit in the courts in which the minister's name was mentioned and thereby furnished a basis for the parliamentary memorial. Viscount Oura denied the accusation and the resolution was lost, but the incident served to bring out some interesting skirmishes on how Japanese elections are conducted. The money was given, it seems, to a political club, in some cases "as present to the boys," and in others for "legitimate services rendered." Where and how the money was elected, but he had been promised that his opponent would be induced to withdraw altogether. But the opponent in the contest and the contributor was dissatisfied.

After that the opposition combined force which carried the government with interfering unduly in the election and securing the election of its own partisans. They showed their dislike to a firm ruling by Shimada by rushing in a body to the speaker's chair and threatening him. When Shimada ordered the galleries cleared and locked the doors, they rushed through the guards and, finding the speaker's chair vacant, returned to their places as presiding officer. This simple speech so astounded the opposition that they ceased their interruptions. When it was started at Mr. Shimada. That was at the end and the legislators went home.

The press, on the whole, agrees with the remark of the opposition that the session was "the most disgraceful" and "the worse since the establishment of parliament," but it does not blame

MAKE US AN OFFER

We have had consigned with us for sale a 6-room cottage on a corner lot 50x150 feet.

This home is in a splendid residential section, being in West End, on the southwest corner of Oak and Hopkins street, one block from the car line.

Our instructions have been to sell this property for what it will bring. Make us an offer.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR
Loan Agents for the New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.

PROBE WILL BE MADE OF LUMBER INDUSTRY

Chicago, July 18.—The federal trade commission, on its way across country on an investigation of business conditions, will meet here tomorrow to discover facts about lumber industry. The meeting will last two days.

Representatives of all these lumber manufacture associations in the United States have been invited to appear. Statements will be made by R. H. Downman, of New Orleans, president of the National Lumber Manufacturers' association; Charles S. Keith, Kansas City, Mo., president of the Southern Pine association; C. L. Millard, Norfolk, Va., North Carolina Pine association; J. R. Toole, Missoula, Mont., president of the Western Pine Manufacturers' association; E. A. Selfridge, Jr., Willitts, Cal., president of the California Redwood association; George E. Watson, New Orleans, secretary of the Southern Cypress Manufacturers' association; Charles S. Keith, Kansas City, Mo., president of the Southern Pine association; C. L. Millard, Norfolk, Va., North Carolina Pine association; J. R. Toole, Missoula, Mont., president of the Western Pine Manufacturers' association; E. A. Selfridge, Jr., Willitts, Cal., president of the California Redwood association; George E. Watson, New Orleans, secretary of the Southern Cypress Manufacturers' association; Charles S. Keith, Kansas City, Mo., president of the Michigan Hardwood Manufacturers' association; E. S. Hasbrouck, Portland, Ore., West Coast Lumber Manufacturers' association, and C. H. Worcester, Chicago, Northern Hemlock and Hardwood association.

Washington, July 18.—Conferences between the federal trade commission and lumber manufacturers, beginning tomorrow at Chicago, will be part of a general investigation of the lumber industry, according to an announcement from the commission's office today. The commission wants to find out how the timber supply of the country is being utilized, and whether or not normal and healthy conditions exist in the forest using industries."

"As it is situated as described by the forest service," said the announcement, "although logging and forest fires are reducing the timber supply by eighty or more million feet a year, much low grade timber is unmarketable. From a quarter to a third of the material grown in the forests is wasted in manufacture. From this lumberman's standpoint the country seems to be drained of any permanent weakening in the attack of the 45,000 saw mills which are remanufacturing. There has also been much speculation in timber which has tended to enhance timber values and to increase the prices demanded by lumber mills. The development has occasioned more or less belief that prices were being raised artificially."

Condition of Treasury.

Washington, July 18.—The condition of the United States treasury at the close of business yesterday was:

Net balance in general fund $71,051,289.

Total receipts $2,205,479.

Total payments $3,113,572.

The deficit this fiscal year is $13,147,588, against $6,291,051 last fiscal year, exclusive of Panama canal and public debt transactions.

Speaker Shimada so much as the members of the house themselves. Mr. Shimada regretted the noise, but pointed out that the session accomplished much, including the increase of the strength of the army, the repletion of the navy and other things. "I admit," he said, "that the scenes of disorder have been due to my lack of parliamentary knowledge and experience. But I intend to study and next session I shall do better. I hope the better elements will triumph and that next time we shall have peace."

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LODGE NOTICE

Ararat Grotto No. 64
M. O. V. P. E. R.
Ceremonial Announcement

All members and visiting Prophets will please meet at West End Masonic Temple at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Grotto will be constituted and officers installed by Grand Venerable Prophet Anthony F. Ittner. Business session follows. Luncheon for Prophets and Neophytes. Music by Ararat's Orchestra. Specially chartered cars will carry Prophets and Neophytes to Atlanta Theater, where the Order of Veiled Prophet will be conferred in full dramatic form. Everybody must have all applications by noon. Neophytes will present themselves at West End Temple by 5:30 p. m. if possible, otherwise at Atlanta Theater by 7:30 p. m.

Secretary will be at 220 Peters Bldg. today to deliver fez and 1915 card. See him.

JACK D. HAYES,
Monarch.
FRED H. THOMAS,
Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES

FARMER—The relatives and friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Farmer, Mrs. M. E. Farmer, Mr. and Mrs. Will Maddox, Mrs. Eugenia Maddox, Mrs. N. W. Maddox, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Farmer, Mr. and Mrs. J. Farmer, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Farmer, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Farmer are requested to attend the funeral of Mrs. Mary R. Farmer this afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence of Broyles street. Flowers in care of Harry G. Poole. Interment at Hollywood.

STANLEY—The friends of Miss Edna May Stanley and the family of Stanley and Mr. Ira Stanley are invited to attend the funeral services at Mangum's chapel at 10:30 this morning from the Funeral Home of Harry G. Poole. Interment Forest Park, Ga.

COMMERCIAL PAPER

All Notes Payable, Bills of Exchange and Accepted Drafts payable at a future date, are termed Commercial Paper. Good commercial Paper will in the future be, in part, the basis of lending money to membership banks by Reserve Banks. It is likely that the Federal Reserve Bank will require all persons whose paper is offered for rediscount at the Reserve Banks, to file statements which have been certified to by Licensed Accountants.

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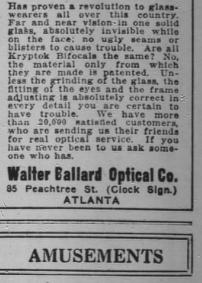

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